The TIMES Goes Everywhere And is Read By Everybody.

Victoria Daily Times.

Therefore an advt. In the TIMES Will Catch Everybody's Eye.

VOL. 16 — VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1892. — NO. 118

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr.

REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL BROKER.

Agent Union Fire Assurance Society of London, Eng.

Eighteen fine Lots on Michigan, Powell and Toronto streets, the very best residential property in James Bay. Reasonable prices and liberal terms.

Lots in Fernwood, Saanich Road, Work Estate, Spring Ridge, and Victoria West. Some good buys in City Lots.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to June 5th next for that magnificent homestead property known as

STEVENS' FARM AND HOTEL (Westwood Farm)

on the Saanich Road, containing 950 acres, more or less, being Sections 63, 64, 75, 76, 77, 91, 102, 103, 105, 106, 107, Lake District.

There are 150 acres under thorough cultivation. A magnificent orchard of about 1000 fruit trees, all bearing. Two-story Hotel and license. Barns, sheds and all kinds of outhouses. There is a living spring stream of water running through the property.

The above magnificent piece of property can be bought on the following easy terms:—One-third cash, one-third two years, one-third five years, at 7% interest.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr. - - 51 Yates Street.

WEST-SIDE.

WE HAVE THE LARGEST STOCK OF LADIES' FASHIONABLE WATERPROOFS AND IMPERIAL SHOWERPROOF DUST CLOAKS IN THE PROVINCE.

The following new styles have lately been added to our Stock:—"The Distingue," "The Scarboro," "The Newmarket Cape," "The Avondale" with detachable cape, "The Pearl," "The Beatrice," "The Empress Frederick," "The Bernhardt," "The Elsa," "The Phyllis," "The Marchioness Imperial," "The Dora Imperial," "The May," "The Marguerite Imperial," "The Fife Imperial," "The Albani Imperial," "The Victoria Imperial," "The Beatrice Fancy Imperial," "The Duchess" and "The Lons[illegible] in black navy, brown, fawn, grey, and large and sm[illegible] room upstairs. Inspection invited.

HEAVY ENGLISH WATERPROOFS IN ROUGH TWEEDS---Very F[illegible]

J. HUTCHESON

STANLEY HO[illegible]

GENERAL DRY GOO[illegible]

Corner of Broad and Yates S[illegible]

JUST RECEIVED

EXPRESS FROM LO[illegible]

ONE CASE

Of the Latest Novelties in

Jackets Black and Colored.

Capes Black and Colored.

Lace Capes

Dust Cloaks

Summer Ulsters

ETC., ETC., ETC.

These goods are all marked at our usual low prices.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO.

L. B. HAMLIN, C.E. and D.L.S.

FRANCIS BOURCHIER, Notary Public, R.E.B

HAMLIN, BOURCHIER & CO.

REAL ESTATE

AND

FINANCIAL - BROKERS

26 Fort Street.

REGISTRY IN THE STATES.

The Scheme May Possibly be Interfered With by the British Admiralty.

Texas Colored Men Organize to Protect Themselves From White Lynchers.

Affairs in Chile---Big Purchase of Canadian Timber---California Republicans.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—A new difficulty faces the Inman steamship company before it will be able to take advantage of American registry for the City of Paris and the City of New York. It is said here that the British Admiralty when it granted a subvention of $525,000 to each steamer to be forfeited in case of change of nationality, reserved a right of absolute purchase of the vessels at stated prices. This right, it is said, has not been relinquished by the British government. If it has not, it is within its power to cripple the company by buying its fleetest steamers. Mr. Fowler of New York, who introduced the American Registry bill, said to day, "I understand that the British Admiralty reserved the right to purchase, but as to the status of the matter now I do not know. The British Admiralty see the inevitable effect of the bill on British shipping, and are willing to do most anything to check it. But other lines are beginning to follow the Inman company's example, and purchase of the two big liners would have only a temporary effect. American shipping is bound to be inspired under this kind of legislation."

The Color Question in School.

NEW YORK, May 14.—A special from St. Louis to the New York World, says: The white boys in the manual training room, a department of the Washington University, have refused to associate with two colored pupils. There was to be a parade on Washington's birthday, but the faculty ordered it abandoned because the white boys declined to march with the negroes. Then the graduating class proposed a trip to Chicago, but it was abandoned because Prof. Woodward remarked that the "negroes must go." Now it is proposed to have the second year boys go to Chrystal City to examine the works there. This morning Frank Atkinson, one of the pupils, rose in his seat and asked Professor Woodward if any negro was going. Professor Woodward replied that one was and Atkin- [illegible] that it was an outrage. [illegible]ys that he invited [illegible]r class the boys who [illegible]t year, and as the [illegible] them he could not [illegible]. The white boys [illegible]ke the trip.

[illegible]et Car Men.

[illegible] May 14.—Every in- [illegible] strike by the Buff- [illegible]ees in a few days. [illegible] three large ballot [illegible]led with ballots by [illegible]uctors last night, [illegible]ote for or against [illegible]eeting to-morrow [illegible]e opened and the [illegible] committee of 18. [illegible]ployed as drivers [illegible]ey now get 14 [illegible]irst three months [illegible]ents after that, [illegible] cents after they [illegible]. But they assert [illegible]oney the com- [illegible]mits a man to [illegible]out being sus- [illegible]im back to 14 [illegible] will ask for 18 [illegible] months and 20 [illegible].

[illegible] Themselves.

[illegible] 14.—It is stated [illegible]s section have [illegible]ization having [illegible]tection of their [illegible]s not only to be [illegible] members of their organization, but to any colored man who may be made the victim of the white man's summary proceedings. The organization was started by a negro who has been prominently identified with politics. A committee of three, known as the "Bloody Three," is at the head of the organization, and it has power to say what punishment shall be meted out to those falling under its disfavor. Any member of the organization who fails to carry out the decrees of the "bloody three," forfeits his life. The idea of the projectors of the organization is to impress upon the whites that they cannot go on lynching negroes with impunity whenever suspicion attaches to them.

MONAVALE FARM.

We have the above for sale in

10, 20 and 30-acre blocks,

Suitable for

GARDENS

CHICKEN RANCHES

ORCHARDS, ETC.

Seven and half miles from P. O., on new West (Saanich) Road.

$30 TO $125 PER ACRE.

SWINERTON & ODDY

Real Estate Brokers & Notaries Public.

N.W. corner of Government and Yates streets. Open in the evenings, 7:30 p.m. ap8

The Cruisers at Portland.

PORTLAND, May 14.—The cruisers Baltimore and Charleston arrived abreast of the city at 10:30 this morning amid the screeching of whistles and booming of cannon. After passing through the first drawbridge the vessels dropped anchor and the Baltimore fired a salute. They were soon surrounded by craft of every description and thousands of people from all parts of the state crowded the bridges, housetops and all available space along the river front. Great preparations have been made for a grand reception tonight. The vessels will probably remain here a week or ten days. They came up the river, 110 miles from the ocean, without difficulty and thoroughly demonstrated that vessels of any class can reach Portland without trouble.

Affairs in Chile.

NEW YORK, May 14.—A cable despatch from Santiago, Chile, via Galveston, Texas, to the Herald, says: Telegraphic communication with Bolivia has been suspended, it is supposed by reason of government censorship. Senor Ricardo L. Trumbull is preparing papers in the Itata case for ultimate presentation to Congress. The request for the confirmation of Senor Gana as Minister to Washington, made to the Cabinet by the Commission Conservatore, has met with no response, and it is probable that the question of his confirmation will now go before Congress.

Brazilian Congress Meets.

RIO JANEIRO, May 14.—After nine days of failure to secure the attendance of the legal number of representatives, a quorum was secured in congress today and the transaction of business at once began. The President's message deals mainly with the recent uprising in the state of Matto Grosso, and the question of the election of a new president is left unchanged. Although the President asks for currency reforms, he offers no suggestions to the desired end. The message is generally regarded as unsatisfactory.

The Mining Bill.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—The executive committee of the California Miners' Association held a meeting on Thursday evening to consider a telegram from the California delegation saying that they would probably get the mining bill through without the appropriation. Telegrams were sent yesterday to Congressmen Felton, Geary, Caminetti and Lutterell, saying that the California miners would oppose the passage of any mining bill without an appropriation.

Republican National Committeeman.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—The question of choice of the National Committeeman was not taken up yesterday at the meeting of the Republican delegation to the National Convention, and it is probable that no decision will be reached until the delegation has gone east. DeYoung is in the fight, but it is not believed that he will be selected. Spence of Los Angeles seems to be favored above all others thus far considered.

Offered a Professorship.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Dr. Amos C. Larner, superintendent of charities for the District of Columbia, has been offered the professorship of political economy in Leland Stanford, jr., University, at a salary of $4000, and will probably accept.

Behring Sea Commissioners.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—President Harrison and Secretary Blaine today decided upon the selection of Justice Harlan, of the Supreme Court, and Senator Morgan, of Alabama, as the two arbitrators for the United States in the controversy between the United States and Great Britain over Behring Sea. James C. Carter, of New York, and a Republican lawyer from the west, will be selected to act as associate counsel with ex-Minister Phelps. The board of arbitration will meet in Paris before next winter. In the meantime the preparation of the case for the United States will be proceeded with.

Mexican Mining Law.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 14.—In the course of a conversation to-day a prominent personage said that the new mining law would positively be passed, the opposition to it being insignificant and proceeding mainly from miners who are jumping claims. The new law, he added, would secure permanent possession to legitimate miners. The survey question continues to be the all absorbing topic here.

The City Must Pay.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—Judge Hebbard to-day denied that the Board of Supervisors must pay $54,015 to John C. Conlin for street work, as directed by act of the legislature. Conlin's suit was a test case, and if the Supreme Court sustains the decision the board will be liable for payment of many similar claims, aggregating about one million dollars.

On a Gold Basis.

HAVANA, May 14.—The dry goods importers have passed a resolution to the effect that all sales will be made on a gold basis only, and that they will refuse to accept silver which, owing to the heavy importations from Spain, is already quoted at from 4½ to 5 per cent. discount against gold in any quantity above $6.

Buying Canadian Timber.

DETROIT, May 14.—A deal was closed at Sault Ste. Marie to-day by which the Perry Lumber Company obtain possession of nineteen square miles of pine, spruce and cedar lands on the Canadian Indian reservation forty miles north of the Soo. The deal involves millions, and will result in logging operations on a vast scale.

A Mayor's Suicide.

BRISTOL, Tenn., May 13.—The dead body of I. C. Bradley, mayor of Point Rock, was found lying on the mountain side near the city this morning. A bullet hole in the right temple and a revolver in his right hand told a story of suicide. Deceased was rejected by a young woman and this is believed to be the cause.

Price of Wheat.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Wheat steady; May, 89¾; June, 90⅝; July, 90⅞; August, 90⅝; September, 90⅝.

CHICAGO, May 14.—Wheat steady; May, 83; July, 83½.

In Favor of the Whiskey Trust.

BOSTON, Mass., May 13.—Judge Nelson, of the United District Court, quashed the first indictment found against the Whiskey Trust officials, Jos. B. Greenhut and others.

An Editor Dead.

BOSTON, Mass., May 13.—Col. Henry G. Parker, editor and publisher of the Saturday Evening Gazette, died this morning of pneumonia.

T. C. CASGRAIN.

A Prominent Member of the New Government of Quebec Province.

Thomas Chase Casgrain, the present Attorney-General of Quebec under Premier De Boucherville, was born at Detroit, Mich., in 1852. He comes of an old French family, the first of whom, Jean Baptiste Casgrain, came to Canada as an officer in the French army in 1752. Several of Mr. Casgrain's relatives have been prominent in politics, his grandfather, Charles Eusebe Casgrain, having being a member of the Lower Canada Assembly and Special Council some time about 1840, and his

father, Charles Eugene Casgrain, of Windsor, a senator of the Dominion. The Attorney-General received his education at the Seminary and Laval University in Quebec, and in 1877 was called to the bar of the province. He enjoys a fine practice, the most notable case in which he has been engaged being that of Riel, when he was of counsel for the crown. He was elected to the Legislature in 1886, and again at the recent general election, after accepting the office of Attorney-General in the De Boucherville Cabinet.

THE QUEEN'S BIRTHDAY.

Programme of the Festivities to be Held at the Two Days' Celebration.

A Grand Time in Prospect for Everybody---Many Splendid Prizes Offered.

A Magnificent Pyrotechnic Display---Destruction of the Spanish Armada.

The programme of sports and games, and the regatta on the 23rd and 24th inst., is as follows:

MONDAY, MAY 23RD.

9 a.m. Baseball match, Beacon Hill, Victoria vs. Tacoma.

10 a.m. Sailing match from Beacon Hill, all boats under 6 tons. First prize, silver flagon, presented by Challoner and Mitchell. Second prize, trophy.

10 a.m. All boats 20 feet and under on the water line. Prize trophy.

11 a.m. Bicycle races.

1. Ordinaries, roadsters only. 1 mile; prizes, 1st, gold medal; 2nd, silver medal.

2. "Kerr and Begg" one mile open championship. 1st prize, gold medal; 2nd prize, silver medal.

3. Green race, one mile, pneumatics barred. 1st, gold medal; 2nd, silver medal.

4. Open 2 miles. 1st, gold medal; 2nd, silver medal.

5. TIMES two mile championship, open to all wheels, handicapped.

Handicapper, C. A. Godson; starter, W. Christie; Referee, C. A. Godson; judge, J. E. Wilson; timekeepers, T. Edwards, W. P. Patterson.

1 p.m. Foot races at Beacon Hill, confined to amateurs.

1. One mile race.
2. Half mile race.
3. Hurdle race, 220 yards.
4. One hundred yards.
5. Boys under 12 years.
6. Girls under 12 years.
7. Half-mile race for the navy.
8. Tug-of-war, open to the navy and "C" battery; prize, $10.

Starter, W. Lorimer; referee, John Braden; timekeeper, T. Edwards; judges, Sir R. K. Arbuthnot and W. A. Ward.

Three entries or no race in all events.

N.B.—Rules of Canadian Amateur Athletic Association to govern all events.

1 p.m. Victoria Athletic Club exhibition, Beacon Hill.

2 p.m. Cricket match, Tacoma vs. Victoria (Albion.)

3 p.m. Lacrosse match; Caledonia Park, New Westminster vs. Victoria. Prize, colors.

Entries must be made to hon. sec. on or before the 20th, and must be accompanied by declaration of amateurship as adopted by the Canadian Amateur Association.

TUESDAY, MAY 24TH.

9 a.m. Baseball match, Beacon Hill, Seattle vs. Victoria, V. A. C.'s, and any unfinished races.

REGATTA.

To be held at the Gorge, beginning at 12 noon.

1. Indian canoe race, 11 paddles, course around the island. 1st prize, $5 per paddle; 2nd prize, $2.50 per paddle.

2. Canoe race (Klootchmen), 9 paddles, ½ mile to stake boat, turn and return. 1st prize, $20; 2nd prize, $10.

3. Four oared dugout, course around island. 1st prize, $20; 2nd prize, $10. Three canoes to enter or no race.

4. Naval cutters race, 8, 10 or 12 oars; course around the island and return. 1st prize, $3; 2nd prize, $1.50; 3rd prize, $1 per oar. Five boats to enter or no 3rd prize.

5. Galley race, 6 oared boats, course around island and return. 1st, $3; 2nd, $1.50; 3rd, $1 per oar. Five boats or no 3rd prize.

6. All comers naval race, any sized boat, any number of men, any number of oars; course around the island. 1st prize, $35; 2nd prize, $15; 3rd, $5.

7. Whalers race, 5 oars, course around the island. 1st, 2nd and 3rd prizes same as Nos. 4 and 5.

8. Punts, decorated, burlesque race in costume, ½ mile, paddles or shovels. 1st prize, $15; 2nd, $10; best decorated punt, $15.

9. Peterborough canoe race, 2 paddles, ½ mile, round stake boat and return. Prize, two gold medals.

10. Peterborough canoe race, single paddle, ½ mile and return. Prize, gold medal.

11. Naval officers vs. civilians, round the island and return. Prize, 5 gold medals.

12. Four oared amateurs, best and best racing boat, open to all amateur clubs on Pacific coast. Course 1½ miles from Point Ellice bridge to barge. Prize, sterling silver cup.

13. Four oared amateur race, open to active militia and permanent corps, 22 foot boats, any boat longer to be handicapped by time allowance, 15 seconds to one foot, course round island. Prize, 5 silver medals.

14. Four oared amateur race, best and best, outrigged, lapstreak, open to all junior amateurs. Course 1½ miles, bridge to barge. Prizes, 5 silver medals.

15. Single scull championship, open to all amateurs, 20 feet and under, course round the island and return. Prize, Crane, MacGregor & Boggs, cup. Winner 1890, W. Watts; 1891, C. D. Desbrisay.

16. Single scull shell, professional championship, course around the island and return. Prize, gold medal.

17. Swimming race, amateurs. Prize, silver medal.

18. Swimming race, professional, post entries, for navy. Prize, $10.

19. Greasy pole, post entries. Prize, $10.

All naval races under naval rules. All entries must be made in writing to the secretary, not later than the 20th inst. Amateurs must enclose declarations of amateurship, according to the Canadian Association of Amateur Oarsmen Rules.

TUESDAY EVENING.

Grand pyrotechnical display at Beacon Hill Park and illumination of the city. The fireworks will include a gorgeous national spectacle entitled, "The defeat of the Spanish Armada."

NEW WESTMINSTER NOTES.

Sensation in a Hotel---A Man Goes Suddenly Insane.

NEW WESTMINSTER, May 14.—W. A. G. Goodchap created quite a commotion at the Farmers' hotel last night. Goodchap who was in the smoking room sprang from the chair and ran about the hotel, saying he would kill anyone who came within his reach. The ladies were frightened and men gave chase. It took five men to hold down Goodchap. He was taken to the police station, and was this morning pronounced insane by physicians.

Vancouver News.

VANCOUVER, B.C., May 14.—Special trains take people to New Westminster this afternoon to attend the lacrosse match, Westminster vs. Vancouver.

The regatta of the Vancouver Boating club takes place this afternoon.

Winch & Port ship another carload of salmon and halibut to-day to New York.

Timothy Keeps Up the Record.

LONDON, May 13.—The Standard this morning says that Timothy Healy has frustrated the renewed efforts supported by the Gladstonian leaders to reunite the warring Irish parties.

CANADIAN NOTES.

News by Mail and Wire From All Parts of the Dominion.

J. C. Crouskill, formerly proprietor of the Halifax Reporter, is dead.

The municipality of South Norfolk has passed the local option by-law.

Beswick's saw mill at Martin's Head, N.B., has been burned. Loss $20,000.

John Carroll, who constructed several sections of the Welland canal, is dead.

R. Sitzers' three-year-old daughter ate a toad stool and died from poisoning.

Le Matin says the rumor of the retirement of De Boucherville is without foundation.

Jones D. Elliott, a farmer in Adjala township, was killed by the upsetting of a wagon.

The body of Michael Kelly, badly bruised about the head, was found in Toronto bay.

Henry Wells, of Kingston, who cut his throat a few days ago, died to-day of his injuries.

John French, employed on the Michigan Central Railway, was killed by a train at St. Thomas.

Wm. Fitzgerald, while assisting in a barn raising in Katesville, near Strathroy, was accidentally killed.

Mrs. Catherine Murray, relict of Jas. Murray, who has lived in the vicinity of Toronto for nearly 75 years, is dead.

The St. Andrew's Society of Toronto, have placed Hon. O. Mowat on the honorary list after 50 years' membership.

The Montreal carter, Labelle, who ran over and killed Constable Rochon, has been rearrested on a charge of murder.

The council of West Selkirk, Man., has granted the Dominion Government a free site for a fish hatchery, provided it is built this year.

Raleigh plains, in Kent county, are inundated by the recent heavy rains. The crops on 4000 acres of land are totally destroyed. The loss amounts to $75,000.

The Montreal Cotton company has increased its capital stock from $800,000 to $1,000,000, which will be divided among the present shareholders in the nature of a bonus.

The returns brought down in the Quebec Legislature show the expenses of the commissioners who went to Europe last year to study the cultivation of the sugar beet, was $11,000.

A dozen Toronto workmen were buried under a brick house, which collapsed while being raised. Peter Adams was killed, J. E. Townsend fatally injured, and the others slightly injured.

The Dominion immigration agent at Winnipeg figures out the arrivals since January at 18,600. The total arrivals of last year were less than 16,000. Five hundred Europeans arrived yesterday and the day before.

The Norwegian steamer Weigerland has arrived at Montreal on its way to Chicago, on an experimental trip. Her cargo will go by rail to Kingston, to permit the vessel to go through the canals, reloading there.

There will be a grand military review in Queen's Park, Toronto, on the Queen's Birthday. The three-days' race meeting on the Woodbine course is to commence on that day. The governor-general will attend.

The Bank of Montreal statements were issued yesterday afternoon. The profits of the year are 11 per cent. This is about one per cent more than the public generally looked for. The statement is considered very satisfactory.

Ex-Premier Harrison has been nominated by Minnedosa Conservatives for the Manitoba Legislature. The Liberals of Beautiful Plains have nominated John Crawford, the late member; and the Liberals of Cypress have nominated A. Doig.

A brakeman on the west bound C. P. R. freight train fell off yesterday before arriving at Strathmore, near Calgary. The engineer, not receiving his usual signal, ran past the siding, colliding with another freight, which was about to run on the siding. The east bound passenger train was delayed eight hours.

After the steamer Campus had loaded her cargo of cattle for the English market at Montreal the government inspector boarded the vessel and ordered seventy head taken off, the required space not having been given the cattle. This means a loss on the trip of $960. The owner of the cattle ordered off will hold the steamship company responsible for the loss.

A prominent farmer of St. Antoine, Chateauguay, named Damose, becoming suddenly insane, tied the end of a rope around a tree, and fastened the other end to his feet. Making a noose of another rope he placed it around his neck and fastened it to the other whiffletree, to which a team of horses was attached. He started the horses and his head was torn from the body.

A rumor is current that the Canadian Pacific Railway will undertake the running of the Intercolonial, and also a line of fast Atlantic steamers. For the yearly sum of $200,000 the company would agree to give complete satisfaction to the city of Halifax and St. John as terminal points in winter, and Quebec in summer. Both the president and vice-president of the Canadian Pacific Railway deny having made or received any such proposition.

Mr. Van Horne, president of the C. P.R., and party, started from Montreal last night in two private cars, for the annual tour of inspection to the Pacific coast. The gentlemen accompanying Mr. Van Horne are: Messrs. R. B. Angus, P. A. Peterson, chief engineer, C.P.R.; W. E. Hertzberg, chief engi- of the Ontario and Quebec division; D. Macpherson, engineer of the Eastern division; Hartland Macdougall, of Macdougall Bros.; Angus Grant, private secretary to Mr. Van Horne; T. E. Kenny, M.P. for Halifax; and J. D. Edgar, M.P., West Ontario. The cars chosen are the Saskatchewan and Earnscliffe. The party will only travel by day, and will therefore take twelve days and nights to reach the coast.

The excursion of the Roman Catholic Archbishops, Bishops and Clergy to the Pacific coast promises to be a grand success, from point of numbers. The excursion was organized by Rev. Father Lacombe, the well-known Northwest missionary, at whose disposal the C.P.R. have placed a special car. The party will leave Montreal at 10 o'clock on Monday evening, made up as follows: Mgr. Duhamel, Archbishop of Ottawa and Rev Canon Belanger; Mgr. Lafleche, Bishop of Three Rivers, and Rev. Mr. Marchand; Mgr. Lorraine, Bishop of Pembroke, and Rev. Mr. Seguin, of Montreal; Mgr. McDonnell, the new Bishop of Brooklyn; Mgr. Brondel, Bishop of Helena, Montana; Mgr. Girouard, Bishop of Athabasca and Mackenzie, with Rev. Father Royer; Mgr. Hamel, of Laval, representing Cardinal Taschereau, with Rev. M. Marois; Rev. Abbe Marechal, V. G., representing Mgr. Fabre, and Rev. M. Auclaine, Cure of St. Jean Baptiste; Rev. Mr. Roleau, Cure of Rimouski, representing Mgr. Blais; and Rev. Abbe Leclaire, Cure of St. Joseph, of Montreal. Judge Routhier, of Quebec, accompanies the party, and will write an account of the journey. The first stop will be made at St. Boniface, where Mgr. Tache will join the party The train will then pull up at Regina. The excursionists go to Prince Albert to meet Mgr. Grandin, and the Metis will organize a grand fete for the occasion. Sunday will be spent in Prince Albert, and pontifical ceremonies in the new church of St. Mary's will be in order. The party then proceed to Kamloops where a stop will be made for two days. Here a congress of all the Catholic Indian tribes of the Northwest and British Columbia will be held, presided over by Mgr. Durieu, Bishop of New Westminster. In connection with the congress, will be a great Indian celebration, including, among other things, tableaux vivants on the prairie, representing scenes in the passion of our saviour. The excursion is then to visit New Westminster, Vancouver and Victoria, and be given receptions at each place. The return to Montreal will then take place, the journey will occupy three weeks.

A ROW IN CORK.

The Parnellites Make a Vicious Attack on Their Opponents.

CORK, May 13.—A large meeting of the anti-Parnellites was addressed this evening by Mr. Wm. O'Brien and Dr. Tanner. Although no effort was made to disturb the speakers and audience during the meeting, the mob gathered in the street, about twenty yards from the spot, and hooted and shouted for an hour before the time for opening. When the anti-Parnellites' procession, led by a band, came down the street, the mob made a rush, hurrahing for Parnell and yelling "Down with the traitors," "Three groans for O'Brien and Tanner," and "Punish the traitors." The anti-Parnellites tried to keep their ranks solid and closed in and around Dr. Tanner and Mr. O'Brien. The crowd made a rush for the speakers, but were driven back. Stones and mud were thrown and several of the mob were struck down. Before the procession could get started again the Parnellites broke into the ranks of the band, pulled away all the instruments and smashed them on the stones. The players fought desperately, catching up stones or using their fists. A constable gave the alarm, and two companies of military were summoned. The soldiers found the whole line of the procession broken and surrounded by the mob. About half of the men were in hand-to-hand fights, and stones and cudgels were flying in all directions. About ten of the most seriously punished were dragged away from the scene and cared for by friends; a score or more were stretched on the ground, although nobody had been dangerously wounded The military drove back the mob, and the procession was re-formed. Without the band, Mr. O'Brien and Dr. Tanner then led the procession on to the place of meeting. Mr. O'Brien spoke amid unusual enthusiasm. He arraigned the other faction for misrepresenting the position of the anti-Parnellites, and for injuring the cause by such ruffianly demonstrations as the ones from which he had escaped. He said the anti-Parnellites had not been working, as their opponents had said, to create a separate party for the general election. Their strenuous efforts to keep the peace, however, had been abandoned, in view of Mr. Tim Healy's opposition and the utterly implacable attitude of their opponents. During the meeting the military and an extra force of constables was retained on duty near by for the protection of the audience and speakers. The mob remained in the neighboring streets yelling and growling and calling upon Mr. O'Brien and Dr. Tanner to come out. After the meeting the military divided the mob so as to enable the audience to pass out undisturbed. Dr. Tanner and Mr. O'Brien were escorted home by constables. No arrests were made.

Britain's Immigration.

LONDON, May 13.—In the House of Commons Mr. Balfour said that the Home Secretary would shortly introduce a bill to restrict the immigration of destitute aliens. Mr. Robert Giffin's report to the Board of Trade on immigrants and immigration shows that the total number of arrivals in this country from continental points for 1891 was 504,445 in all, but there is a two-fold movement going on. The departures from this country to the continent in 1891 was 418,003, thus leaving an excess balance of only 86,442. These figures, however, must be still reduced. In 1891 the number of foreigners who left the United Kingdom on trans-ocean travel was 112,275, the number of those who arrived was 67,107. The departures thus were 65,078 more than the arrivals. The excess number of foreigners remaining in the country is only 21,364. Account has to be taken of seamen who arrived as passengers and go away again as members of the crews of vessels, and who thus appear in the tables on one side only as immigrants and not as emigrants. When allowance has been made for these there remains no more than 11,000 or at most 12,000 as the balance of the arrivals for the year. Of Russo-Polish Jews, about whom the chief scare has been raised, it appears that in 1891 there were only a few hundred settled in the United Kingdom outside of London, and that the number who arrived in London were 9676, of whom four-fifths would remain, and some of these possessed means of their own.

Several new patterns of room mouldings just received by Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street. *

When suffering from toothache try Gibbons' Toothache gum. Sold by all druggists. *

What is the Matter with Rigby?

There is nothing the matter with it. The matter is with you, if you have not provided yourself with one of those wonderful waterproof garments (Rigby proofed) when they are for sale all over this wide Dominion, at prices within the reach of all.

Rigby is made for the classes and masses and is no respecter of persons, keeping the rain off the just and the unjust. Buy one and you will recommend them to your neighbor.

Her Face Her Fortune.

Is commonly said of famous beauties. She who uses with artistic taste Wisdom's Famous Robertine has fortune in the possessing of a complexion to which nothing but the blush of the rose or the freshness of the lily can be compared. This preparation is just what it is claimed to be—the most delightful toilet article and only perfect beautifier known. Read the testimonials from famous artists, celebrated chemists and eminent physicians. D. E. Campbell, agent

A beautiful line of sash curtains in art shades at Spencer's Arcade. *

The B. C. Crofter Scheme.

LONDON, May 13.—Mr. Goschen, the chancellor of the exchequer, stated in Parliament to-day that British Columbia had accepted from Great Britain £150,000 at 3 per cent. to enable the colony to assist in emigrating Crofters to settle in that country, British Columbia. Mr. Goschen said he would soon send delegates to confer with the British Government on the subject of colonization. The work of settling the crofters in British Columbia would be begun as soon as possible, and the House of Commons will be given ample opportunity to discuss the subject.

Miss Lettie Huntley

Is the sister of Mr. W. S. Huntley of Cortland, N. Y., a well known carpenter and builder. Her frank statement below gives only the absolute truth concerning her illness and marvelous recovery by the aid of Hood's Sarsaparilla. She says:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"Dear Sir: Twelve years ago I began to have hemorrhages and four years ago became so low that the physicians told me

There Was No Hope

and I should soon die. I could not be moved from my bed. Under my face were napkins continually reddened with blood from my mouth. **I could eat nothing** and had no action of the bowels for a week. The doctors said the cause was ulcers in the stomach. At this time my mother said she wanted to make one more trial, and asked if I would take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I told her it would be

A Waste of Money

but finding it would comfort her, I began taking it. In a few days the bloating began to subside, I seemed to feel a little stronger, but thought it only fancy. I was so weak I could only take ten drops of Sarsaparilla at first. In two weeks I was able to sit up a few minutes every day. In a month **I could walk across the room.** One day I asked what they were to have for dinner, and said I wanted something hearty. My mother was so happy she cried. It was the

First Time I had Felt Hungry for Two Years

I kept on with Hood's Sarsaparilla and in six months was as well as ever in my life. It is now four years since I recovered, and I have not had a day's sickness since, nor any hemorrhage. If ever a human being thanked the good Lord on bended knees it was I. I know that Hood's Sarsaparilla and that alone, unquestionably **Saved my Life."**

Messrs. Sager & Jennings, the well known druggists of Cortland, say that Miss Huntley "is a highly respected lady; her statement of what

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Has done for her is worthy the highest confidence." **Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills.**

BARNETT'S

1820

BRANDY

IN BOTTLE

Beautifully Mellow

THE FINEST BRANDY SHIPPED.

my11&14

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE

Myrtle Navy

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE

jan13-ly-tu-th-sat

Special Montreal Advertisements.

STEEL RAILS (New & Best Seconds.)

CEMENT, WASTE, STEEL & IRON FILES, ETC. ETC.

WALTER TOWNSEND,

MONTREAL,

AGENT FOR BOLLING & LOWE, LONDON, ENG.

MOTHERS Ask for and see that you get

Dawson's Chocolate Creams,

25c. PER BOX at all Druggists **the Great Worm Remedy.**

Being in the Form of a CHOCOLATE CREAM Children never refuse them.

PRODUCTS OF THE

GRANDE CHARTREUSE

Liquors of the Convent and Elixirs.

Gen'l Agency & Depot

Cie. Gen'le des Bazars.

Selling Agents,

C. A. Choulilou & Cie.

12 & 14 ST. JOHN ST.

Beware of imitations.

Joseph Rodgers & Sons Ltd.

CELEBRATED CUTLERY

TRADE MARK

AGENTS JAS. HUTTON & Co. MONTREAL & TORONTO.

KASLO CITY

The Centre of the Great Kootenay Mining District in B.C.

This young and thriving City is situated on Kootenay Lake at the mouth of Kaslo River, within close proximity to the famous Kaslo and Slocan mines.

The discoveries during the present year of numerous mines of remarkably rich ore and great width on Kaslo river and east of Slocan Lake are well known to the public. They have attracted the attention of capitalists and miners all over the continent, and there is no question that these mines, which are tributary to KASLO CITY, will receive more attention than those of any other section of Kootenay.

A spacious hotel has been built for the accommodation of travelers. Stores and other buildings have also been erected. The townsite is being cleared and streets graded so as to forward the large amount of building that will be in progress as soon as material is secured for construction. A trail has been built to the mines, which will be replaced by a wagon road as soon as the work can be prosecuted. The grade to the mines is an easy one. An application for a charter to build a railway line into the mines from Kaslo will be made at the coming session of the Legislature. Everything is being done that circumstances will permit to give easy access to the mines and furnish supplies for the miners. KASLO CITY will have a large population this summer. It will become the supply depot for the richest mining section yet discovered in British Columbia. Unlike many mountain towns, it is most favorably situated on a gentle slope from the waters of a sheltered bay on Kootenay Lake, and is supplied for domestic and manufacturing purposes, by a large stream of pure cold water.

If you wish to participate in the profits that enchanced values will bring don't fail to invest in Kaslo City. Lots are on sale at the offices of all the Leading Real Estate Brokers in the Province.

IRVING & HAYWOOD, - - GENERAL AGENTS

WILLIAMS' BUILDING, BROAD STREET, VICTORIA.

Call or send for further particulars.

UNION ICE CO.

Are now ready to deliver

ICE

To any part of Victoria, B. C.

Office 44 Broad Street

ALFRED C. ...

Telephone 490 Manager.

THE ABOVE CUT SHOWS

ROBINSON'S PATENT REVERSIBLE SWEEP LEVER PERPETUAL PRESS

With Patent Double Condensing Hopper.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, 61 Yates St., Victoria,

Send for Circulars and Price Lists. SOLE AGENTS for British Columbia

Fine Oak Bedroom Suites, Sideboards, Hallstands, Secretaries, Tables,

Beautifully Carved and Polished.

A carload latest designs just received.

WEILER BROS., 51 to 55 Fort St.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made at the next sitting of the Licensing Board for renewal of Hotel Janion liquor license.

WALKER & REINHARDT.

m5-1m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Licensing Commissioners for a transfer of license held by me, to Benjamin Carter, to sell wines and other intoxicating liquors upon the premises known as the St. George's Inn, Esquimalt road, in the city of Victoria, B.C.

Dated this 7th day of May, 1892.

my7-1m (Signed) WILLIAM McDONALD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that it is our intention to apply to the Licensing Court in and for the City of Victoria at its next sittings for a transfer to James Munger of the city of Victoria, of the retail liquor license held by us for the premises situate at the north east corner of Yates and Broad streets, in the city of Victoria, on portion of city lot number four hundred and twenty three and known as the Mirror saloon.

Dated the 5th day of May, 1892.

JAMES MUNGER.

may5-1m A. G. BLACK.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, sitting as a licensing court, at its next sitting, for a transfer of the license to sell wines and other liquors on the premises known as the London Hotel, situated on Lot 424, Block 2, City of Victoria, B.C., from Charles John Phillips per W. J. Phillips administrator, with the will annexed, to Charles Frederick Jackson.

W. J. PHILLIPS,

Administrator with the will annexed of Charles John Phillips, deceased.

Witness:—

E. M. ROSENTHAL.

Victoria, B.C., May 3rd, 1892. my4-1m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Licensing Court at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Garvin of my license to sell liquors by retail on the premises situated on the east side of Government street, between Yates street and Trounce avenue in the City of Victoria, on portion of City lot Number 165 and known as the Nickel Plate Saloon.

Dated the second day of April, 1892.

my2-1m ARTHUR FOX.

To the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Victoria:

TAKE NOTICE that I intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners at their next sitting for a transfer of my license of the Market Exchange Hotel, 99 Fort street, to Joseph T. Pearce,

may5-1m T. F. SINCLAIR.

To the Board of Licensing Comisioners:

I THE UNDERSIGNED, Charles Frank Collins of "The Turner" Douglas street, in the city of Victoria, hereby give notice that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held on Wednesday, the 8th day of June next, for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer, and other fermented and intoxicating liquor by retail in a certain building used or intended to be used for a hotel and containing upwards of 30 rooms and which said building is known as "The Turner" and is situate and built on lot 419, block 13, in the city of Victoria at the corner of Douglas and View streets in the said city of Victoria.

Dated this 5th day of May, 1892.

m5-1m CHARLES FRANK COLLINS.

BRITISH BARQUE

"ARIADNE"

Capt. George Croot,

From London.

NEITHER the Master nor the undersigned will be responsible for any debts contracted by the officers and crew of the above named vessel.

ROBERT WARD & CO., Limited Liability, Consignees "Ariadne."

76 Wharf street, Victoria, May 5, 1892. m5-1m

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE

British Bark Lizzie Bell, Capt. D. Lewis

THIS VESSEL IS DISCHARGING CARGO at our wharf. Consignees are requested to present bills of lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight, and receive delivery orders for their goods.

All goods remaining on the wharf after 5 p.m., each day, and while on the wharf, will be at the risk of the consignees thereof, respectively, and may be stored at their expense.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.

Consignees of Vessel.

Victoria, 9th May, 1892. my9-6t

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between James Munger and Alexander G. Black trading under the style or firm name of Munger & Black at the Mirror saloon, Victoria, as saloon keepers, has been dissolved by mutual consent as from the 5th day of May, 1892. James Munger assumes all the assets and liabilities of the late firm.

Victoria, 5th May, 1892.

JAMES MUNGER,

A. G. BLACK.

Witness: William Duck. may5-10t

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP hitherto existing between James D. Hall and Skene Lowe, carrying on business as photographers in the city of Victoria, under the firm name of Hall & Lowe, and in the city of Vancouver under the firm name of "The Vancouver Photo Company," has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

Dated the 30th day of April, A.D., 1892.

JAMES D. HALL.

Witness: SKENE LOWE.

W. H. LANGLEY,

Notary Public.

The business of Hall & Lowe will henceforth be carried on by Mr. Lowe, and that of The Vancouver Photo Company by Mr. Hall.

my3-2w

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP hitherto existing between Messrs. Berryman and Andrews, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. R. H. Berryman will continue the business, known as the Occidental Hotel, and will pay all bills owed by the above named firm. All those indebted to the house will please pay the same to R. H. Berryman.

Victoria, May 2, 1892. R. H. BERRYMAN

m3-tf R. C. ANDREWS

NOTICE.

Mr. Frank Haels is no longer in the employ of the Pacific Asphalt Company. Parties requiring work done, will please apply at the office of the company, 20 Broad street.

PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.

J. E. CRANE, Sec.-Treas. ap27-1m

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I intend to apply, at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria, for the transfer of the license to sell intoxicating liquors by retail, held by me for the premises situate on the corner of Store and Discovery streets, Victoria, known as the Western Hotel, to George Walker, of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, 2nd May, 1892.

my3-1m A. C. McALPINE.

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,

Strawberry Vale Farm

Victoria Dec. 11, 1890. de12-tf

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that application will be made to the Licensing Court at its next sitting for a transfer to William Gordon Stevenson, of our license to sell liquors by retail on the premises situate on the south-east corner of Douglas and View streets in the city of Victoria, on City Lot 410.

Victoria, 25th April, 1892.

D. D. LUSES.

ap29-1m GEO. BADGLEY.

Eastern Tailor-made Suits to measure, a specialty.

A splendid assortment of samples to select from. Fit guaranteed.

Best Assortment. Lowest Prices

MEN'S AND BOYS' SUMMER SUITS

B. WILLIAMS & CO. 97 Johnson Street.

FANCY DRESS BALL.

Mrs. Dickenson's Dancing Class Gives a Very Pretty Exhibition at Assembly Hall.

The fancy dress ball, held at Assembly Hall last evening by Mrs. E. Dickenson's children's dancing school, was a grand success, the large hall being crowded with children in bright costumes, while the ladies and gentlemen present occupied every seat around the hall. The children's costumes were all quaint and pretty, and when grouped together in the grand march made a very pretty picture. The music was supplied by Haynes' orchestra, which about 8:30 struck up the grand march. Those who took part in it were:

The Misses Bertha Wilson, M. J. and R. Sylvester, Clements, Susie Spring, Ada Askew, Mamie Fell, L. Tugwell, M. and F. Gowen, G. Dunlevy, B. and C. Pope, Edith Byrne, Genevieve Grant, Louisa and A. Marboeuf, M. Patton, Magurn (2), Emma and Dolly Sehl, Lottie McDonald, A. Morris, Bertha Muirhead, Milley Newby, Kattie Lettice, Annie Reast, Maude Booth, Hilda Harris, Violet Vernon, Ethel Brown, Winnie Wilson, L. Wooley, C. Glassey, Kitty Johnson, Blanche Richards, Frances Morse, Alice Moss, M. McKay, Mary McKay and Roberts.

Masters Walbey, T. Patton, H. Hartnagel, O. Hartnagel, T. Hickey, J. Kirschberg, C. Sylvester, C. McMicking, Robert McMicking, George Kurtz, Donnie Kurtz, Rex Harris, B. Vernon, Jack and Darrell Hanington, C. Harris, G. Brown, Bruce Irving, Nipsie Gowen, George Verrinder, Lloyd Dickenson, D. Kent, S. Magurn, Walter Story, W. Fletcher, Robert Fell, S. Moss, Reg. Hayward, J. E. McKay, George and Harry Dickenson.

The little ones went through the grand march gracefully, giving evidence of how well they had been taught.

The rest of the programme was as follows:

Lancers.
Polka.
Waltz.
Sailor's Hornpipe—Bruce Irving.
Tambourine Dance—Miss Kitty Johnson and Miss Frances Morse.
Berlin.
Polka Quadrille.
Sailor's Hornpipe—George Verrinder.
Minuet de la Cœur—By 16 pupils.
Maypole Dance—By 24 pupils.
Comus.
Cachuca—By Miss Flo. Gowen.
Swedish Wedding Dance—By 20 pupils.

The three ordinary dances with which the evening's amusement opened were well danced, the smallest tots knowing the steps and going through them correctly.

The sailor's hornpipe was well danced by George Verrinder and Bruce Irving, both boys receiving well deserved applause.

Misses Kittie Johnson and Frances Morse danced the tambourine dance very prettily, the numerous steps being perfectly known by both little tots.

The Spanish dance, Cachuca, one of the hardest dances to go through, was done credit to by Miss Florence Gowen. She danced very gracefully and went through the difficult and numerous motions without a hitch. She was loudly applauded and responded by again performing the latter part of the pretty dance.

The Berlin was lead by Master C. McMicking and Miss May Gowen and the minuet de la coeur by Master L. Hartnagle and Miss F. Gowen. Master H. Dickenson and Miss Clements led the Swedish wedding dances. These three events were splendidly danced by the pupils.

The May pole dance by 24 pupils was was also very pretty, and like the other events on the programme was well performed.

After the little ones had so successfully completed the programme they were entertained at supper, the hall being then taken charge of by the older dancers, who completed a programme of twelve dances and the usual extras before they departed for home.

The event was undoubtedly the grandest of the kind ever held in the city, the parents of the pupils having spent a good deal of time and pains on the children's costumes.

Keppler's Fortunes.

Gus Williams, the German dialect comedian, will begin an engagement on Monday, May 16th, for two nights only at the Victoria Theatre, in his reconstructed "Keppler's Fortunes," a domestic comedy with a plot. It is one of those simple domestic stories one always likes to hear. The star takes the part of an honest old German-American butcher, who has a wife with a double-edged tongue and two pretty daughters. He is in financial straits, when he suddenly comes into a fortune left by his brother. Riches spoil the honest old butcher to some extent, but not his honesty. By accident he discovers that a girl, whom he has engaged as a companion for his younger daughter, is his brother's grandchild, and the heiress to his brother's fortune. No one knows this but himself, but after a short struggle with his conscience he reveals the truth to the girl and relinquishes the fortune. Everything turns out well for the girl, and for the honest butcher and his family; the only villain in the piece dies a natural death after making restitution to old Keppler. With this sum he starts another store on a grander scale, a wiser and happier man. There is always a humorous turn to his remarks, keeping the audience in a perpetual state of laughter. There is evidence of the star's handiwork all through the piece; in fact there is hardly a performance given of the play that a humorous speech or bit of by play is not added. Mr. Williams is a wit, and, though always interpolating funny lines, never resorts to what is known as "guying."

Eli on Hellenic Humor.

"Two-thirds of the fun that happens in this world," said Eli Perkins, in his Williams College lecture, "is spoiled by the men who try to write a description of it. The attempts at wit and humor in our school and college rhetorics are enough to make the student want to kill himself. Even our translations of the wit and humor of Greece and Rome are so wretchedly done that the jokes are butchered. To-day I have been reading the old jokes of Æschines, Diogenes, Plato and Aristippus in the original Greek. I find their wit, instead of being insipid, as the translators make it, can be rendered as bright and laugh-provoking as our modern fun. Aristippus, a pupil of Plato, and afterward a brother teacher in Athens, seems to have said the brightest things." Eli Perkins will lecture this evening at the Victoria Theatre on the "Philosophy of Wit and Humor." He is well worth hearing and knows most of what there is to know about fun, ridicule, humor, wit and all the laugh-moving family. People who think it sinful to smile and a crime to laugh should not go, as they will have a heavy account to settle with their conscience after the performance.

Will be a Good Show.

The performance to be given by the members of St. Saviour's church, Victoria West, on Monday and Tuesday evenings, will attract a large attendance from the city. The talented amateurs have their parts down to perfection and can give an entertainment worthy of a professional troupe. Every arrangement has been made for the comfort of those who attend, and there will be ample vehicular conveniences after the performance for visitors from the city. The two plays to be presented each night are "The Yankee Peddler," a farce in three acts, and "Among the Breakers," a drama in two acts.

"I Am So Tired"

Is a common exclamation at this season. There is a certain bracing effect in cold air which is lost when the weather grows warmer; and when Nature is renewing her youth, her admirers feel dull, sluggish and tired. This condition is owing mainly to the impure condition of the blood, and its failure to supply healthy tissue to the various organs of the body. It is remarkable how susceptible the system is to the help to be derived from a good medicine at this season. Possessing just those purifying, building-up qualites which the body craves, Hood's Sarsaparilla soon overcomes that tired feeling, restores the appetite, purifies the blood, and, in short, imparts vigorous health. Its thousands of friends as with one voice declare "It Makes the Weak Strong."

Fireproof and Waterproof.

It is apparently a question of only a short time when all our garments will not only be fireproof, but waterproof also. It was about a year ago that one of our great Eastern manufacturers placed fireproof curtains on the market, and these goods are now becoming staple. Indeed, it is only a question of time when none other than fireproof curtains will be found in our homes. It is well known that within the last year or two most of the leading theatres submit their scenery to a fireproofing process, and in our opinion the law should compel every theatre to do so. If a method of fireproofing shall be devised, as now seems probable, which shall be applicable to every kind of fabric, the danger from fires in the house will be reduced to a wonderful degree.

The waterproofing of every class of fabric seems now to be an established fact. We have examined a large number of samples of dress goods of the better class which have undergone the Melissa process, and we must say that it appears to be a complete and practical solution of the problem of waterproofing, and no one can detect that there has been anything done to the fabric. Without altering the character, color, appearance, porousness, or odor of the goods, the treatment enables the fabric to resist any rain or prevent its absorption.

When these two great processes shall have become of universal adoption, it will almost work a revolution in the modern dry goods business. The enormous insurance rates now paid by dry goods houses will be reduced to a minimum. Losses of life and property by fire will be greatly reduced in hotels, theatres and private dwellings. At the same time the sickness and death resulting from exposure to rain and snow should be greatly lessened. For children and persons whose duties call them near open fires, a fireproof garment would be invaluable.

There is no reason why the waterproofing process should not immediately be applied to outing garments, etc., while every woman who is searching for curtains, or other household goods, should now give her preference to those which she knows will not be responsible for a conflagration in her house.—Chicago Dry Goods Reporter.

The Union Ice Co. are now ready to deliver pure, wholesome ice to all parts of the city, at reasonable prices. Office, 44 Broad St. Tel., 490. A. S. Donan, manager.

Curtain tongee drapery, very rich and silky in appearance at a low price, at Weiler Bros.

The latest designs in chenille curtains and portiers at greatly reduced prices at the Arcade.

Razors, strops and complete line of shaving materials at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.
Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

CURTAINS CLEANED.

NO MORE RAGGED CURTAINS. Have your lace curtains cleaned equal to new by French system. Reasonable rates, according to size. Those wishing curtains called for, please send postal to MRS. McLEAN, No. 24 Rithet St
mh31-1m

Argyle House

HOUSE CLEANING.

Special Value —IN— LACE CURTAINS.

2½ yards long, at 50c per yd.
2½ yards long, taped and scalloped, 65c a pair.
2½ yards long, taped and scalloped, 75c a pair.
3 yards long, taped and scalloped, $1.00 a pair.
3 yards long, taped and scalloped, $1.25 a pair.
3 yards long, taped and scalloped, $1.50 to $2.00.
3½ yds long, extra fine and wide, $2.00 to $4.00.
4 yds long, extra fine and wide, $3.00 to $5.00.

We have also a large assortment of Art Muslins.

J. Horner & Co.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS:
An opportunity to buy first-class
Sewing Machines for $40.00
as we employ no canvassing agents.
OUR PIANOS
Are Unsurpassed for Quality and Price
—AT—
THOS. W. FLETCHER'S
37 FORT STREET. ap13-1m

TENDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED for the right to sell refreshments on Mr. Yates' property, situate on the east of Victoria Arm, on the 24th May.

Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Apply to

BEAUMONT BOGGS,
my11-td Hon. Sec'y.

NOTICE.

Applications for the position of Principal of the Victoria High School, salary $1500 per annum, will be received by the undersigned until July 12th next.

B. WILLIAMS,
Secretary
Victoria City School Trustees.
Victoria, B.C., May 11th, 1892.

THE GREATEST NOVELTY OUT:
Kenyon's Patent Vehicle

For merchants' and butchers' delivery carts it has no equal. Persons desiring can see one by calling at John Meston's carriage factory, Nos. 67 and 69 Broad street, Victoria, B.C.

All orders for Kenyon's Patent Vehicles must, until further notice, be addressed to J. G. Kenyon, care of John Meston, Victoria, B.C.

J. G. KENYON, Patentee.
Victoria, May 7, 1892. my9-1m

Save Money
Save Time
Save Trouble
By leaving your orders for repairs, alterations, or any other carpenter work with
J. P. Burgess,
10 Broughton St.

"THE GLOBE"
Oyster and Chop House
42 YATES ST., VICTORIA.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
VINCENT & COLBROOK, Proprietors.

NO. 158.

A BY-LAW

To amend the Buildings By-Law.

WHEREAS IT IS EXPEDIENT to further amend the Buildings By-Law.

Be it therefore enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria:

Sec. 1.—Section 20 of the Building By-Law, and the Building By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1890, are hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof the following shall be read:

FIRE LIMITS.

20.—All that portion of the City which is within the line next hereinafter described, shall be known as the Fire Limits, namely:

Commencing at a point on the shore line of Victoria Harbour, opposite the northwesterly corner of Lot 488, Block F; thence easterly to the centre of Store street; thence northerly along the centre of Store street to a point opposite the centre of Herald street; thence easterly along the centre of Herald street to the point of intersection of the centre lines of Douglas street and Herald street; thence southerly along Douglas street to the point of intersection of the centre lines of Douglas street and Fisguard street; thence easterly along the centre of Fisguard street to the point of intersection of the centre lines of Fisguard street and Blanchard Avenue; thence southerly along the centre line of Blanchard avenue to the point of intersection of the centre lines of Blanchard avenue and Pandora avenue; thence easterly along the centre line of Pandora avenue to the point of intersection of the centre lines of Pandora avenue and Blanchard street; thence southerly along the centre line of Blanchard street to the point of intersection of the centre lines of Blanchard street and Rae street; thence westerly to the point of intersection of the centre lines of Rae street and Douglas street; thence southerly along the centre line of Douglas street to the northwesterly corner of Lot 210; thence along the western boundary of Lot 210 to the shore of Victoria Harbour; thence following the shore line of the said harbour northerly to the place or point of commencement.

Sec. 2.—Section 22 of the Building By-Law and Section 1 of the Building By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1889, and the Building By-Law Amendment By-Law No. 2, 1889, are hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof the following shall be read:—No addition to or alteration of any wooden building within the fire limits shall be made.

Sec. 3.—This By-Law may be cited as the "Buildings By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1892."

Passed the Municipal Council the 4th day of May, 1892.

Re-considered and finally adopted by the Council the 6th of May, 1892.

[L.S.] (Sd) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 6th day of May, A.D. 1892, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NO. 159.

A BY-LAW

With reference to Blanchard Street Extension, Victoria Crescent and McClure Street.

WHEREAS IT IS EXPEDIENT to extend Blanchard street and improve Victoria Crescent and McClure street; and

Whereas in every municipality the council may from time to time make, alter and repeal by-laws for opening, making, preserving, improving, repairing, widening, altering, diverting or stopping up streets, etc.

Sec. 1.—It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria to open, extend, grade, make, improve, and repair Blanchard street from Burdette avenue to Victoria Crescent.

Sec. 2.—It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria to open, extend, grade, make, improve, repair, widen, and alter Victoria Crescent from Burdette Avenue to Churchway.

Sec. 3.—It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria to open, grade, make, improve, repair, widen, and alter McClure street from Victoria Crescent to Vancouver street.

Sec. 4.—Blanchard street extension is described as commencing at a point on the southern boundary of Burdette avenue, six hundred and sixteen feet seven inches westerly from the northeast corner of block 4, Christ church trust as shown on a map plan of the Christ church trust estate deposited in the Land Registry office Victoria, on the 19th day of February, 1877, and known as plan No. 35. Thence in a straight line south easterly to the northern boundary of Victoria Crescent; the contained angle formed by the southern boundary of Burdette avenue and the said straight line being seventy five degrees and thirty nine minutes. The aforesaid straight line shall be the eastern boundary of Blanchard street extension, which extension shall be sixty feet wide and shall extend from the south boundary of Burdette avenue to the north boundary of Victoria Crescent.

Sec. 5.—Victoria Crescent shall extend from Burdette avenue to the Churchway, and its general width shall be sixty feet, except where it widens out and curves the angles in making its junctions with Burdette avenue, McClure street and Churchway.

Sec. 6.—McClure street from Vancouver street to its junction with Victoria Crescent shall be sixty feet wide.

Sec. 7.—This by-law may be cited as the Blanchard street Victoria Crescent by-law, 1892.

Passed the Municipal Council the 4th day of May, A.D. 1892.

Reconsidered and finally adopted by the Council the 6th day of May, 1892.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.
May 10.

NOTICE.

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WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NO. 160.

A BY-LAW

To amend the Market By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1892.

WHEREAS it is desirable to amend Section 4 of the said by-law;

Therefore be it enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

(1.)—Section 4 of the Market By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1892, is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof the following shall be read:

4.—Section 38 of the Market By-Law is hereby repealed, and the following section substituted therefor:

(38.)—All household bread manufactured by any person in the City for sale or offered for sale or sold in the City, shall be of good wholesome flour or meal; and shall be made into loaves, each of full weight, respectively of 1½ pounds, 3 pounds and 4½ pounds, and each loaf shall be marked with a number indicating its true weight. The term "household bread" shall imply all bread, except cream loaves, when one or more loaves are baked in a tin or pan. All other kinds, namely, currant loaves, cream loaves, and all shapes not baked in a tin or pan and having a crust all round to be termed "fancy bread," and not to come under the meaning of this section.

Section 2.—This by-law may be cited as "The Amending By-Law, 1892, to the Market By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council the 4th day of May, 1892.

Reconsidered and finally adopted by the Council the 6th day of May, 1892.

[L.S.] (Sd) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

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WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NO. 161.

A BY-LAW

For Establishing and Maintaining a Home for the Aged and Infirm

WHEREAS UNDER and by virtue of subsection 16 of of section 104 of the Municipal Act 1892 it is enacted that in every Municipality the Council may from time to time make by-laws for granting aid to charitable institutions and for the relief of the poor and for erecting, leasing or establishing and maintaining a poor house or house for the aged and infirm either within or without the Municipal limits for disabled or decrepit persons;

Be it therefore enacted by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria by resolution or by by-law or by either or both to grant sums of money out of the annual revenue from time to time to pay for erecting, repairing, leasing, or furnishing premises and paying rent and insurance and maintaining and providing for a home for the aged and infirm and for such persons as may be employed in the management and care thereof or who may be admitted therein and for such other purposes as the Council may decide.

2. The Corporation may by resolution appoint a manager or caretaker for the home and such other persons as may be deemed necessary and may fix and pay their salaries.

3. It shall be lawful for the Council by resolution to admit such persons as are 50 years of age or more and who have resided in the city for a period of 15 years and in the province 20 years prior to their application for admission as there may be accomodation for and who have been recommended both by the Mayor and by the standing committee after careful investigation and report in writing, subject, however, to examination and certificate from the Medical Health Officer as to their physical inability to earn a livelihood and as to their being mentally sound and free from infectious or contagious, or loathsome diseases, and subject also to such other rules or regulations as may be provided from time to time.

4. All pensioners of the Imperial or other service shall sign an order to pay over their pension to the Corporation of the City of Victoria prior to their admission to the Home.

5. All persons who have an income or who are the owners of real or personal property shall assign or transfer the same to the Corporation prior to their admission to the Home.

6. The standing committee for the Home may from time to time make such rules and regulation for its management as they may deem proper, subject however to the approval of the Council and the conditions of the Municipal act, and the by-laws in force for the time being.

7. It shall be the duty of the standing committee to advertise for tenders for the supplies necessary for the purposes of the Home and to report to the Council upon the tenders received.

8. It shall be the duty of the standing committee in all cases to report whether an applicant for admission to the Home has any relatives in the province capable of aiding or providing for his support.

9. It shall be lawful in cases of emergency for the Mayor, or for the standing committee with the sanction of the Mayor, to take such action as may be deemed necessary in connection with the Home subject to the conditions of sub-section C of section 21 of the Municipal Act, 1892.

10. It shall be the duty of the Medical Health Officer to examine applicants for admission to the Home and report the result of such examination to the Mayor.

11. All orders for admission to the Home shall be signed by the Mayor or other person acting in that capacity for the time being.

12. All donations or bequests of money in aid of the erection of a home for the aged and infirm shall be paid to the Treasurer of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, and prior to the commencement of the erection of the building shall be deposited by him to the credit of a building fund in such financial institution and at such rate of interest as may be approved by resolution of the Council.

13. This by-law may be cited as "The Poor House By-Law, 1892.

Passed the Municipal Council the 4th day of May, 1892.

Reconsidered and finally adopted by the Council the 6th day of May, 1892.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE
Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.

Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address

THE APHRO MEDICINE CO
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists Corner of Yates and Douglas streets,
au29 Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria

PERFECTLY RESTORED!

"I intended to let you know results of treatment, but thought I'd best wait, and after five months I must say, that I am thoroughly satisfied that I was perfectly restored to health, both as regards physical and nervous vigor, and I may also say, that I am engaged at work for the last five months, which I never could have stood but for your treatment."

The original of above letter is on file in our office. It is No. 81 in a collection of over 2,000 similar letters from actual patients. We have a

A POSITIVE CURE

For Lost or Failing Vitality; General and Nervous Debility; Weakness of Body and Mind, Effect of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young, How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment — Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States, Territories and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
7 BUFFALO, N.Y

KEELEY INSTITUTE OF WASHINGTON

ARE YOU A DRINKING MAN?
ARE YOU ADDICTED TO THE USE OF OPIUM?
ARE YOU AN EXCESSIVE USER OF TOBACCO?

If you have one of these habits and wish to be cured of it.

DR. LESLIE E. KEELEY'S BI-CHLORIDE OF GOLD

Remedies will cure you without suffering, and with very great benefit to your general health.

DO YOU DOUBT IT?

It has been done for men in your own city whom you can see and talk with.

For further information call on or address

A. H. HOOPER, RESIDENT AGENT,
38 Johnson street, Victoria, B.C.

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER MAY 7th, the Victoria Lithograph Co., corner Yates and Government street, will close on Saturdays at 12 o'clock. my2-2w

BELYEA & GREGORY,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.
OFFICE:
White House Block, Victoria, B. C.
P. O. BOX 683.

SING :: KEE
INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.
All kind of Chinese Labor supplied at Shortest Notice.
Contracts Taken.
24 HERALD STREET, - - - - VICTORIA, B.C.
f.13-3m

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head, three lines or under, two insertions, FREE. This applies only to men or women, boys or girls, looking for situations.

SITUATION WANTED—As invalid's or infant's nurse, or housekeeper, by English woman. Experienced; good references. Address C. Wood, 10 Blanchard street. my13-2t

YOUTH, aged 18, wishes situation of any kind. Address B., TIMES office. my11

ERRAND BOY—Boy wants a situation as errand boy. Address D., TIMES office. ap28

MENDING OR MAKING—Sewing wanted by the day or at home. Address Needle, 93 Niagara street.

YOUNG man wants employment in any capacity. Can make himself generally useful. First-class cook and good scholar. Apply to B.S.J., care TIMES office.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Canvasser for fire and life insurance office. Address P.O. Box 52. my13-2t

WANTED—A servant girl for general house work, who understands cooking. Apply at 30 Michigan street. my13-tf

WANTED—A servant girl for general housework. Apply at 122 Yates street. m11-4t

WANTED—General servant for small house. Apply from 10 to 2. Mrs. Bartell, Esquimalt. a27-tf

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board. 10 Blanchard street. my12-3t

PIANOS TO RENT—Apply at 76 Princess avenue. my10-2w

HOUSES:—
On Amphion street, $10.
On Parry street James Bay, No. 21, $20.
On Vancouve street, $18.
On King's road, No. 18, $20.
On South Turner St., James Bay. No. 44 $20.
On Labouchere street, $21.
On Bellot street, $21.50.
On Belcher avenue, $25.
On Vancouver street, $25.
Offices, stores and sample rooms.
Apply to CRANE, MCGREGOR & BOGGS.

TO LET—A 2-story house, furnished, within three minutes' walk of Beacon Hill; for six months, from 15th April to 15th October. For further particulars apply to Hall, Goepel & Co., 100 Government street. fe19-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

TO BE SOLD—A general fishing outfit, consisting of three large and strongly-built boats with centre-boards, seine, ropes, and all other necessaries. Apply to S. Clay, 114 & 116 Johnson street. my12-1m

WE offer the following bargains:—
House, Quadra street, 5 rooms, rented $. Price $1600.
House, First street, 4 rooms. Price $1200.
Chicken ranch, 5 acres, long terms. Price $750.
Two lots, Jessie street, Victoria West. Price $650 each.
One lot, Victoria West, long terms. Price $325.
Two lots near Oak Bay avenue, long terms. Price $275 each.
Apply to CRANE, MCGREGOR & BOGGS.

FOR SALE—Three lots on Chambers street, with three frontages, $2650. Dalby & Claxton. ap11

FOR SALE—Two lots on Chatham street (good corner) for $1800 Dalby & Claxton. ap11

FOR SALE—One lot on Oak Bay, 80 ft. water front; near the pavilion, $1000. Dalby & Claxton. ap11

FOR SALE—Fine building lot close to Dunsmuir Castle, 50x120 9". Price $900. Apply to Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

FOR SALE—Good residential lot on Menzies street, opposite the Government grounds. Price $1650. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates St. fe3

FOR SALE—Lots in Fir Grove Estate, from $125 upwards. Beautiful suburban location. Dalby & Claxton, 64 Yates street. fe3

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $300,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan5-1y

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S. Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Ewing's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

DETECTIVE.

McNAUGHTON'S DETECTIVE SERVICE
ROOM 10, FIVE SISTERS' BLOCK.
General Detective business transacted for corporations and individuals.
Reference furnished.
E. D. McNAUGHTON,
mh1 Manager.

ARCHITECTS.

S. MAY GODDARD,
ARCHITECT.
Rooms 11 and 12 Williams Block, Broad street. apo

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

EDWARD McCOSKRIE & CO.
ARCHITECTS,
Room 51, third floor, Five Sisters' Block. Take elevator.
fe15-eod

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., and C.M., Edinburgh.
SPECIALTY:—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Sts

DRS. HALL & LEITCH,
OFFICES:—DRIARD BLOCK, 60 DOUGLAS ST.
Dr. F. W. HALL, M.D.C.M.
Dr. H. D. LEITCH, M.D.C.M., M.C.P.S.O., F.T.M.S.
Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. Lately attending Woman's Hospital and Post Graduate School and Hospital New York. au5

HOMŒOPATHY
DR. JOHN HALL
98 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.
CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Office hours, from 1 to 4 p.m only excepting Sundays and holidays.

PIANO TUNING.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $1.
NOTICE.
Do not buy a piano by its external appearance. Consult an experienced tuner as to quality of tone and action (the two great essentials). All information GRATIS by applying to W. C. Windebank, pianoforte tuner, 15 Blanchard street. Thirty years' experience. From Broadwood's, London, England. oc20

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice, Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. m14-tf

PIANOFORTE TUNING AND REPAIRING
By a competent person from the leading manufacturers in the United States.
City References:—All the music stores, where orders may be left.
mh1-3m JAMES SHERIDAN.

SOCIETIES.

ROYAL TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE
Victoria Council No. 2, R. T. of T., meets every Monday night in the Pandora Temperance Hall, at 8 p.m. Visiting members welcome.
Select Degree meets 1st Wednesday in each month.
A. H. MATTHEW,
G. SUTHERLAND, S.C. ap12 R. Sec.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5753, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy2 R. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
1-1y R. LANGLEY, Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
oct9 E. PFEIDNER, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets at their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join
J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. a22-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 30.

GAS AND ELECTRIC
FIXTURES

PLUMBING
Steam and Hot Water Heating.
McLENNAN & McFEELY
Corner Government and Johnson Sts.

J. A. JOHNSON & CO.
AUCTIONEERS,
VALUERS, ESTATE AGENTS.
Sales of Real Estate, Furniture, etc., conducted in any part of the Province,
TOWN OR COUNTRY.
MONEY ADVANCED
on Tradesmen's Stocks, Furniture or other effects, consigned for absolute sale.
Saleroom and office No. 97 Douglas street corner Johnson. my6-1m

LYCEUM CORNER BROAD AND PANDORA.
The best hall in the city for public meetings. Rented by day, week or month; $10 per day and evening, including gas free. Special agreements made. Apply to C. McK. Smith, 36 Langley street, upstairs. my6

BUSINESS CHANCE

A GOOD RUSTLER can make money by calling at my store and buying my merry-go-round. The outfit consists of horses, engine, tent, sleighs, organ, etc., and is movable. The sale price can be cleared in two holidays. A great success for the right man.
a26-tf FRANK CAMPBELL.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
Rooms 3 and 18, - - - Turner Block.
ap22

NOTICE.

I HEREBY AUTHORIZE John Devereux, junior, to transact any business in or about the city, excepting anything in connection with survey contracts.
WILLIAM E. DEVEREUX,
my13-1w Civil Engineer.

Nothing Like them in the City

At 9 a.m. to-day the Express Company handed us six (6) dozen Ladies' Straw Hats, straight from New York, including the Nissie, Token, Rico, Lincoln Park.

They are real Novelties.

SHOWROOM ON THE 2nd FLOOR.

SEE
OUR $4 CAPES.

PARASOLS

Trimmed Chiffon, Shot Silk, Frilled, etc., etc., 25c, 40c, 50c, 75c, $1.50, $1.75, $2.25, $3.50, $4.75.

For the latest styles try the

LANSDOWNE
HOUSE
86 YATES STREET.

J. PARTRIDGE

THE DAILY TIMES
Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government
Victoria, B. C.
SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week ..... 25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

The Daily Times.

THE LONDON TIMES.

The Empire has been making much of an editorial article in which the London Times took occasion to commend the Canadian House of Commons for passing Mr. McNeill's imperial trade resolution. This morning the Colonist follows in the chief organ's wake, falls down and worships the Times' article and asks all and sundry to believe that the imperial zollverein is as good as concluded. There does not appear to be anything very singular or surprising about the London Times commending Mr. McNeill's resolution, and even making it the occasion for taking a squint in the direction of the Imperial Trade League scheme. The London Times has been squinting more or less in that direction for some time. There is no fault to be found with it on that account, for, we are free to confess, the Imperial Trade League idea is a pleasant enough vision, when one can separate it from its matter of fact surroundings, to charm even so sober-minded a journal as the "Thunderer." But it is folly for any person to suppose that the Times' support of the scheme, even if it were unqualified, would settle the matter. The Times and Howard Vincent and "Jimmy" Lowther are not swallows enough to make an Imperial Trade League summer, and these three seem to be utterly unable to convert either the political leaders or the masses of the people to their view. If Lord Salisbury, Mr. Balfour, Mr. Goschen and Mr. Chamberlain considered that the imperial zollverein policy would have the slightest chance of gaining popularity they would lose no time in adopting it, for they are at this juncture sadly in need of some new thing to lay before the electorate. Any cry that would bring them strength would be almost tearfully welcomed. The Conservative leaders are all shrewd men and quite capable of feeling the public pulse, and the fact that they either ridicule or condemn the imperial trade scheme is the best evidence that it has little chance of success. Apart from its want of utility as a party weapon, they no doubt oppose it from an honest conviction that Great Britain would not profit by it even if the people were willing to adopt it. This is a case, however, in which the people and the leaders on both sides are pretty well agreed that the taxing of foreign breadstuffs and raw materials would inflict more injury than the monopoly of the colonial trade would make up for. The imperial zollverein is a pretty dream, but a dream it is most likely to remain. We need go no further than the article in the London Times to see that. Let any man read the following extract from the article carefully and deliberately and judge how much encouragement it gives the scheme:—

But trade advantages, however liberal, even if a strict party vote gave a sufficient assurance of finality, would not, when offered by a single colony, justify British statesmen in proposing to lay duties on food supplies and raw material, at present untaxed, coming from foreign countries. For this is what the Canadian proposal comes to. We cannot give the colonies—setting aside our dependencies in the East and the West Indies—"more favorable terms" than we grant to foreign countries except by laying new burdens on the products of the latter which compete with those of Canada, Australasia and South Africa. But what are those products? Breadstuffs, meat supplies, wool, timber, hides. These have all been long free from taxation in this country, and it would be a serious undertaking to frame a new tariff which would lay imposts on Norwegian timber to give an advantage to Canada, on wool and hides from South America for the benefit of the sheep farmers and cattle owners of New South Wales and Queensland and the Cape, on wheat from the United States and Russia to protect the growers of South Australia and Manitoba. We have no tax in existence of which we can relieve the colonies, which practically do not produce tea or tobacco, except it be the wine duty, which would affect only a comparatively small interest in South Africa and Australia. Many practical men are now convinced that it was a mistake when Mr. Lowe abandoned the shilling duty on corn, which nobody felt, in deference to the niceties of economic symmetry. That duty, if it still existed, might be waived in favor of colonial grain producers. As matters stand, we should have to undertake a task hardly less formidable than that of the framers of the new European tariffs. Until we see much more clearly than at present what the colonies are willing to do, and how far they are agreed, we cannot reopen a question so long closed, at the risk of incalculable disturbance to trade. If, however, there is a general disposition on the part of the colonists to move in direction indicated, the lead given by Canada may be widely followed and may possibly create a new situation altogether.

If words are to be allowed their ordinary meanings, this language must be taken as pointing to the fact that no English statesman in our day and generation will face the task of arranging a tariff giving preference to the colonies. The party leader who proposed to do so would be taking his political life in his hand. For that matter, the Canadian Conservative leader who should propose to give practical effect to Mr. McNeill's resolution would be doing the same thing. It is all very well to promise a reduction of duties on British manufactured goods "if and when" Britain puts on discriminating duties in favor of Canadian natural products; but if Great Britain were to offer this latter concession to-morrow the Ottawa Government would not dare to reduce the duties on British manufactures. "If and when" it did, the Red Parlor would offer a "kick" that would produce a painful impression all the way up and down the Conservative spinal column, and the Government would speedily find some way of backing out of the interesting position created by McNeill's resolution. That is evident from the way in which the Ministers and their supporters talked about Mr. Davies' amendment, which declared for a practical way of encouraging trade with Great Britain, imposing no conditions. We observe, by the way, that the London Times grossly misrepresents Mr. Davies' amendment, either through stupidity or through malice, its comment reading thus:

The Opposition put forward an amendment, which Sir John Thompson, the Ministerial leader, treated as a subterfuge in view of the Liberal policy of discrimination against the mother country, and which is, on the face of it, hollow and unmeaning. To demand that Canadian goods should be admitted free into the United Kingdom is a mere rhetorical phrase, for we tax no Canadian product except spirits, and Canadian whiskey is not likely to compete successfully with Scotch or Irish in the home market. At the same time these Canadian free traders would retain the right of levying duties on British products.

Now Mr. Davies' amendment was as follows:—

Inasmuch as Great Britain admits the products of Canada into her ports free of duty, this House is of opinion that the present scale of duties exacted by Canada upon goods mainly imported from Great Britain should be reduced.

It is not necessary to point out how completely the paper misrepresents the Liberal position. The London Times has been guilty of treating the Canadian Liberals unfairly before, but we can hardly imagine that it would deliberately and maliciously misread the amendment, and must therefore suppose that this was done by accident. In any event its mistake does not commend it to Canadian minds as an infallible authority on this or any other question.

THE CARON CASE.

Naturally enough, the Conservative papers are endeavoring to make out that the reference of the Caron charges to a royal commission was the right thing to do. They contend that this is a legal and constitutional mode of procedure, and that it is likely to secure a fair and impartial trial. There are a few facts connected with the affair which they carefully ignore. One is that the appointment of the commissioners who are to try the case lies with the Government, of which the accused is a member. Another is that the powers of the commission are much more circumscribed than those of a parliamentary committee. Parliament cannot endow a royal commission with its own power of compelling the production of evidence; therefore the inquiry by a commission will be hedged around with limitations which would not hamper a committee. A third fact is that the Government has seriously altered the charges as preferred by Mr. Edgar, the changes being calculated to practically burke the investigation. It is not usually for accused persons to be allowed the privilege of fixing up the indictments against them so as to suit themselves. Mr. Edgar charged that Sir Adolphe Caron, while a member of Parliament and a Minister of the Crown, was also a member of the construction company which built the Lake St. John railway, and therefore shared in the subsidies given to that company by the Government. This charge is omitted from the reference to the royal commission. Mr. Edgar charged that men who had profited by the subsidies to the Lake St. John Railway handed over a portion of their profits to Sir Adolphe to be spent in corrupting certain Quebec constituencies. Sir John Thompson has taken the liberty of altering this charge so as to read that the moneys spoken of were handed over to Sir Adolphe directly by the Lake St. John Railway Company and the construction company. The wide difference between Mr. Edgar's charge and the substituted charge can easily be seen. As Mr. Edgar said in the House, it would be absurd to suppose that the companies formally voted the payment of certain sums to Sir Adolph to be used for the bribery of electors; but to say they passed into his hands through the agency of intermediaries is a wholly different matter. Then No. 10 of Mr. Edgar's charge is omitted from the reference to the commission. It reads:

That the sum of money hereinbefore mentioned in paragraphs 6 and 9 as paid and contributed for election purposes were so used, together with other sums contributed by public contractors with the Dominion Government, and were controlled and distributed by the direct authority of the said Sir Adolphe Caron in lavish and illegal amounts, for the purpose of corruptly influencing the electors, and in the general election of 1887 alone upwards of $100,000 of moneys so contributed were so used for the purpose of corruptly influencing the voters in the following electoral districts, that is to say, the counties of St. Maurice, Champlain, Levis, Montmorenci, Charlevoix, Kamouraska, Temiscouata, L'Islet, Dorchester, Berthier, Portneuf, Quebec, Gaspe, Rimouski, Montmagny, Bellechasse, Beauce and Megantic, and in Quebec West, Quebec Centre, Quebec East and Three Rivers.

This charge is thrown out by Sir John Thompson on the ground that it is proper only for election courts to try such charges, which is tantamount to saying that if Parliament did find a Minister guilty of extensive bribery of electors that would be no reason for punishing him. Such a subterfuge may commend itself to the hypocritical nature of the Minister of Justice, but it will hardly be accepted by honest men. Taken altogether, the charges as amended by the Government were very fairly summed up by Mr. Edgar when he said they were such as the Postmaster-General would have drawn up if he had the drafting of the indictment against himself. It is absurd to talk of a fair and impartial investigation under such circumstances.

CHURCH NOTICES.

Services in the Different Churches To-Morrow Morning and Evening.

Christadelphian Hall, 209 Douglas street—Sunday services—Sunday morning at 11 a.m., for the breaking of bread; evening, at 7 p.m., reading—Subject: the second appearing of Jesus Christ. Wednesday evening—Bible study at 7:30. All are welcome.

The Church of Our Lord (Reformed Episcopal)—Morning service at 11. Preacher: The Rt. Rev. the Bishop. Evening service at 7. Preacher: Rev. C.E. Dobbs. Bible class for young men, at 10 a.m. Sunday school and Bible class for young ladies, at 2:45 p. m. Bible reading in the schoolroom on Wednesday at 8 p.m.; and on Friday at 3 p.m.

Rev. J. Banton, of Mount Pleasant Church, Vancouver, will preach in the Calvary Baptist Church both morning and evening, to-morrow.

F. W. Teague will address the men at the gospel service held in the Young Men's Christian Association Hall to-morrow.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The following are the preachers in the churches to-morrow:

Christ Church Cathedral—Morning and evening, the Rev. J. B. Hewetson.

St. James' Church—Morning and evening, the Ven. Archdeacon Scriven.

St. John's—Morning and evening, the Rev. Percival Jenns.

St. Barnabas—Morning and evening, the Rev. E. J. Lipscomb.

St. Saviour's—Morning and evening, the Rev. W. D. Barber.

St. Luke's, Cedar Hill—Morning and evening, Rev. M. C. Browne.

St. Paul's, Esquimalt—Morning and evening, the Rev. S. C. Scholefield.

St. Mark's—Morning and evening, the Rev. W. H. P. Arden.

Cadboro Bay—Afternoon at 3, the Rev. W. H. P. Arden.

Provincial Jail—Morning, at 9:30.

Indian Reserve—Afternoon at 3:30.

Jubilee Hospital—Afternoon at 2.

The Bishop of Columbia left home on Friday, and to-day he is at Salt Spring Island, where he consecrates St. Mark's church and a cemetery, and holds a confirmation and visitation. On Tuesday the Bishop proceeds to Kuper Island, returning on Thursday next.

The diocesan synod meets in the middle of next month for two days.

THE MESSENGER BOYS.

TO THE EDITOR,—In reply to the letter of "One Who Knows" in your last evening's issue, I beg to say that I appreciate the interest that he takes in our business and in the welfare of our boys; but have to inform him that such a rule as he suggests has been in force for the last six months, and if it has not been strictly adhered to the fault lies with those who have a chance to "know," their proper course being to report any such offender by his number at the office.
MANAGER,
B.C. District Telegraph Co.

INDEPENDENT CRITICISM.

TO THE EDITOR—The writer of the communication to this morning's Colonist, referring to some lithographed work, errs when he states that the item at which he takes umbrage was inspired by the "opposition firm." As for the "opposition firm" having specimens of work in their show case which they have to send to the east to get done, I defy him to point out a single one. If he looks in his own case he will see a good many specimens which he knows perfectly well he would have to send east, if ordered. The item regarding the bad portrait of the Queen was purely outside criticism, and whether that criticism was just or not anyone can judge for himself by looking at the portrait in question.
PETER LITHOS STONE.

At Hall & Co.'s Central Drug Store, 86 Douglas street, a fresh supply of mixed bird seed has been received, consisting of Sicily, canary Russian, Hemp, and German millet and rape seeds. Two packages for 25c.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE CITY AND DISTRICT

Use "Highland Brand" Evaporated Cream.

Trout Fishing.

Season opens on the 15th. For fine fishing tackle go to Fox's 78 Govt. St.

The Lansdowne House.

J. Partridge of the Lansdowne House, has something to say to the public on the fourth page of this issue:

Contracts Not Let.

The time for receiving tenders for the Davie and the Young buildings expired at noon to-day. The contracts have not as yet been late.

The Ladies' Thanks.

The Young Ladies' Institute wish to thank H.M.S. Warspite band and all those who so kindly helped them in their last entertainment.

In the Free Library

Read "Christendom Astray," and be free from the perplexities of Popular Theology, and be enabled to understand, believe, and defend the Bible. *

Their Summer Uniforms.

The provincial police officers are out in their new summer uniforms, of blue serge trimmed with gold. The uniform is the prettiest and neatest one that the officers have had.

Tuck vs. the Corporation.

In chambers on Monday an application will be made for further time in which to deliver the statement of defense in the case of Tuck vs. the Corporation, for wages alleged to be due.

Union Mine Doctor.

Dr. Young has been re-elected medical superintendent at the Union Mines. There were about a dozen candidates for the position, but Dr. Young was unanimously selected out of the number.

New Goods.

Epps' Cocoa, Chelsea Jelly, Reckitts Black Lead, Ceylon Tea, Menier Chocolate, Glasgow Beef Ham, Smoked Halibut and Lake Ontario White Fish at R. H. Jameson's Red Front Store, 33 Fort street. *

Gordon vs. the Corporation.

The case of Gordon vs. the Corporation for $200 damages on account of the flooding of the plaintiff's cellar, was up in the County Court yesterday. After hearing the evidence the case was adjourned to a date to be fixed.

Attempted Suicide.

A large hound belonging to the Bank of Montreal yesterday jumped from a second-story window in the bank building. He let out a few yells, scaring a couple of gentlemen between whom he jumped, but otherwise did no damage.

No Further News.

Neither Captain Roberts nor R. P. McLennan, the Victoria owners of the sealing schooner Warrior, have as yet received any private news of the wreck of the schooner reported in last evening's TIMES. The Warrior left Halifax 123 days ago. She is commanded by Capt. Salisbury.

For the Assizes.

The last few days have been busy ones for the provincial police, who are serving the summonses for the spring assizes which commence on Monday. There has been one case added to the list since it was published in the TIMES, viz.: one of indecent assault, the defendant being an Indian.

An Urgent Request.

All members of the celebration committee for the Queen's Birthday are earnestly requested to attend a meeting to be held in the City Hall at 8 o'clock on Monday evening next. It is of the most urgent importance that all gentlemen on this committee should put in an appearance.

Getting Good.

The city police docket was a blank this morning, and the Provincial Police court calendar was ditto. Officer McNeill, of the provincial police, says police matters are quieter than they have been for ten years, and Chief Sheppard jocosely remarked that evil doers were saving up for the 24th celebration.

Another Addition.

Davidson Bros., of the Five Sisters' block, Government street, have secured the services of Mr. E. F. Robertson, an expert manufacturing jeweler, to take charge of the manufacturing department of their business. As Mr. Robertson is from a large West End, London, Eng., house, there is no doubt of his thorough ability as a manufacturing jeweler. *

Quick Work.

The brick walls on Wilson's building, Yates street, were completed at noon to-day. The building is four stories high, about 60x70 feet, and the bricklaying occupied only five weeks' working time, which is pretty fast work. Humber & Son, the contractors, have a reputation for "hustling," as well as for good workmanship.

For the Building Fund.

The Lyceum was crowded last night to witness a stereopticon exhibition given to procure funds for the building soon to be erected by the Victoria Spiritualist Society. The views were of scenes in the province, and varied enough to please every taste. The views of mountain scenery were very beautiful, and received much applause. A series of humorous plates was shown at the close of the entertainment.

Going South.

Mr. A. Dutton will succeed Mr. G. A. Grant in the office of secretary of the Trades and Labor Council. Mr. Grant handed in his resignation last night, and it was accepted with regret. He intends to visit California, and will probably remain there. For the past few months Mr. Grant's conduct as secretary won the highest admiration of his colleagues, and set an example of industry and steady application that cannot fail to do good in many ways.

Dismissed with Costs.

A motion was made by Mr. Luxton, for the Law Society, in the Supreme Court this morning, before the Chief Justice, to commit Mr. J. J. Blake for contempt, for practising while his name was not on the roll of solicitors. Mr. Blake explained that he had passed the necessary examination in 1890, and was told that he had complied with the requirements of the law. If his name was not on the roll it was the secretary's fault. The motion was dismissed with costs.

Ho! For Spring Sports.

Out door games; lawn tennis, lacrosse, baseball, cricket etc., at Kerr & Begg's bookstore.

The Nymphe Arrives.

H.M.S. Nymphe arrived in Esquimalt harbor at 6 o'clock this morning from Acapulco. She will probably be one of the Behring Sea fleet this year.

Eat the Best.

Another consignment of Gilt Edge hams, mild California cheese, and Breakfast Gem at J. P. Matthews & Co., corner of Fort and Douglas St. *

Returns Thanks.

Mrs. E. Dickinson wishes to thank all those ladies and friends who assisted her in sending refreshments to the children's ball in aid of the Ladies Samaritans Home.

Oh, my Head!

For headaches arising from nervousness, biliousness or any other cause use Instant Headache Cure. It is sold by Cochrane & Munn, prescription druggists, corner Yates and Douglas streets. Electric night bell. *

To Teach French.

Mr. G. A. Coutellier, who has won a good reputation as a teacher of the French language in New York, Toronto and other cities, arrived in Victoria last evening, and will at once proceed to organize classes in French here.

Female Defendants.

There are already three cases on the docket for Monday morning's Police Court, the defendant in each being a woman. One has been arrested for drunkenness, one summoned for allowing her dog to go in the lake at the park, the other for keeping a disorderly house.

The Trade and Labor Council.

The regular meeting of the Victoria Trade and Labor Council was held last evening, President Chipchase in the chair. Credentials were received from the stone cutters', iron moulders', shipwrights' and tailors' unions and the delegates admitted. A communication was received from Col. Prior in explanation of his recent action on the Chinese question. His explanation was not considered satisfactory. The council learned with regret that their secretary, Mr. G. Grant, will shortly leave for California. His resignation was accepted and the best wishes of the council go with him. The council's treasurer, Mr. J. Fraser, having removed to Nanaimo, Mr. W. Jameson was duly elected to fill the office, Arthur H. Dutton being elected secretary. A good deal of discussion took place on the Chinese question, and it was decided that delegates should lay before their unions the plan of action as explained by the committee having charge of that business, and that they report at the next regular meeting.

In Storm and Calm.

Two interesting pictures were placed on exhibition in the window of Messrs. Cochrane & Munn's drug store, Yates street, this morning. The subjects are the R.M.S. Empress of China in a calm, and the same magnificent steamer battling for existence in a tremendous hurricane. The work is excellent, the storm picture especially displaying great vigor and appreciative treatment. The steamship is seen tossed by mountainous waves which threaten to overwhelm her. Some of the sailors are to be noted clinging to fixtures on the deck, and from each funnel streams the black smoke that tells of the fiery energy below. The angry sea is very well done by the artist and gives one a good idea of what a typhoon in the China sea is like. In the companion picture the steamer is steaming majestically along, a leviathan compared with the Chinese junk on the starboard bow. It will surprise all who examine those fine studies to learn that they were painted by a Japanese artist. The price asked for the pair is so moderate that it is not likely that they will remain long in their present location.

A Very Ideal Head.

The disgruntled draughtsman who is responsible for that treasonable extravaganza of Her Majesty's noble countenance, on the upper left hand corner of the celebration posters, and which makes the Siwashes of the Songhies reserve smile, expresses his indignation in the Colonist this morning at the TIMES for drawing attention to the alleged portrait. If the gracious Queen and Empress looked anything like that there would have been trouble in her dominions long ago. But fortunately the cross-eyed travesty of the benign face of the Ruler of the British Empire, only shows that however loyal a draughtsman may be, it cannot make him draw straight or hit any nearer a likeness than the lamentable burlesque on Her Majesty which has already caused so many smiles and left-handed compliments upon the artist's skill—or gaucherie. He complains that a good portrait of the Queen could not be obtained. Now the very finest portrait of the Queen extant is that upon the Canadian twenty-five cent piece; it is an ideal head, the very thing for a show bill—but can it be possible that the artist had not credit enough to induce one of his friends to lend him the coin to copy the head? This were cruel, indeed—showing him no quarter, in fact. The damage is done, now, however; and if one of those posters gets back to Windsor Castle it will cause a genuine sensation.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

A. Bullock, of Nanaimo, is in the city.

E. E. Evans, of Vancouver, is in the city.

S. M. Robins, of Nanaimo, spent yesterday in town.

Charles Moore and Mrs. Moore, of Ottawa, are at the Driard.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

Schooner W. P. Hall went to sea today.

The steamer Georgie is being fitted out at Spratt's wharf.

The joiners' work on the Joan is being pushed rapidly, and this afternoon the frame of the saloon deck was raised.

Capt. Stephenson has almost completed the repairs to the Lottie, and the steamer will resume her regular route on Monday or Tuesday.

The steamer Active, which has been on the Star ways for some time, being re-caulked, coppered and painted, will be launched this evening.

Yesterday afternoon two American men-of-war were seen off Cape Flattery coming in with what appeared to be H. M.S. Nymphe in the rear.

The Lizzie Bell finished taking on ballast this afternoon and will discharge the remainder of her cargo on Monday. Men are still busily engaged in unloading the Danube and the Irvine.

This afternoon three more schooners of the Victoria sealing fleet started out for the hunting grounds, and it is not unlikely that they will be in Behring Sea before long. The Falcon towed the Ariel out clear of Race Rocks shortly after 2 o'clock, and again went out with the Libbie and Willie McGowan.

Society Notes.

An unimportant meeting of Far West Lodge, K. of P., was held last evening. Sunset Lodge meets to-night.

The members of Court Vancouver, A.O.F., will to-morrow attend the funeral of the late Brother Ira Wilson.

The grand lodge officers A.O.U.W. last evening paid an official visit to Vancouver Lodge. There was a large attendance.

A special meeting of Vancouver Encampment No. 1, I.O.O.F., will be held this evening, for the purpose of conferring degrees.

The members of the C.O.O.F. (M.U.) will meet at their hall, Spring Ridge, this evening, for the purpose of considering a proposition to start an orphans' home.

The reception committee appointed to receive and entertain the Supreme Chancellor of the K. of P. have disbanded, as the special session of the Grand Lodge of British Columbia is to be held at Vancouver. The members of the order in that city will therefore do the entertaining.

There will be a meeting of Alexandra Lodge, Sons of England, of the White Rose degree, on Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock, in the Foresters Hall, Government street. The regular fortnightly meeting of the Red Rose degree will be held on Wednesday at 8 p.m. All members are requested to be present, as there is business of great importance.

Loyal Pride of the West Lodge, C.O.O.F. (M. U.) last evening held a special meeting for the purpose of conferring degrees. There were five brothers initiated into the Royal White degree, after which the D.D.G.M. gave a lecture on the various problems of the order. He then retired and six brothers were given the Royal Blue, eight the Royal Scarlet and eight the Royal Gold.

Gallant Citizen Soldiers.

The citiy militia companies paraded in full dress at headquarters, Menzies street, this afternoon for annual inspection. Number 2 company turned out 37 strong, No. 3, 30 strong, and No. 4, 30 strong, all the officers of each battery being present. The "fall in" was sounded at 2:30 and each battery fell in by number. Major Nicholles, mounted, then witnessed the troops being put through a preliminary inspection drill preparatory to moving to Beacon Hill park for formal inspection by Lieut.-Col. Holmes, D.A.G. The appearance of the companies was splendid. The ranks are filled by young men not only in most instances grand specimens of manhood, but bearing on their faces the stamp of intelligence, respectability and manliness. The manner in which they went through the manual and other exercises was highly satisfactory, each battery seeming to vie with the other in making a good showing. To the soul-stirring strains of C Battery band the battalion marched at 3 o'clock to Beacon Hill park and were duly inspected by Lieut.-Col. Holmes.

Death's Hand.

David C. Heal died at his residence, corner of Johnson and Blanchard streets, this morning. The deceased was a native of Bowmanville, Ont., aged 46 years. He came to Victoria with his parents, who settled in Saanich, about 30 years ago, and has resided here ever since. He leaves a wife and four children. The funeral will take place from the family residence on Monday afternoon at 2:30.

JUST ARRIVED:

A consignment of

Alex. Smith & Co's Celebrated MOQUETTE

The greatest American Parlor Carpet of the age.

ELEGANT DESIGNS,

Beautifully blended colors, and remarkable for durability.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE COMPANY.

YOU'LL BE SORRY!!

IF YOU DON'T GET YOUR JEWELERY MANUFACTURED & YOUR WATCHES REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED AT KINGHAM & MINORS. WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MANUFACTURING GOLD & SILVER JEWELERY INTO ANY SHAPE OR FORM. YOU FURNISH THE IDEA, WE DO THE REST. REPAIRS OF ALL KINDS NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED. CHARGES MODERATE. ALL WORK GUARANTEED AT KINGHAM & MINORS 49 GOVERNMENT ST.

Saturday Eve Concert.

In the fine large hall of the market building the City Band will give the first of a series of summer Saturday evening concerts. The following is the programme for this evening:—

1. March—Queen and Prince.....arr. by Finn
2. Overture—Crystal Palace..... Southwell
3. Enchantment—Cornet solo.....Rollinson
   Mr. John Gumb.
4. Waltz—Sounds from Toronto..... Bohrer
5. Medley selections—Popular songs. Scouten
6. Divertissment—Clarinet solo.....Beyer
   Mr. John Hughes.
7. Overture—Crown of Victory.....Ripley
8. March—Crown Prince.....Bennet
   God Save the Queen.

The concert is free, as all the succeeding ones will be.

Incoming Passengers.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—Passengers by the City of Puebla for Victoria: Mrs. E. Goodwin and daughter, J. Molinari and wife, Mrs. W. R. Robertson, Mrs. L. Arthur, daughter and son, Miss E. Friedlander, J. Elva, J. B. Higgs, Miss E. Butler, A. Sutherland, Miss J. Ray, Mrs. Matthews, Miss M. Woodward, P. Kench, A. A. Tisdale and wife.

From the West Coast.

The steamer Mystery returned from Barclay Sound at 3:30 to-day. J. L. Penny brought down 165 seal skins and several bear skins. Everything quiet on the coast.

Hungarian Poisoners.

BUDA PESTH, May 13.—At Neusatz to day a number of women were placed on trial on the charge of poisoning their husbands and lovers with arsenic. The prisoners, who are of a low type and of brazen demeanor, denied the charges.

Austrian Mining Disaster.

VIENNA, May 13.—Dispatches from Treufkierchen, in Hungary, says that a waterspout burst over the mines, near the city to-day, and flooded them, and that between 80 and 100 miners, or more, were drowned.

A Senator Dead.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Senator Barbour, of Virginia, died here at 5 o'clock this morning.

Try Breakfast Gem, the finest cereal food for people troubled with dyspepsia, to be had at J. P. Matthews & Co., SOLE AGENTS for Victoria. *

Lincrusta walton, Lignomur, and beautiful paper hangings and borders at Weiler Bros. *

All kinds of cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Folding camp beds, tables and chairs very light and strong at Weiler Bros.

China mattings in great variety at Spencer's Arcade. *

PONY, CART AND HARNESS FOR NOTHING!

Every person purchasing a suit of clothes for cash during the next sixty days has a chance of winning this outfit. If you don't get the rig you get value for your money. The cash purchaser of a man's, boy's or child's suit will get a drawing.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS
37 Johnson Street

THE SUN IS COMING AGAIN

And preparations have been made for his arrival by

A. B. ERSKINE,

who has imported the finest stock of

TANNED SHOES

ever seen in Victoria. They are worth seeing.

THE PRICES ARE NOT DIRT CHEAP,

but just cheap enough.

CHEAPER than the CHEAPEST AND FINER than the FINEST

Two principles employed by T. M. Graham in carrying on his gents' furnishing and clothier business at the Blue Front Store, No. 148 Government Street. Give him a trial and remember that an ounce of practical Common Sense is worth a pound of Theory.

Jackson & Mylius
Watchmakers and Jewelers
76 Government St.

ROBERT N. FITTON,
LANDSCAPE GARDENER

Fifteen years' practical experience.

Pruning. Flower and Vegetable Gardens laid out and kept in order by day or contract.

ESTIMATES GIVEN FOR TILE OR BOX DRAINING.

All communications attended to promptly.
RESIDENCE 55 NORTH PARK ST.
P.O. Box 748. mh7-tf Victoria, B.C.

FOR SALE.

ONE POOL TABLE, nearly new (8 ft. x 16 ft) by Brunswick, Balke & co., with balls, cues and usual fittings complete. Can be seen by applying to the steward at the Victoria Club Fort street, Victoria. au23 tf

TRY HOTEL JANION

26 STORE STREET.

For Good Beds, Light Rooms & First-class Meals

At moderate prices.

Rooms with or without board. Hotel adjoining Railway Depot. W. WALKER, Proprietor. my4-1m

DISCOURSE TO YOUNG MEN.

Daniel and King Darius—The Value of a Good Character and Godliness.

Lessons Drawn From the Life of a Man Who Dared to Do Right.

BROOKLYN, May 8.—Dr. Talmage took for his subject today the character of Daniel and drew from it lessons of sound practical value for the young men, of whom so large a number are always to be seen among the most eager and attentive listeners in the Tabernacle congregations. His text was Daniel vi, 2, "Daniel was first."

Where in romance can you find anything equal to what Daniel was in reality? A young man, far away from home, introduced into the most magnificent and most dissolute palace of all the earth. The king, wishing to make this young man a prodigy in personal appearance, orders his attendants to see that he has plenty of meat and wine, and Daniel refuses these delicacies and insists on a vegetable diet, refusing everything but pulse and water, waving back all the rich viands with a determined "No; I thank you." He surpasses all the princes in brilliancy. As this sun rises higher and higher in the firmament, it puts out all the stars, and if there is anything the stars hate it is the sun.

Daniel becomes so much of a favorite with King Darius that our young hero is promoted to be prime minister or secretary of state—the Frelinghuysen or the Bismarck of the ancients. But no man ever attained such high position without exciting the envy of others. The meanest and wrathiest passion of the soul is jealousy. You see it among all professions and occupations. I am sorry to say you see it as much among clergymen as among other classes of men. It is a passion bitter as hell and it is immediately recognized, and yet, though it blackens the man who indulges in it, men will kindle this fire which consumes only themselves.

There were demagogues in Babylon, who, highly appreciative of their own capacity, doubted the policy of elevating such a young man as Daniel. They said: "Why, we know more than he does. We could manage the public affairs better than he can manage them. The idea of putting Dan in such a place as that." Old Babylon was afraid of young Babylon. They began to plot his ruin. He was an illustrious target. The taller the cedar the more apt to be struck with the lightning.

These demagogues asked Darius to make an unalterable decree that any man who within thirty days shall ask a petition of any one except the king, shall be put to death. Darius, not mistrusting any foul play, makes such a decree. The demagogues have accomplished their purpose, for they knew that Daniel would not stop sending up petitions to his God, and Daniel, instead of being affrighted by the decree, went three times a day to his housetop for prayer. He is caught in the act. He is condemned to be devoured by the lions. Such a healthy young man will be for the leonine monarchs the best banquet they ever had. By the rough executioners of the law he is hurried away toward the den.

I near the growl of the monsters, and their pawing of the dust, and as their mouth is placed to the ground the solid earth quakes with their bellow. The door is removed and Daniel shoved into the den, which was all agleam with fiery eyeballs that seem to roll and snap in the caverns. They approach the defenseless man. Their appetite was sharp with hunger. One stroke of their paw, one crunch of their teeth and he would have been lifeless. How strange a welcome Daniel receives from the monsters. They fawn about him. They cover his feet with their long mane. They are struck with the lockjaw. That night Daniel's sleep is calm and undisturbed, with his head pillowed on the warm neck of the tamed lions.

But King Darius was not so happy. He loved Daniel and he hated the stratagem by which his favorite had been condemned. He paces his floor all night. He cannot sleep. At the least sound he starts and his flesh creeps with horror. A bad conscience will make the bravest man a coward. He watches eagerly for the dawn, which seems so long in tarrying. At the first streak of light he starts out to find out the fate of Daniel. The palace gate opens and jars heavily behind him while yet the city is asleep. He comes to the den. He looks through the crevices but sees nothing. He dare not speak. Expecting the worst, his heart stops.

Gathering strength, he puts his mouth to the rifts in the rock and cries, "Oh, Daniel, is thy God whom thou servest continually able to deliver thee from the lions?" An answer comes rolling up out of the darkness: "Oh, king, live forever. My God hath sent his angel and hath shut the lions' mouths, that they have not hurt me." The young man is brought out and the demagogues who made the plot are thrown in. But they hardly struck the bottom of the den when their flesh is rent, and their bones cracked, and their blood spurted through the rifts, while the fierce monsters shook the rocks with their terrible roar, announcing to all ages the truth that while God defends his people, the way of the wicked shall perish.

Now, you see from this subject that in the eyes of many the greatest offense you can commit is success. Of what crime had this young man been guilty that he should come under the bitter hatred of the demagogues? Why, he had got to be prime minister of Babylon. That they could not forgive. Behold in this sketch a touch of human nature! As long as poverty pinches you, and you run the gantlet between taxgatherer and landlord, and you have hard work to educate your children, there will be multitudes to say: "Poor fellow! He ought to succeed. How sorry I am for him!"

But after awhile you begin to emerge from the darkness. That was a capital investment. You purchased at just the right time. Fortune became good natured and smiled. You builded your own house. You got to be one of the first men on the street. Now, as you pass, a number of those late sympathizers stand on the corner of the street. They scowl at you from under the rim of their hats. You have more money now than they have, and you ought to be scowled at from under the rim of their hats.

Before you get fully past you hear a word or two. "Stuck up," says one. "Didn't get it honestly," says another. "Will burst soon," says a third. Every stone in your new house was laid on their heart. Your horses' hoofs went over their nerves. Your carriage tire cut their neck. What have you done, outrageous culprit? You ought to be cast to the lions. You have dared to achieve success. Depend upon it that if in any one respect you rise far above your fellows—if you are more truthful, more wise, more eloquent, more influential—the shadow of your success will chill somebody. The road of honor and virtue is within reach of the enemies' guns. Jealousy says, "Stay down or I will knock you down." In midair a snowflake said to a snowbird, "I don't like you." "Why don't you like me?" said the snowbird. "Because," replied the snowflake, "you are going up and I am coming down."

Success is often a synonym for scorn. The first thing a man wants is religion. The second is grit. If you do not want to face wild beasts you must never get to be prime minister. If you are now, as a young man, rising in any one respect, I bless God for your advancement, but I wish to say before I quit this thought, look out for the lions. Young merchants, young lawyers, young physicians, young ministers have much sympathy, and kind advice is given them at first, but as you become your own masters and begin to succeed in your different occupations and professions, how is it then, young merchants, young lawyers, young physicians, young ministers? How is it then?

THE SPIRIT OF INDECISION.

Again behold in our subject an exhibition of true decision of character. Before Daniel were condemnation and death, if he continued faithful to his religion. Yet, just as before, three times a day he prayed with his face toward Jerusalem. There is nothing more fatal for the religious or worldly advancement than a spirit of indecision. How often youth is almost gone before the individual has determined upon his profession.

There are those who for thirty or forty years have accomplished nothing anywhere because they have not felt themselves settled. They have thought of the law, of medicine, of merchandise, of mechanism. They have some idea of going west. Perhaps they will go east. Perhaps they won't. They may go north or south. Perhaps they will invest their money in railroads or in real estate. Perhaps they won't. They are like a vessel starting from New York harbor, which should one day decide on going to Liverpool, and the next on New Orleans, and the next on Marseilles. How many men have for a long while been out on the great sea of life and they do not know to what port they are destined? It is an everlasting tacking of ship, but no headway.

The man who begins to build a house in the Corinthian style and when half way up concludes to make it Doric, and then completes it in Ionic, will have an unseemly pile and be cursed of every school of architecture. These men that try everything get to be nothing. God wrote in your brain and engraved on your bones what you ought to be. Then be that, nothing more or nothing less. In that direction is your success. Every other road is ruin. Having adjusted your compass, go ahead. Set your teeth together. Small difficulties do not notice. Great difficulties, by God's grace strike them down. Onward! Let cowards skulk.

Act you like sons of God. If you want to sail to the land of gold you must double the Cape. To usefulness and strong character there is no overland route. Over the great deeps you must fly. Most of the way it is either head wind or tempest. Character, like the goldfinch of Tonquin, is magnificent when standing firm, but loses all its splendor in flight. There is no such thing as failure to those who trust in God. Paul got to be an apostle by falling off his horse. Stephen was stoned into heaven.

When a young man resolves on a religious life, he does not always find it smooth sailing. Old companions laugh and say with sarcastic tone, "He has got to be pious." They go on excursions, but do not ask him. They prophesy that his religion will not hold out. They call him "long faced." They wonder if he is not getting wings. They say sharp things about him for themselves to laugh at. When he passes they grimace and wink and chuckle, and say loud enough to be heard, "There goes a saint." If you have never seen life as it is, you know not what strength of resolution it often requires for a young man to be a Christian.

VALUE OF SELF DENIAL.

Again, let this story of Daniel teach us that the way to future success is through present self denial. Not only did Daniel show his willingness for self restraint by refusing the luxuries of the king's table, but must have denied himself much social enjoyment and sightseeing in order to have attained most wonderful proficiency in study. The rush of the chariots under his window and the sound of mirth that rang out on the air of Babylon would have attracted most young men into the streets and to expensive places of amusement. But Daniel knew that it was only through severity of application he could attain the honorable position for which he was intended. Indeed, you may carry this truth into universal application.

The most of those who have succeeded in any profession or occupation have come up from the very bottom of the ladder. The brightest day began with the twilight. The admirals who commanded the navies of the world started as cabin boys. The merchant princes, whose messengers are ships and whose servants the nation's custom houses, once swept the store and kindled the fires. The orator who lifts up the gate of the soul, as Samson carried off the gates of Gaza, once stammered and blushed on the stage of a country school house. The young painter, under whose pencil skies blossom and waters gleam, understands his subject so well because he has but little to shelter him from the one and is obliged to find his only beverage in the other.

Out of the dark, deep mines of want and suffering has been dug the marble for the world's greatest temples of wisdom and palaces of power. Vanderlyn, the artist, must first content himself with a charcoal sketch. Franklin, before becoming the renowned philosopher, must be a journeyman printer. Columbus must weave carpets before he can weave hemispheres. David must take care of his father's sheep before he rules Israel. Amos must be a herdsman before he becomes a prophet. Daniel must be the humble student before he rises to be the prime minister of Babylon.

If a young man starts in life with large notions of what he must immediately have, willing to consider no economy, but expecting with a small ship to unfurl as much sail as an ocean frigate, he will find himself capsized by the first northeaster. It is the small sprig that you can carry in one hand which will thrive best when planted. But if, by levers and huge lumber wagons, you bring down from the mountain a century oak, though you may plant it, you cannot make it live. So he who begins life on such a grand scale and with such exorbitant notions, will never succeed, while some young man who went to town without means, but having a right spirit, through his self denial, planted a tree which has reached above Wall street and flung its shadow in one direction over the granite palaces on the avenues and in the other far out over merchant vessels anchored in the bay.

Men say success in life is all a matter of good luck, but industry and economy and self denial put together always make good luck. There are young men who failed twice and are getting notes shaved the third time before they are as old as their father when he first began business for himself. They started with the idea that their wit would do as well as capital. For awhile it did, but when creditors sent their duns and banks their protests they found that mere shrewdness was greatly below par. You cannot cross the ocean in a yawl.

MUST BEAR THE CROSS.

A young eaglet, far up in the mountain eyrie, says to its winged mother, "I will fly no longer from tree to tree as you tell me, but like you, mother, I will swing from this Chimborazo peak to yonder Chimborazo peak." Like an arrow it shot into the heavens, but when over the awful chasm its head was dizzy and its wing weak, and it began to whirl downward and with wild scream until it struck on the rocks. A traveler passing through the gorge saw the mangled remains of the eaglet. "How came you to have this fall?" said the traveler. "Ah, me," said the eaglet, "it was because I would not fly from tree to tree until I was old enough, but headstrong I started from Chimborazo peak toward Chimborazo peak."

If young men would seize the advantages of intelligence, it will be by great economy of time and the refusing of many forms of gratification. Show me a man who, refusing many of the frivolities of gossiping youths, can see more to attract his attention in the pages of a treatise or a history than in the flash of bright eyes, or the airy step of those who find more skill in their heels than their heads, and I will show you a man who will yet master languages and sway a very scepter over his fellows. Many an education which is now considered complete is made up of a smattering of newspapers and the last page of a fashion magazine.

The parlor and the drawing room cannot educate us. They may give us outward adornments of manner, but getting valuable knowledge is like sweltering at a forge, bellows in one hand and hammer in the other—like digging in mines with crowbars, prying under the ledge and the constant bang of blasted rocks. Especially is it true that no growth in grace is possible unless, like Daniel, we are willing to take up the cross, however heavy it may be and rough with nails. Moses chose affliction with the people of God rather than the pleasures of sin, and if we would be anything like him we must be willing sometimes to choose the hard bread of self denial rather than the imperial clusters from royal vineyards.

To get strength and depth enough in rivers for turning mill wheels and manufactories, dams are built across them, and then through the mill race the quick floods leap on the water wheel to turn it with tremendous power. So natures that would otherwise have been powerless and insufficient by self restraint have been dammed back and deepened, until with consecrated power they rush into the world, turning its ponderous machinery of important interests. Unrestrained men may have much good in them, but it is so scattered that you see no positive effects. Electricity in the air does not strike, but gathered in the cloud with its bare red arm it cleaves the mountain.

Passions harnessed and yoked make excellent beasts of burden. However attractive may be the sinful offers of the world, though rich and luxurious as the provision of the king's table, we must be willing to refuse them if nothing be left us but plain pulse. Oh, how we want the faith and courage of a Daniel and a Paul, but how we dread the hot atmosphere of trial, in which their graces ripened. The richest fruits of religion grow in the sultry tropics of trial. If you want pearls, you must dive for them. If you want gold, you must dig for it. The richest parts of California and Australia are under ground. Depend upon it, if no pruning, no fruit; no climbing, no elevation; no battle, no victory; no cross, no crown. Had there been no Nebuchadnezzar, there would have been no Daniel. Even so it has been in all ages. The flames that have flashed up from the stake have been so many illuminations of Christian triumph.

When God would make a great light of truth and holiness in the world, he often takes great persecutions and with them strikes fire. The devil's hate is God's glory. Had it not been for the persecutions of Emperor Valerian, the world would not have known of the courage of a Cyprian, and if the tyranny of Diocletian had never been known, the triumphant grace would not have been seen which made Maximilian, when sentenced to death, exclaim, "God be praised!" Had not the bandits of Piedmont pursued the Waldenses through the valley of the Alps, and the infuriate decree put to massacre the Albigenses of France, the world would have had fewer illustrations of Christian heroism. Be Joseph before Pharaoh. Be Paul before Felix. Be Daniel before Darius.

BE PURE ALWAYS.

Again let the story of Daniel teach us the beauty of that youthful character which remains unblemished and upright when away from home. Had Daniel, on arriving in Babylon, plunged into every excess, his friends in Jerusalem would never have heard of it. His dissipation and renunciation of religion would not have cast one sorrow on the family hearth where he had lived or the old family Bible which he used to read. But, though far away from home, he knew that God's eye watched him and that was enough. It is not every young man who maintains the same character when absent that was maintained at home.

Frederick watching his father's sheep among the hills or thrashing rye in the barn is far different from Frederick on the Stock exchange. How often does the kind, retiring spirit become bold effrontery, and the accommodating, self sacrificing disposition once exhibited among brothers and sisters becomes a cold and unresponsive selfishness, and economy, wastefulness and open handed charity, tight fisted stinginess, and the keeping of good hours is changed to midnight revelry.

I probably address young men now, distant from their father's house, and others who, still under the parental roof, look forward to a time when they will depart alone to conflict with the world and among strangers be called to build up characters for themselves. Happy for you, oh, young man, if you shall, like Joseph, be the same when living with wicked Pharaoh as with pious Jacob, or Daniel as pure in Babylon as in Jerusalem. There is no passage in a man's life of more thrilling interest than the day in which he leaves home and goes off to seek his fortune. The novelty and romance connected with the departure may keep the young man from any poignant sorrow, but parents, who have seen the destruction among strangers of those who were considered promising youths, cannot help feeling that this step is full of momentous importance. Before the youth left home all his conduct was under affectionate guardianship.

Outbursts of folly, carelessness and impropriety of manner and looseness of speech were kindly reproved, and although the restraint seemed sometimes too severe, yet hours of sober reflection have convinced him that it was salutary and righteous. But behold how the scene changes. The father, through the interceding of metropolitan friends, has secured the son a place in some bank or store or office. Schoolmates, on the night before his departure, come to take their farewell of the young adventurer.

That morning he takes a last walk around the old place, and going past some loved spot a sly tear may start, but no one sees it. The trunk is on the carriage, and after a warm goodby away they speed over the hills. Set down amid excitements and among companions not overscrupulous as to their words or deeds, temptations troop around the stranger. The morning comes, but no family altar, and the Sabbath, but no real quiet, and perhaps at the sanctuary the faces are all strange and no one cares whether he goes to church or whether he does not go. Long winter evenings arrive, and how shall they be spent? On his way home from his place of business he saw flaming placards announcing rare performances and that this was positively the last night.

At the door of his cheerless boarding house no one greets him, and the evening meal is insipid, for no one cares whether he eats or does not eat. The room in the third story that evening seems doleful and repelling. A book snatched up from the stand proves to be dull, for no sister is there to look over with him. In despair he rushes out, reckless as to where he goes, if only he can see something that will make him stop thinking. That night may be the turning point in his history. Once within the fatal circle of sin, and the soul has no power to repel it. On that dark sea he is launched, where the gleam of joy is only the flash of the pit and the roar of laughter is only the creaking of the gates of the lost.

THE DANIELS IN BABYLON.

In many a country churchyard is now the grave of some youthful spirit that went away lithe and bounding, but came home diseased and crushed and blasted to disgrace the sepulcher of his fathers. Yet this exodus must be made. As from far distant hills rivers find their way through tunnels to great cities, so from far distant points of the country it is necessary that a stream of uncorrupted population shall pour into our great thoroughfares to keep them pure and manage the traffic of the world. Multitudes of such are constantly making their departure from home.

Tomorrow morning all of the thoroughfares leading toward the great cities of our land, on steamboat and rail car, there will be young adventurers for the first speeding away from their homes in order to try their fortune in town. The Lord stretch forth his arm for the deliverance of these Daniels away down in Babylon. Wherever your lot may be cast, in far inland town or in some great seaport, maintain in your absence the same principles of morals and religion which may have been instilled by parental solicitude.

And while you may feel in your heart and life the advantages of early religious culture, forget not those to whom you are chiefly indebted, and pray that as age comes upon them and the night of death begins to fall on their pathway, the hope of heaven may beam through the darkness, lustrous and steady as the evening star. The Lord forbid that by our conduct we should ever bring disgrace on a father's name or prove recreant to the love of a mother. The poet did not exaggerate when he exclaimed:

How sharper than a serpent's tooth, it is,
To have a thankless child.

What is more attractive than a pretty face with a fresh, bright complexion? For it, use *Pozzoni's Powder*.

The Latest.

Photographs on handkerchiefs, book marks, etc., will not break, wash out or fade, see samples at Jones & Co., 60 Yates street

Get prices from Victoria Lithograph Company for lithograph work before placing your orders.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

REDUCTION IN PRICE OF MILK

Why pay such extravagant prices for Milk and Cream, when by diluting HIGHLAND BRAND EVAPORATED CREAM you can obtain a much more delicious article for use on on the table or in the kitchen for less money. It has no equal as an INFANTS' FOOD. Ask your grocer for it.

OSBORNE HOUSE

Now open, in the newly-erected

Bossi Block, Pandora Avenue.

Thirty-five light and airy newly-furnished rooms, with all modern conveniences, at prices from $6 to $8 per month.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD

Expert white cook having been employed.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

Breakfast, 6 to 9. Lunch, 12 to 2. Dinner, 6 p.m. Restaurant open all day; short orders any time.

Day Board.....$4.00 per week.
Board and Room..... 1.00 per day.
do do ..... 6.00 per week.
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Having conducted successfully a boarding house at 8 Humboldt street for four years, and finding my premises inadequate, I resolved to open the above house, where, by studying the comfort and giving first-class accommodation, I hope to merit success. A good sitting-room, with the daily papers, furnished for the use of guests.

C. W. MONK, Proprietor.

my9-1m

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NOTICE

To Architects, Builders and Others:

THE PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.

is prepared to lay

Gravel Roofing at $5 per Square.

all work guaranteed.

PACIFIC ASPHALT CO.

J. E. CRANE, Sec.-Treas. a27-1m

NO PRIZES FOR STUPID PEOPLE.

IF you are one of the bright ones and can read the above rebus you may receive a reward which will pay you many times over for your trouble. The proprietor of THE LADIES' PICTORIAL WEEKLY offers either a first-class Upright Piano or a cheque for Three Hundred Dollars to the person who sends the first correct solution of the above rebus, a reward of a pair of genuine Diamond Ear Rings for the second correct solution, a complete Business Education at a Commercial College for the third correct solution: a solid Gold Watch for each of the next three correct solutions, a Silk Dress pattern (16 yards in any color) for each of the next five correct solutions, an elegant Diamond Brooch (solid gold) for each of the next ten.

Every one sending a solution must enclose with the same ten three cent stamps (or 30 cents in silver) for one month's trial subscription (five copies) to THE LADIES' PICTORIAL WEEKLY, *Canada's high-class, illustrated newspaper*. The envelope which contains correct solution bearing first postmark will receive first reward, and the balance in order as received.

For the correct solution received last is offered a Swift Safety Bicycle valued at $140, for the next to the last will be given a pair of genuine Diamond Ear Rings, for the third, fourth and fifth from the last will be awarded an elegant solid Gold Watch; to the sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth and tenth from the last will each be awarded either a Silk Dress pattern (16 yards in any color) or a Swiss Music Box, playing six pieces.

If there should be as many as one hundred persons sending correct solutions to this rebus, each will be rewarded with a valuable Prize. Names of those receiving leading rewards will be published in prominent newspapers throughout Canada.

Extra premiums will be offered to all who are willing to assist in increasing the subscription list of this popular illustrated weekly. The object in offering this prize rebus is to attract attention to and introduce our publication. It should not be classed with catch-penny affairs. You can easily ascertain as to our reliability by inquiring through any commercial agency. Perfect impartiality is guaranteed in giving the rewards. All solutions must be mailed on or before June 1st, 1892. Address:

LADIES' PICTORIAL WEEKLY, - (33) TORONTO, CANADA.

Cut the above advertisement out.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. J. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

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Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized, Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there, is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties. We have secured the services of Mr. R. H. Cavill, formerly of Swansea, where he was for five years connected with the Swansea Smelter. Mr. Cavill's practical experience as manager for the past 17 years, in some of the foremost mines and mills in California, Arizona, and Mexico Central America, together with his Swansea experience, gives him a thorough knowledge of the treatment and best methods of working refractory ores.

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SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 4 per cent. per annum.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1y W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

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SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

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BEST PLACE to buy the **BEST GROCERIES** at the **BEST PRICES.**

A choice line of PICKLES just arrived. Perfect satisfaction with every order.

TELEPHONE 448. No. 55 YATES STREET.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of Jessurun and Wormser.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all creditors and persons having claims against the estate of Isaac Benain Jessurun and Julius Wormser lately carrying on business at Victoria, British Columbia, under the name of Jessurun & Wormser, are hereby required to send by post prepaid to the undersigned, solicitors for Francis Gilbert Richards the younger, assignee and trustee for the benefit of the creditors of the said Jessurun and Wormser, a statement of their accounts and of the amounts due them, with full particulars of their claims and of the securities, if any, held by them, duly proved by proper declarations, together with their names and postoffice addresses, on or before the 1st day of June, 1892, after which date the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and he will not be liable for the said assets to any person or persons of whose claim or claims notice shall not have been received by the undersigned on the said date.

Dated the 27th day of April, 1892.

EBERTS & TAYLOR,
30 Langley street, Victoria.
Solicitors for the said Trustee.

ap30-sat-4t

YICK LUNG & CO.

Tailors and Grocers. Employment Office. All kinds of Chinese and Japanese labor supplied at shortest notice. Contracts taken. 34 Flagard street. my5-1m

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

I, WILLIAM SOMERVILLE, of the city of Victoria, hereby give notice that I intend to apply, at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the transfer to Andrew Rusta of the license now held by me to sell liquor by retail at the corner of Store and Discovery streets, in the said city.

May 7th, 1892.

my9-3t WILLIAM SOMMERVILLE.

NOT RESPONSIBLE.

Bark Lizzie Bell, from Liverpool.

NEITHER CAPTAIN D. LEWIS NOR THE undersigned will be responsible for the debts contracted by the crew of the above vessel.

R. P. RITHET & CO., Ltd.
Agents.

my9-1m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I, the undersigned Frederick William Garland, intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria at the next sitting of the Board to be held on Wednesday, the 8th day of June next, for a license to sell and supply beer, porter and wines by retail with meals and not otherwise, at the restaurant intended to be called "The Balmoral Restaurant," situate on the east side of Douglas street in the said city, upon part of City Lot No. 410, Block 14, and being part of the Kirk Block in the said city.

F. W. GARLAND.

Dated 6th May, 1892. my9

CHILDS-DREXEL HOME.

A Refuge for Worn-out Members of the Typo. Union.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., May 12.—The Childs-Drexel Home for Printers was dedicated here to-day with appropriate ceremonies. The building is located one mile from the city on an elevation which overlooks the Garden of the Gods, Pike's peak and the Manitou and Cheyenne canyons. It is built of white lava stone, with red sandstone trimmings, is four stories high, 144x40 feet, equipped with all modern conveniences, and cost $80,000. The home is George W. Childs' idea. He interested

THE PRINTERS' HOME.

Banker A. J. Drexel in it, and together they gave $10,000 as the basis of the building fund, and the 65,000 members of the International Typographical Union contributed the remainder. Colorado City gave the ground. Rooms in the building have been furnished by unions in St. Louis, Chicago, San Francisco and New York, and one by the Chicago Inter Ocean. The gathering of a fine library has already begun.

At the dedication to-day, Hon. Ira G. Sprague, mayor of Colorado Springs, delivered an address of welcome on behalf of the city, in which he spoke in eulogy of printers and the printing trade, instancing many illustrious men, beginning with Horace Greeley, who had been printers. Governor John L. Routt delivered the address of welcome on behalf of the state, congratulating Colorado on being chosen by the donors as the site for the building, and the donors for having selected the most suitable spot in the country.

Hon. George W. Childs, of the codonors of the institution, spoke briefly, saying:

Forty-one years ago the International Typographical Union was established. The printers' union not only spread the light of education and reason over this vast continent, but they had given to labor a higher dignity and broader independence and all those qualities which render it of the greatest worth. The speaker continued, saying he had been more or less intimately associated with printers from boyhood. He naturally sympathized with them, and what little he had been able to do to express his respect and admiration for them had honored him more in the giving than the craft in receiving. The printers were not indebted to him, but he to them.

As Childs concluded he was roundly applauded. August Donath, of Washington City, followed Childs with a brief history of the home. Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, then delivered the oration of the day. President Cappellar, of the National Editorial Association, spoke briefly, as did the venerable Bishop McClaren, of Chicago, an old-time friend of Mr. Childs. Rev. A. E. Keifer closed the ceremonies with a benediction.

The dedicatory exercises were preceded by a parade of military and civic societies and the printers' union.

The Childs party will remain in Colorado Springs till Saturday.

Color Line at Yale.

NEW YORK, May 13.—A special from New Haven to the Sun says: Last fall Dean Francis Wayland, of the Yale law school, announced that he would give a $50 prize to that member of the Kent club who should make the most points in a debate on a subject which he would select. Recently the club appointed a committee to select eight men to contest for the prize. Among the men chosen were J. P. Spurgeon and L. R. Wifley. Spurgeon is a colored man, and is from Richmond, Va. He is considered bright. Wifley is one of the hardest workers in the class, and is a very high stand man. His home is in Mexico, Missouri. Yesterday Wifley withdrew from the contest, and it was said that his withdrawal was due to the fact that he would have to meet a colored man in the contest. Wifley said this morning that if Dean Wayland asked for a reason for his resignation he would give it. Wifley has told his friends, however, that he resigned on account of Spurgeon. Spurgeon said to-day: "I have been in the law school for two years; Wifley has been only one. I have always been present at the meetings of the Kent Club, and have been well received, with one exception. That was last year, when I was appointed to debate against R. Miller of the class of '91. I can't see any reason why I should not be allowed to debate for the prize. I shall prepare my speech and deliver it."

News From Ounalaska.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 13.—The steamer St. Paul has arrived from Ounalaska, in nine days. There is absolutely no news of the sealing fleet, and the St. Paul did not sight a single cruiser or sealer going up or coming down, or while in port. The St. Paul brings news of the whaling fleet. Steam whalers arrived and departed as follows: Belleville, April 3, 7; Thesper, April 4, 11; Orca, April 4, 11; Beluga, April 5, 12; Narwhal, April 10, 15; Balena, April 10, 15; Karluka, April 17, 21; Grampus, April 25, 26. The schooner Rosario arrived on April 5, and left on the 22nd. The mail steamer Elsie arrived on April 6, and left on the 18. No whales were taken up to date, but the fleet reported all well. The winter had been an extremely cold one at Ounalaska. The steamer Jeannie will leave for Ounalaska with supplies to-day.

New Sugar Process.

HAVANA, May 13.—The process of a French chemist, consisting of mixing molasses with cane juice for manufacturing sugar, seems to have proved a success, if recent reports from Cienfuegos are true. It is said that the new process is affording excellent results, and yields 11½ per cent. of first rate sugar, polaring 98.30 degrees on an average. The manager of an American sugar refinery declares that the sugar thus produced is as handsome as any straw sugar ever imported in the United States, and will readily pay for all the cargo of that brand 1 1-16 cent more than the ruling prices.

A Thousand Pounds for Libel.

LONDON, May 13.—In the case of Mr. and Mrs. Ivan Caryll, otherwise Tilkins, Mrs. Caryll being known as Geraldine Ulmar, against F. Tracey Greaves, London correspondent of the New York World for libel, the jury this afternoon returned a verdict against Greaves for £1000 damages. The libelous article was published in the New York World in October last. It was a dispatch from London and suggested that Caryll, who had been married to Ulmar in the March previous, thought of instituting proceedings against his wife for divorce on grounds of alleged intimacy with Horace S. Edger, manager of the Lyric Theatre, at which both Mr. and Mrs. Caryll were engaged. No attempt was made to establish the truth of the libel, the defence presented being that Greaves was not responsible either for its authorship or its publication.

General Cobb Dead.

MARYSVILLE, Cala., May 13.—Gen. H. Cobb died in this city last evening, aged 75. He formerly lived in Texas, where he held various positions in state offices, and as a soldier and officer in the Mexican and Indian wars became widely known. He afterwards entered the navy and rose to the rank of Lieutenant. During his residence in California General Cobb occupied a number of responsible positions of honor and trust. He served as assistant adjutant general on the staff of General Haven, as brigadier-general of the second brigade, and for several years as major-general of division, commanding the State forces.

An Insurance Fraud.

BRIDGETOWN, Maine, May 13.—About a hundred Bridgetown citizens were insured lately in the Fidelity Assurance Company, of California, by a stranger who said he was S. S. Wakefield, of Jay, Maine. The policies have just arrived, and each contains the following clause: "This policy is and shall be in full cause and effect provided the insured shall be located not more than 50 miles north of the Gulf of Mexico." Wakefield left town a week ago.

Welcomed by Russians.

RIGA, May 13.—The American steamer Conemaugh, Captain Spencer, from Philadelphia, loaded with flour, grain and other provisions for famine-stricken Russian peasants, arrived in Riga last night. This morning the work of discharging the vessel began. The officials of Riga went on board the Conemaugh this morning and expressed their hearty gratitude for the generosity of the American people.

The McKinley Tariff.

LONDON, May 13.—Mr. Lowther, Parliamentary Under Secretary for the Foreign Office, stated in the House of Commons to-day that the report of Carroll H. Wright upon the effects of the McKinley tariff would be placed in the library of the House of Commons as soon as received from America.

Irish Convention Suggested.

DUBLIN, May 13.—It is suggested that a convention of representatives of the Irish-Americans be held in connection with the World's Fair in 1893, to decide upon a plan for Irish independence.

A PROTEST FROM CHILCOTIN.

TO THE EDITOR:—The other day, two intending settlers camped near my house, and on my telling them that I was the representative of the "Chilcotin Eye Opener," they were good enough to tell me their business. They were looking for land on which to settle, and showed me a map gotten up by one A. L. Poudrier, Government surveyor, showing forth how that at a certain point there were many thousand acres of fine bunch grass range. I told them that to my own knowledge Mr. Poudrier had never been near the place, and that I had, and all that grows on the fine range is stunted pine trees *ad lib.*, and furthermore that what Mr. P. says with regard to the minute portion of Chilcotin that came under his immediate observation is entirely unreliable. I happen to know every inch of the road travelled by Mr. P. in this section, and can say that were it not from maps already prepared by Dawson and others that of Mr. P. would have been very slim, and the Government perhaps would have seen the propriety of spending a little more of the public funds on the public, and not in providing picnics for Government officials. If what I have said be of any use to the intending settler, I have not spoken in vain. I say, take it all *cum grano salis*. And while on the subject of Chilcotin, I may as well have my kick out. A certain amount of money is voted for a bridge across the Chilcotin river. Good. Piles are got out, lumber is cut, and all piled up near the river. Then when we are expecting the speedy conclusion of the business, the men are discharged and we are cooly informed that nothing more will be done for the present. May I ask why in the name of conscience, when the money is actually provided (a wonder in itself), we are not to have our bridge? I suppose it will be resumed about election time. But some of us know a thing or two, and that old election dodge is getting very stale. We might as well live in the middle of the ocean for all the benefits we derive from Government in this section. Here is an example. An Indian stole a horse, was arrested, and broke jail. To this day he has not been retaken, lives comfortably in the rancherie, and brags that the white man is afraid to catch him. How are we to be protected from the natives, when the law is not administered? The Indians have not forgotten how they cleared the white men out some years back, and are quite willing to take advantage of the smallest encouragement.

JABEZ.

A Fashionable Drink.

Menier Chocolate is a fashionable drink. Did you ever try it? Send postal card for samples and directions to C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Discharged for Want of Evidence.

MARYSVILLE, Cal., May 13.—John Curtin, a young man brought here from Heppner, Oregon, for shooting brakeman C. Carley, in this city, last month, was released to-day after preliminary examination in which the prosecution failed to secure evidence of his guilt. His father, a Fresno real estate agent, is here now, and threatens to bring a heavy damage suit because of the prosecution.

The Silver Question.

LONDON, May 13.—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchequer, declared in reply to a question that it would be premature to disclose the instructions to be given to the British delegates attending the international conference in relation to silver coinage, as the Government had not decided upon the precise form of instructions.

Now is the time to take a good tonic medicine. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses the greatest merit, and is a popular favorite.

THE :: CLARENCE

Corner Yates and Douglas streets.

100

Newly Furnished Rooms

At prices to suit all.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE SUITES.

MRS. JENNIE AGNEW, LESSEE

ap19-tf

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Saturday, May 14.

The Great American Humorist,

ELI PERKINS

SUBJECT:

"The Philosophy of Wit."

Seats now at Jamieson's. my11-td

McMAHON'S

GREAT NEW YORK

CIRCUS

COMING

MONDAY AND TUESDAY May 16 and 17

Larger, Richer and Better Than Ever.

Circus Grounds, cor. Douglas & Herald

Doors open at 1 and 7 p.m.

ADMISSION 25 AND 50 CTS.

my12-4t

VICTORIA :: THEATRE

Two Nights Only, May 16 and 17

The Management begs to announce the special engagement, for two nights only, of the universally conceded most popular comedian in the country, Mr.

GUS WILLIAMS

who will be seen in the well-tested and beautiful home comedy,

KEPPLER'S -:- FORTUNES

Assisted by a specially engaged company under the direction of Geo. W. Lederer and John W. Hamilton. An Irresistibly Comical entertainment, totally devoid of trashy situations and horse-play. my12-4t

1892. 1892.

SPRING MEETING

Victoria Jockey Club

.....AT.....

VICTORIA DRIVING PARK,

Saturday : May : 21

MONDAY, MAY 23, and WEDNESDAY, MAY 25.

PRIZES : : $3,000

SATURDAY, MAY 21, 1892.

1st Race—Trotting and Pacing. 2:30 class. Mile heats; 3 in 5.....Purse, $400.00.

2nd Race—Running, 1 mile. Open.....Purse, $200.00.

3rd Race—Queen's Plate. For all horses foaled, owned and raised in the Province, that have never won public money. Second horse to save entrance money. Distance, 1½ miles. Weights for age. Horses that have ever left Canada or have ever been out of the Province for more than one month at a time, ineligible. Entrance, 10 per cent. Entries close 2nd May.....Purse, $500.00 and Plate.

MONDAY, MAY 23, 1892.

1st Race—Trotting and Pacing, free for all. Mile heats, 3 in 5.....Purse, $400.00.

2nd Race—Running, 1¼ miles, to be known as the British Columbia Handicap. For all horses owned in the Province six months previous to giving of race. Entrance, 10 per cent. Half forfeit if declared by 10th May. Entries close 2nd May. Six to enter. Minimum weight 110 pounds. Entries for this race will require to give full particulars as to breeding, age, sex and performance.....Purse, $500.00.

3rd Race—Indian Ponies. Siwashes to ride. 1 mile dash. 1st $30.00, 2nd $20.00.....Purse, $50.00.

WEDNESDAY, MAY. 25, 1892.

1st Race—Trotting and Pacing, 2:40 class. For all horses owned in the Province six months previous to giving of race. 3 in 5; Mile heats; purse, $250.

2nd Race—Running, half mile and repeat. Open. Purse $175.00.

3rd Race—Novelty race. Entrance fee $15. Purse $100, entrance money added, to be divided as follows:—First horse to pass quarter pole, 20 per cent.; first to pass half, 20 per cent.; first at three-quarter, 30 per cent., and first under wire 30 per cent.

4th Race—Shetland Ponies. One quarter mile and repeat. Entrance free. Prize, Silver Cup.

For entry forms, apply to

W. H. BAINBRIDGE,
Secretary, Victoria.

Address P.O. Box 286. a2

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL

(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

(House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

Investors and Settlers

THE FOLLOWING ARE CHEAP AND ARE CONFIDENTLY RECOMMENDED.

29.—60 acres in 5 and 10 acre blocks, close to city limits. Cheap.

9.—100 acres at Saanich Agricultural Hall—good roads, fine land. Cheap and on easy terms to a worker.

28.—1 acre building and garden land, three miles from postoffice. A bargain. $450. Installment plan.

CITY :: SNAPS.

155.—New 5-room House in Victoria West. $12 installments till paid or.

156.—New 3-room Cottage in Victoria West. $12 installments till paid for.

4.—Carey Road. New elegant 5-roomed Cottage. Full-sized lot. A bargain. $15 installments.

149.—James Bay. Three-roomed house and lot. $1050. On very easy term.

Frederick Street. Extra large lot. Large cottage, barn and shed. Fine garden. A bargain if sold at once.

A. WILLIAMS & CO.

5 STORE STREET,

OPPOSITE RAILWAY DEPOT

F. W. NOLTE & CO.

(Successors to Hyams)

OPTICIANS.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES

Opera, Field and Marine Glasses, and all kind of Optical Instruments.

The Correct Adjustment of Spectacles and Eyeglasses our specialty.

WE ARE THE

ONLY OPTICIANS

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

27 FORT STREET.

ROSENTHAL'S CAFÉ ROYAL.

We are prepared to furnish Banquets, Weddings, Balls, Receptions and Afternoon Teas. Eastern and Olympia Oysters. Ice Cream made daily. Finest French Candies made fresh daily; also Chocolate Eclairs, Macaroons, Cream Puffs, Pies and all kinds of German Pastry. All short orders served. Open all night. Ladies' side entrance to boxes.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

VICTORIA

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

Delta Brand Family Flour,
Superfine Flour Bran and Shorts

No. 64 & 66 Store St. Victoria.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer,

52 Government street, Victoria.

C. B. LOCKHART & CO.,

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. au15

REMOVAL

THOS. STOREY

UNDERTAKER,

Has removed from his old stand on Government street to

NO. 90 JOHNSON STREET,

Three doors from Douglas street, where the business will be carried on as usual.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

MRS. McGREGOR,

MIDWIFE,

Has removed to No. 137 Cormorant St.—above Blanchard.

fe27

PLATE GLASS

We have a consignment of Plate Glass, which we expect

To Arrive About April.

APPLY TO

MUIRHEAD & MANN

2-tf

FLOWER SEEDS

Just received, direct from

ENGLAND AND GERMANY,

—A—

Very Choice Assortment

—OF—

FLOWER SEEDS.

G. A. McTAVISH

9 PARK ROAD, VICTORIA.

FOR SALE

ON THE FRASER RIVER,

160 ACRES.

Good land, in Township 14, New Westminster District. For further particulars apply to

D. W. SUTHERLAND,
Mt. Lehman, B.C.

ly13-tf

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 55 Third street, Victoria. m29-tf

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.

have received instructions from the executors in the estate of Catherine Hotz, deceased, to sell by

PUBLIC - AUCTION

the property known as

—THE—

Colonist Hotel,

The Good-will of Business, Furniture, Bar Fixtures, Stock of Liquors, Etc., Etc.

—THE—

CORNER LOT

opposite the Colonist Hotel, fronting on

BEACON - HILL - PARK

Maps containing full particulars to be had on April 9th from Messrs.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
SOLICITORS,
OR THE AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION SALE

J. A. JOHNSON & CO.

will sell by auction at their salesroom, 97 DOUGLAS ST., CORNER JOHNSON,

—ON—

TUESDAY NEXT, THE 17th INST.

The entire stock of new and elegant

Household Furniture,

CARPETS, ETC.

Including one handsome Silk Brocatelle Drawingroom Suite, Oak Sideboards and Extension Tables, Solid Oak and Walnut Bedroom Suites, Students' Chairs, Easy Chairs, Couches, Ladies' Secretaires, Five O'clock Tea Tables, Walnut Whatnot, Oak and Mahogany Music Cabinets, Piano Stools and Scarfs, Elegant Hall Stands in oak and walnut, Oil Paintings and Steel Engravings, Silver, Glass and China Ware, Chenille Portieres, Chenille and Lace Curtains, Chenille Damask and Lace Curtains, Cornice Poles, Table Covers, Tapestry Room and Stair Carpeting, Bed Spreads, Hall and Parlor Lamps, etc., etc., the whole of which was carefully selected, is of the best quality, and necessarily offers a capital opportunity for dealers to replenish their stocks.

Sale to commence at 11 o'clock sharp.

J. A. JOHNSON & CO.,
my13 Auctioneers.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.

SEASONABLE GOODS

JUST RECEIVED.

PICNIC BASKETS PAPER NAPKINS
PAPER LANTERNS

Cheap Cups and Saucers, Dishes, &c.

LILY BULBS AT GIVE-AWAY PRICES.

T. S. FUTCHER,

41 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B.C.

MUNICIPAL.

VICTORIA CRESCENT, from its intersection with McClure street, to Quadra street, is closed to traffic during removal of rock, until further notice.

S. T. STYLES,
Chairman Street Committee.

Victoria, March 3rd, 1892. mh3

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

REAL ESTATE P&M BROKERS.

P&M

$400—Lot on Richmond avenue on terms to suit.
$1600—Four-roomed cottage and stable on Johnson St.
$650—Lot, corner Leighdon road and Richmond avenue (67½x120).
$825—One lot on Tennyson road on easy terms.
$800—Five-roomed 1½-story house on lot (60'x100), Victoria West. Terms, $300 cash, balance on time.
$350—One lot on Shakespeare avenue, Fernwood.
$1350—Lot on corner of Oak Bay and Terrace avenue. Fenced and cleared. On easy terms.
$50 EACH—Two lots on a corner in the Town of Balfour, between Nelson and Kaslo Cities, Kootenay. This is a genuine bargain and is only offered for a few days.
$375—Lot on Richmond avenue, close to car line.
$200 AN ACRE—Choice land in blocks from one acre to 10 or 20 acres, on easy terms.
$300 AN ACRE—Blocks containing five acres each, situate close to town, all cleared, and with good stream on property.
$475—Two lots in the Fountain Addition on easy terms.
$200 AN ACRE—Block in sizes to suit in the District of Alberni, suitable for subdivision.
$500 EACH—Twelve lots, Hillside avenue.
$850—One lot, Hillside avenue, ¼ block from Fountain.

House to rent, Fort street, $12 per month.
House to rent, James Bay, $17 per month.
Two houses to rent, Spring Ridge, $11 per month.
One house to rent, Douglas street, $17 per month.
One house to rent, Oak Bay avenue, $17 per month.
One house to rent, Fourth street, near Hillside, $12 per month

Notaries Public and Conveyancers.

PAGE & MacGREGOR
18—Trounce Avenue—18

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

WHEELING.

Canada will be represented by six good men in the great American Pullman road race. The Canadians are Palmer, Cameron, Skerrett, Nash, Wells and E. J. P. Smith of Toronto, Woodstock and Hamilton. Palmer, who is champion of Canada, will ride a 22 pound Rudge pneumatic.

Pneumatics will be handicapped 300 yards in the TIMES championship race to be run on the 23rd. This will give ordinaries and cushion tires an advantage, and among those who will enter, are Jeffrey, Minor and Lawrenson.

Charlie Godson this morning received a letter from Nanaimo asking him to send a catalogue of "new matics" to the writer.

The Canadian Wheeling Association has chosen Kingston as the city in which to hold the annual meet on the 1st of July. There was a hard fight for the meeting between Sarnia and Kingston, President Hill casting his vote for the latter city. Some of Victoria's flyers should be sent to Kingston to take part. The championship races to be run are the ½, 1, 3 and 5 mile. It is expected that Carmen will lower the one mile record to 2.16.

LACROSSE.

The first match of the championship series was played at Westminster today between the Vancouver and Westminster teams. W. H. Cullen, of Victoria, acted as referee, and a number of other Victorian lacrossists went over on the Islander this morning to witness the game. The Royal City team is composed as follows: Allen, McKenna, Campbell, McKenzie, Ketchum, Coldwell, Stewart, Lewis, Ryal, Dalglish, Cambridge, Brouse, McDonald. The Vancouver men are: Spain, Suckling, Cheyne, Swift, Peard, Morency, Nicholls, Higenbotham, Smith, McGregor, Quigley, Draper, and J. A. Smith, captain.

THE OAR.

VICTORIOUS WARSPITES.

H.M.S. Warspite's four-oared crew won the trial race yesterday afternoon on the Gorge, against a crew composed of officers from the Warspite and Melpomene. The combined crew took the lead and kept it to Deadman's Island, where they were four lengths ahead. The Warspites, who had been carefully held in by their stroke, were then released for earnest work. They overhauled the other boat very quickly, pulling a strong, steady and well-timed stroke and won the race by half a length. The Warspite crew consists of Lieut. Sir R. K. Arbuthnot, Lieut. A. P. Æthelstone, Mr. M. H. Hodges, Mr. O. P. Prentis, Mr. C. H. Cooper (coxswain). H.M.S. Champion's picked crew will row the winners in yesterday's contest, and the victors in this final struggle will compete in the regatta.

BASEBALL.

During the week the Sehl's factory baseball nine have been practising hard, and last night the Weiler factory club did their first work on the diamond. An effort is being made to arrange a match between the teams for Saturday next.

The James Bay and V.A.C. clubs are doing all the practice they can in the evenings in anticipation of the matches with the American ball tossers on the 23rd and 24th.

THE TURF.

THE KEMPTON PLATE.

LONDON, May 13.—This was the day of the Kempton Park meeting. Royal, a two-year-old, won the plate. The five furlongs, straight away, was won by Abiagdon's colt, Milford. Botterill's filly, Minting Queen, was second, and Colonel North's colt, Royal Harry, third.

BROOKLYN HANDICAP.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Cassius was this morning scratched from the Brooklyn handicap.

THE GUN.

The members of the Union Gun Club held a practice shoot at Macauley's Point yesterday afternoon. They are practicing hard for the matches that are to take place during the season. It is expected that a match will be arranged with the Tacoma team for the 23rd.

THE MORPHINE ROUTE.

Clarence M. Graffatt Commits Suicide at Nanaimo.

NANAIMO, May 14.—Clarence M. Graffatt, a man about 30 years of age, committed suicide yesterday at the Provincial Hotel. He arrived here over a month ago from Vancouver, and has remained here in idleness since then, except for a few days when he worked for Llewellyn, the diver. For the last few days he has kept to his room, on account of indisposition. Yesterday the bartender went up to the room, and receiving no response to his knock, burst open the door. He found Graffatt in a dying condition, a doctor was sent for, but nothing could be done for the suicide, who shortly after breathed his last. The cause of death was soon discovered in a hypodermic syringe, with which the deceased had made two injections of morphine into his thighs. The syringe was found in a leather case, along with a note bequeathing it to "Cora C. Hicks, 1012 Haro street, Vancouver." On the leaves of a notebook found beside the bed was written the following letter:—

MY FEELINGS AS I PASS INTO ETERNITY.

Stimulation, then thoughts of kindred so far very agreeable, probably on account of stimulation. Then thoughts of the woman whom I have loved better than life itself, but of whom circumstances and events have convinced me I should have no confidence. A gradual inclination to sleep, with the idea that I should take no more injection before surrendering to make sure of——— can't think of the word———dissolution.

Should very much prefer to meet dissolution in some other form, such as in battle or in defence of my country or in any lively dispute of a lawful character in which I could do myself credit and fight on my merits as a man of bravery ———I do not think that I am a coward it is not so, neither am I crazy. I am simply sick, tired and discouraged with the world at large, the proper place for me who has so lost confidence in himself and his supposed friends is eternity. I must go to sleep.

Goodbye, Cora.

CLARENCE.

It is learned that Miss Hicks is a professional nurse living in Vancouver. It is further stated that she removed from San Francisco largely for the purpose of escaping the attentions of Gaffatt, who afterwards followed her from the Bay City to Vancouver and then came to Nanaimo. Gaffatt had letters of recommendation from a San Francisco druggist and the manager of the electric light works in Alameda, with both of whom he had been employed.

Died of Heart Disease.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Senator Barbour, of Virginia, died quite unexpectedly at his residence, Second B street, this morning at 6:30 o'clock. The senator awakened shortly before and aroused Capt. Shephard, of Warrenton, Va., who was his guest, stating that he was sorely oppressed as with croup, and asked him to send for a physician. Returning to his own room, Senator Barbour lay down and died within ten minutes. Physicians pronounced the cause heart failure. There was no premonition of the tragic end. In 1885, while in Europe, Senator Barbour experienced a similar attack but it soon passed away. Last week at the race he complained of a similar feeling but it was not severe enough to disturb him or to cause him to abandon any of his duties. He was in the Senate yesterday as usual and in the morning attended a meeting of the committee on affairs of the district of Columbia. Senator Barbour left no immediate family. His wife's sister, Miss Dangerfield, presided over his household, and a brother resides in Culpepper, Va., Sergeant-at-arms Valentine, of the Senate, is in charge of the funeral arrangements.

His Body Cremated.

LONDON, May 13.—In accordance with his wish, repeated not long before his death, the body of the late Baron Bramwell was cremated to-day at Woking. Only his immediate and intimate friends were present.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Statistical Report—The Question of Starting a College.

NANAIMO, May 14.—At yesterday morning's session of the Methodist Conference, the statistical committee submitted their report. This stated that the committee had examined the district schedules and compared them with those of last year, and report an increase in membership of 456. All the connectional funds are in advance of last year to the amount of $1747. In the number of Sabbath schools there is also a gratifying increase. The total amount raised for circuit purposes exceeds that of last year by $4494. The advance in the sum raised for ministerial support is $3988. The total increase in the amount raised for all purposes is $11,229. The totals amount raised for all purposes are as follows:—Connectional funds, $8354; circuit purposes, $42,536; ministerial support, $18,874; total, $69,764.

Rev. Bryant from the Financial Committee asked if it was the intention to have a Conference Collection in aid of the Sustentation Fund, for at present there was a deficit of $4348 and only $210 available towards that deficiency. After some discussion it was decided that a collection be taken at the temperance meeting on Saturday evening towards the Sustentation Fund, and that Mr. Noah Shakespeare and the president make the appeal to the meeting. Rev. Bryant said he had obtained the information desired.

T. R. Pearson reported the minutes of the education committee re the establishment of a Methodist college in British Columbia. It was estimated that at least $2500 would be necessary for the salaries of three teachers, matron, steward and servant, exclusive of board and lodging, and at least $5000 per annum for living and incidental expenses. The estimated revenue was: 20 students at $100 each—$2000; board at $5 per week—$4000, leaving a deficit to be met by the Conference of $1500 for the first year without any provision to erect a suitable building.

There was a long discussion on the report, Rev. Messrs. Betts, Robson, J. Hall and others speaking warmly in support of the college project. Rev. C. Watson thought the burden would be too heavy along with those at present carried. Finally on motion of Rev Mr. Robson the matter was referred back to the education committee, to which were added Messrs. N. Shakespeare, D. Spencer, S. Gough, Prof. Odlum, and Revs. J. Hall and Maitland.

The Italian Ministry.

ROME, May 13.—Signor Brin, has accepted the office of Minister of Foreign Affairs in the new cabinet. Signor Pselloux, to whom the Ministry of War was offered, is wavering.

Must Leave Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 13.—Ten thousand foreign Jews in Odessa have been ordered to leave Russia forthwith.

Ecru lace curtains in great variety at D. Spencer's.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

BIRTH.

COLLIS—On the 11th inst. the wife of H. Percy Collis, Taunton street, of a daughter.

DIED.

WILSON—In this city on the 12th instant, of paralysis, Ira Wilson of Cadboro Bay, a native of England, aged 42 years.

The funeral will take place on Sunday at 2:30 o'clock from the Foresters' Hall, Government St., and at St. John's church at 2:45 p.m. Friends are invited to attend.

HEAL—In this city on the 14th inst., David C. Heal, a native of Bowmanville, Ontario, aged 46 years.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, corner Johnson and Blanchard streets, on Monday at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. O. F.

MEMBERS OF COURT VANCOUVER, No. 5755, A.O.F., are requested to meet at their Hall on Sunday, May 15th, at 2 o'clock, to attend the funeral of our late Brother Ira Wilson. Members of sister courts are cordially invited to attend.

SYDNEY WILSON, Secretary.

my13-2i

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLOTHING UP TO DATE

—AT—

JOHN McCALLUM'S,

The Fashionable Tailor,

42 BROAD STREET.

New and Fashionable Goods Arriving Daily.

Now is the time to place your order for a handsome Scotch Cheviot Spring Suit and Stylish Overcoat at popular prices.

I WANT THE TRADE

of every gentleman interested in being well dressed. My stock is attractive, extensive, and reasonable in price, and all the garments turned out are made by skilled tailors, trained by years of experience.

I make a specialty of Dress Suits. Goods and prices tell the tale.

AT JOHN McCALLUM'S

The Live Man, with Live Goods, at Live Prices

42 BROAD STREET.

"GI'E US A CA'."

PROFITABLE ADVICE

When you want a nice Summer Suit, and don't want to spend a year's pay on it, don't get mad and put a face on you like a "Before Using" portrait of a dyspepsia medicine ad., but just call on

SIMPSON THE TAILOR,

No. 86 Government St.

$22.50 SUITS ELSEWHERE $25.00
$25.00 SUITS ELSEWHERE $30.00
$30.00 SUITS ELSEWHERE $35.00
$35.00 SUITS ELSEWHERE $40.00
$40.00 SUITS ELSEWHERE $45.00
$45.00 SUITS ELSEWHERE $50.00
BOYS' SUITS MADE TO ORDER

D. CAMPBELL & CO.

THE LEADING TAILORS

88 GOVERNMENT STREET.

C. P. N. CO., LD.

Steamer

DANUBE

Captain Meyer,

Will leave from Rithet's Inner Wharf

FOR FORT SIMPSON, NAAS RIVER,

And Way Ports.

MONDAY, MAY 16th, AT 5 P.M.

And from Outer Wharf at 8 p.m.

For freight and passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time, without notification.

JNO. IRVING, Manager.

my12-td

C. P. N. CO.'S STEAMER

MAUDE

CAPT. ROBERTS,

WILL LEAVE SPRATT'S WHARF

—FOR—

Alberni & Barclay Sound Ports

ON

MONDAY, MAY 16th,

AT 6 P.M. SHARP.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf street, Victoria, B.C. The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

my12-td

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED up to noon, Saturday, 21st inst., for the erection of a frame residence facing the southeast corner of Vancouver and Belcher streets.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Reliable bonds in full amount of contract will be required.

JNO. TEAGUE, Architect.

my13

TO BE RAFFLED FOR.

A SPLENDID PNEUMATIC BICYCLE, for one dollar. Winner of the $75 medal in a 5-mile race. The above can be seen and tickets obtained at Irving's boot store, 43 Fort street. Purchase your numbers at once. $1.00 each; 125 members.

my14-2i

MILLINERY.

EARLY SUMMER NOVELTIES.

NEW PATTERN HATS AND BONNETS.

The latest colors in Moire Ribbons.
A fine assortment of French Flowers.
The newest Veilings, including the fashionable Border.
New style Jet Crowns and Fronts.
Large assortment of Chip Hats and Bonnets, and Children's Leghorn and Grass Hats.
A choice variety of Coarse Plait Mixed Straw Hats—quite a novelty.

Mrs. Whitlaw's Millinery Parlors

ap18-1m 35 FORT STREET.

"CASH IS KING"

We want all our customers to read our new plan, as it is to their interest as well as ours that we make it. We propose to

Give Five Per Cent.

in goods on all sales and sell for cash only. Cash is king and we intend to prove it by our method of selling for cash.

MECHANIC'S CLOTHING STORE

55 JOHNSON STREET

W. G. CAMERON.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

CLOSING OUT SALE

SCOTCH HOUSE

No. 31 Fort Street

COMMENCING MONDAY, MARCH 28.

The entire stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishings will be sold at cost for cash, as the business must be closed out at an early date.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED

For the purchase of the entire Stock-in-Trade, Fixtures and Good will of the business. The business has been established for thirty years, and is well known in the province. Any person purchasing the business can secure a lease of the premises on favorable terms. For full information apply on the premises.

McLEAN & STEWART.

Dated the 25th March, 1892. mh26-tf

CHANGEABLE WEATHER

PROMOTES COUGHS.

LANGLEY'S BALSAM OF ANISEED

CURES COUGHS.

Prepared by

LANGLEY & CO., - - 21-23 YATES STREET.

Sold by all druggists.

IMPROVED FARM FOR SALE.

One hundred and sixty acres, 3½ miles from McPherson's Station. House and four outbuildings; eight acres cleared; good road to the property. Half of this farm is good bottom land on the banks of the Koksilah River. Good fishing and shooting. This is a bargain at $1400 for cash, or $1600 on easy terms.

A. W. MORE & CO.

70 DOUGLAS STREET.

CANADA PERMANENT

LOAN AND SAVINGS COMPANY

Head Office: Company's Buildings, Toronto Street, Toronto, Ontario.

J. HERBERT MASON, - - - - - PRESIDENT AND MANAGING DIRECTOR.

Subscribed Capital - $5,000,000 | Reserve Funds - - $ 1,562,252
Paid Up Capital - - 2,600,000 | Total Assets - - - 12,091,772

This Company is now prepared to accept applications for loans upon Improved City and Farm Securities at current rates of interest.

NO AGENTS' COMMISSION CHARGED THE BORROWER.

Full particulars on application to

HEISTERMAN & CO.,

75 Government Street,

Agents and Appraisers, Victoria District.

BODWELL & IRVING, Solicitors.

THE OLD CATHEDRAL TOWNS.

Gloucester, England, Far from Worn Ways of Travel, is Rich in History.

Mellow Traditions and Quaint Old Architecture of Long Ago---A Noble Cathedral.

GLOUCESTER, England, April 30.—From among the Cotswold hills I had for days caught enticing glimpses of the spires and roofs of ancient Gloucester grouped about the huge tower of its splendid cathedral, all snuggled amid rich verdure beside the gleaming waters of the Severn. The old cathedral town, far from the worn ways of travel, rich in history, legends and quaint old architecture of long ago, and still peaceful and simple in its provincial coloring and ways, at last won me from the mountains through winding beech lined roads and blossoming hawthorn lanes.

Besides there was a personal interest in the gray old town. All of us, title haters that we Americans fiercely assure the rest of the world we are, love to know, if we are honest enough to confess it, that away back somewhere along the blood line behind us there has been some one of our kin who was somebody, who really did something and who was man enough, good or bad, to have left an impress and record upon the affairs of his time. Without pride or envy I could contemplate those of my family and name who as the "eldest sons of eldest sons" had for nearly a thousand years enjoyed their titles, estates and castles over in Shropshire and Wales.

But to know that another relative, John Wakeman, the last abbot of Tewkesbury, chaplain to Henry VIII, had not only been made the first bishop of the see of Gloucester on its erection into a diocese the 3d of September, 1541, but had also been one of the translators of the New Testament, the Revelations of St. John having been assigned to him, was something to quicken the pace and send along the veins a pleasant thrill of fine satisfaction and pride.

Something after the manner of the ownership feeling of Silas Wegg in his innocent delusion regarding "Our House" and its "Miss Elizabeth," "Master George," "Aunt Jane" and "Uncle Parker," I found myself basking in the pleasant mysticisms of tolerative relationship. The very wraiths of history that haunt the valley seemed to come closer and clearer than though *my* relative had not been the first prelate of this important see. The Isle of Alney, there in the Severn, where Edmund Ironside and Canute the Dane in 1016 decided a great war by single combat, was tinted with the interest of a remote family incident. Tewkesbury across the valley yonder, where the house of York crushed the house of Lancaster, and the aisles of the old abbey ran with blood in the butchery of the adherents of ill fated Margaret and her murdered boy prince, came dreamily within the same gorgeous setting.

Even the mad antics of Richard Plantagenet, who was Duke of Gloucester (Gloster) and who conferred many honors and benefits upon the fine city and shire, took on a more favorable guise. The burning of Bishop Hooper hard by the cathedral gates paled behind the filmy veil of his troublous times. There was a personal and mournful interest in the cortege which bore the body of murdered Edward II to its resting place in the mighty cathedral.

Self gratulation is such a wanton jade and intoxicant that I tramped from the hills into the old cathedral city in elated exultance, almost meeting the gaze of honest Gloucester folk with the exuberance of expectant recognition. It seemed in my pleasant frame of mind as though the landlord of the humble inn where I came to lodge ought to have called me by name and come to the door to receive me. Perhaps he had never heard of my relative, the bishop.

But he merely glanced at my trousers and shoes. Then "boots" showed me to a room in the eaves. Returning shortly he presented a bill in advance as follows: "Lodging, one and sixpence; attendance, sixpence; candle, threepence; boots, threepence. Total, two and sixpence. Paid, with thanks."

I don't think the landlord expected "boots" to return with the money. But he did, and alive besides. For as I descended into the little vine hung inn yard I noticed with pain that the coffee room maid was gathering together, as if from hasty order, the remnants of some other traveler's recent meal, one who probably had luggage if no great relatives; and as I passed out into the pleasant streets of the leafy old city I was sorely haunted by the reflective query whether, had that landlord known of the prelate and of the titled folk over in Shropshire and Wales, he would have let me lodge at the little inn at all.

There was once a famous cross at the very center of Gloucester. The two main streets of the town intersect each other here. One running north and south is Northgate and Southgate to and from the place still called "The Cross." The other is Eastgate and Westgate to and from the same spot.

All that which is picturesque and charming from its antiquity, and that is much in Gloucester, will be found within a distance of 500 yards from the Cross, upon these intersecting thoroughfares, or in the sleepy old courts leading into them, always increasing in number and interest as you approach the Cross. In "the Rows" of Chester will undoubtedly be found the greatest number of oddly constructed half timbered old Elizabethan houses of any provincial city of England.

But here in Gloucester are certainly more and more winsome individual instances. At the corner of Northgate street and Shakespeare road, where B. Jenkins "Soles and Heels Gents' shoes for two and sixpence, and Ladies at one and nine," and is also "Barber and Naturalist," who, with his "human warious" reminds you strikingly of Mr. Venus in "Mutual Friend," is a quainter structure than ever Dickens painted.

A little farther up the same street, at No. 109, is the most characteristic old inn, entered through a huge arcade, I have yet found in England. It is called New Inn, though very, very old. It was built to accommodate the pilgrims to the tomb of Edward II, under the abbacy of Thomas Seabroke in 1454. It is 551 years old and absolutely intact.

In Westgate street, almost opposite where you enter the little court leading to the cathedral, is another strange old inn, not so large as New Inn, but even more fantastic and charming. Never elsewhere was seen such a radiant jumble of odd corners, little arches, protruding upper stories, peep holes of windows, gables, offices, "ostries," taprooms, and wealth of foliage and chubby cheeked barmaids to heighten the mysteries, cheer and charm of this typical old English inn.

Most of the shops are entered by steps below the street. One, two, three and four century old buildings bulge and protrude above them. Nearly all the structures in the district previously referred to have second stories, which project from one to three feet beyond the first, with curious old carved brackets where they stand at street corners, and more than half have third and fourth stories projecting in like manner.

All have strange, indescribably odd windows, tiny paned, little, big, broad, narrow, long, short, round and square, with lead cased lintels, and they furnish the quaintest collection of gables eyes ever beheld. Perhaps the primmest and tidiest of them all is the half timbered house and printing house of Robert Raikes, at No. 18 Southgate street. The body of the grand old philanthropist lies in the Church of St. Mary de Crypt, not fifty yards away.

Any one visiting the old cathedral towns of England will be deeply impressed by the extreme simplicity and almost rural character of their inhabitants. Barring the presence of a few modern innovations one seems to have come into the atmosphere of an old English novel. This is especially true in Gloucester. All day long the thoroughfares have a quiet country market coloring. The actual inhabitants slip about and attend to their meager affairs with a smiling, humble, tolerative air, as though they had unconsciously taken on the manners of the cathedral vergers and rather stood aside for the more strapping and brawny country element.

The latter furnishes many pleasant studies. Long coated, heavy jowled buyers are here. Frocked, listless, open mouthed yeomen are here. Your genuine English farmer is here, him with the stubby, sandy tabs of whiskers upon his ruddy face, with bushy brows, and a firm set mouth that ever opens and shuts with a sound as though a huge cork had been violently pulled. Snappy eyed farmers' wives are here, with ample skirts and bonnets, and plumes that would pique with envy a London costermonger belle. And better than all, here are bevies of the most radiant faced English countryside lasses eyes ever beheld.

A more stirring and quite as characterful a scene comes with the evening. The four tuned chimes of the sweet cathedral bells have scarcely ceased when thousands of Gloucester lads and lasses are upon the streets. The little shops are ablaze. All the household marketing of the day is now done for the morrow. One can scarcely make progress on the narrow walks, and the mass overflows upon and fills the carriageways. Then it is you will see innocent, unabashed, sturdy love making at its best. There is no secrecy about it. The smacking is resonant, the caressing unchecked, the embracing muscular and ardent. It increases in activity and universality until 10 o'clock. Then out go the lights, and away to their homes whisk the young folk, their heavy hobs beating thundrously upon the resounding pavements. Almost in an instant you are alone with the helmeted roundsmen upon their beats, and utter silence has fallen upon the old cathedral town.

However others may feel I never enter an Old World cathedral without awe in my heart, apart and distinct from that direct and instinctive reverence which the sacred character of the structure impels.

This is because I stand in a spot which is a tomb of innumerable personages who have assisted in making or have gained places in the world's history; because the upbuilding, preservation, destruction, rehabilitation of what my hands may touch or eyes behold have often changed dynasties, impoverished treasuries, created pilgrimages and sacrificed countless lives, and, more than all else, because for century after century thousands upon thousands of great minds have with matchless fidelity given of their best effort, or absolutely their life's devotion, toward the perfection of this mighty prayer in stone.

And there are cathedrals and cathedrals besides. There are the vast and gloomy sort like York Minster; those of Doric ponderosity, like St. Paul's in London, and those that blind, if not the spiritual, the physical sight with their vastliness and ghastliness, like Canterbury.

But it seems to me that whether you contemplate this Gloucester cathedral from without until your mind's receptivities of form and proportion have brought its fine outlines and majestic central tower into the most fitting shape you can conceive stone to be set in sacred structure, or have stood at the side of and just beneath its west window within the nave and followed its splendid lines of depth and height up and on, up and on, past choir screen and choir, the delicate flying buttresses across the great transept openings above, the wondrous carvings of the chancel and the chantry faces, the high altar and the filmy gothic reredos to that marvelous east window, greatest in Britain, behind, you have here feasted upon as perfect a Christian temple as the inspired builders have ever wrought.

And for these reasons: Massiveness and spaciousness have been brought into loving proportion. Perspective and embellishment are here a poem in harmony. Loftiness has been, in the delicate groining, fretwork and tracery of the roof, so luminously enwreathed that all the upward aspect to the beholder is one of instant and lasting exultation. Never elsewhere have I seen such perfect blending of miracles of human handiwork with the magic of distance and the enchantment of light. It can only be likened to the arched vaulting of majestic forest trees, where innumerable interlacing branches and leaves so filter, but do not turn back, the sunlight, that from highest arch to sward beneath there is a pulsing, palpable, transcendent glow.

To the art lover simply there is profound pleasure to be derived from a visit to Gloucester cathedral. The student of ecclesiastical art will discover ample examples from the time of the old Anglo-Saxon builders down past the early Norman workers, along the development in first and middle Pointed, Perpendicular and the modern Gothic. Whoever loves to dwell upon ecclesiastical history will find a world of material in tradition and fact from the time of Lucius, in the second century, to that of Victoria in this. The antiquarian can come upon a no richer field. And he who delves in civil history will find much to feast upon here where parliaments have assembled, kings have been crowned and monarchs lie entombed.

More unique, splendid and interesting than those of any other British cathedral are the cloisters. North and south they are 144 feet in length, 147 feet long in the east and west alleys, 12 feet wide and 18 feet in height, with the famous chapter house reached from the east walk. The fan vaulting of their roof is the earliest specimen in England and the most magnificent extant. Here in open, arched and embattled recesses, overlooking the sunny cloister garth, the old monks studied and wrote. One will linger long and lovingly in these. And, could I have my wish, with the chapter house for a dormitory, in these noble cloisters I would idle and dream, and in restfulness and peace work out some grand design.

EDGAR L. WAKEMAN

M. E. ROY.

ANOTHER BATTLE FOUGHT.

The Victorious Banner of Paine's Celery Compound Lifted on High!

IT DRAWS THE MULTITUDES!

A Serious and Critical Case—Was not Able to Get Out of Bed Without Help—Captain Neal, of the Northwest Mounted Police, Recommends the Great Cure—The Grand Results.

As far as Paine's Celery Compound is concerned, it can be positively stated that, to-day, the doubters and skeptics are silent. They are mute—dumb—and look on with wonder, awe and astonishment. Their jeers and uncultured remarks are not heard now; their predictions are not fulfilled, and the wise, prudent and discerning man and woman treat them with contempt and indifference.

Why this mighty change? What has occurred to silence the scoffers, the mockers, the gibers and the contemptuous? Simply the fact that Paine's Celery Compound has achieved great and glorious victories, grand conquests over disease and death, and now is elevated to a pinnacle of fame never reached by any remedy that the world ever heard of. This accounts for the silence and utter discomfiture of all skeptics, doubters and mockers.

Thrilling and wonderful accounts come in every week of cures and rescues from death; indeed these letters are so numerous, that it is found difficult to bring them all before the public. The letters and testimonials that are given to the newspaper reader of Canada, are however, so full of truths and facts—so pregnant with deep interest to men and women everywhere who suffer—that they immediately convince, and prove quickly and clearly how new life and freedom from disease is to be found.

We have a message to-day for Canada's suffering thousands—words of comfort and cheer for those who are bowed down and crippled with disease. We have just received from a gentleman, well known in Lethbridge, Northwest Territories, a testimonial in favor of Paine's Celery Compound, which must impress every reader of this paper with the magnificent and marvellous powers of this king of medicines. Read the letter carefully, and if you have friends in similar distress (it matters not how bad their condition), speak to them about this cure and advise them to try Paine's Celery Compound. In this way you may be the means of saving some precious life.

Mr. M. E. Roy says:—

"Permit me to say a word in favor of your excellent preparation known as Paine's Celery Compound. I was taken sick last winter with inflammatory rheumatism; my case was a very bad one. First, their came red blotches on my arms and legs, and that would be followed by large swellings in the knees and arms. I was so bad for three months that I could not get out of bed without help. I was advised by Capt. Neal, of the Northwest Mounted Police, to try Paine's Celery Compound, which I did; and, after using four bottles, I was completely restored to health; and to-day I feel as well as I ever did. I can walk and attend to my business every day without any trouble.

I can cheerfully recommend your Compound to any sufferer from rheumatism, as I am confident it will cure.

M. E. ROY."

UPHELD

SUNLIGHT

Continues to rank an **Easy First** among the Laundry and Household Soaps of the World.

Used according to directions, it does away with all the old-fashioned drudgery of wash day. Try it and convince yourself.

Here's a "pointer," and it is true:—One tablet of **"SUNLIGHT"** Soap will do twice the work in half the time of two bars of ordinary soap, besides saving the cost of washing powders, and proventing injury to the clothes and hands.

It pays to use **"Sunlight."**

* * * * * *

WORKS: PT. SUNLIGHT NEAR BIRKENHEAD — LEVER BROS., LTD. TORONTO

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

CASTLE & SON MEMORIALS AND LEADED GLASS

CHURCH BELLS—TUBULAR CHIMES AND BELLS

CHURCH FURNITURE MEMORIAL BRASSES FONTS LECTERNS

ADDRESS, MONTREAL

Represented in Victoria by my23-1y J.W. RICHARDS, 39 Govt. St.

WONDER IN WELLAND!

A Representative Farmer Speaks.

MR. C. C. HAUN.

The following remarkable facts are fully certified to as being undeniably correct in every particular. Mr. Haun is well known in the vicinity, having resided here over fifty years, and is highly respected as a man of the strictest honor, whose word is as good as his bond.

As will be seen from his letter, four physicians had attended him, and it was only after he had given up hope of cure that he decided to try Burdock Blood Bitters on the recommendation of a neighbor who had been cured of a similar disease by its use. Mr. Haun writes as follows:

DEAR SIRS,—I think I have been one of the worst sufferers you have yet heard of, having been six years in the hands of four of our best doctors without obtaining permanent relief, but continually growing worse, until almost beyond hope of recovery. I tried your Bitters and got relief in a few days. Every organ of my body was deranged, the liver enlarged, hardened and torpid, the heart and digestive organs seriously deranged, a large abscess in my back, followed by paralysis of the right leg, in fact the lower half of my body was entirely useless. After using Burdock Blood Bitters for a few days the abscess burst, discharging fully five quarts of pus in two hours. I felt as if I had received a shock from a powerful battery. My recovery after this was steady and the cure permanent, seeing that for the four years since I have had as good health as ever I had. I still take an occasional bottle, not that I need it but because I wish to keep my system in perfect working order. I can think of no more remarkable case than what I have myself passed through, and no words can express my thankfulness for such perfect recovery.

C. C. HAUN,
Welland P.O.

In this connection the following letter from T. Cumines, Esq., a leading druggist of Welland, Ont., speaks for itself:

Messrs. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto.

GENTLEMEN,—I have been personally acquainted with Mr. C. C. Haun for the last 20 years, and have always found him a very reliable man. You may place the utmost confidence in anything he says with regard to your medicine. He has on many occasions within the last four years told me that it was marvellous the way the Burdock Blood Bitters had cured him, and that he now felt as able to do a day's work as he ever felt in his life. Although quite well he still takes some B. B. B. occasionally, as he says, to keep him in perfect health.

Yours truly,
THOMAS CUMINES,
Welland, Ont.

The steadily increasing sale of B. B. B., the length of time it has been before the people, and the fact that it cures to stay cured, attest the sterling merit of this monarch of medicines, the people's favorite blood purifier, tonic and regulator.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 16.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, April 29th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Fri., Sat. and Sun.	Miles from Wellington.
	SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.		
VICTORIA	Ar. 12.45 P M	Ar. 8.30 P M	78
RUSSELLS	" 12.30 "	" 7.56 "	71
GOLDSTREAM	" 11.45 A M	" 7.38 "	66
SUMMIT SIDING	11.10 "	" 7.09 "	60
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	10.50 "	" 6.57 "	57
COBBLE HILL	10.40 "	" 6.47 "	54
McPHERSON'S	10.27 "	" 6.15 "	49
KOKSILAH	10.17 "	6.05 "	46
DUNCANS	10.02 "	5.50 "	39
CHEMAINUS	9.36 "	5.22 "	33
OYSTER BAY SIDING	9.15 "	5.05 "	29
NANAIMO	Dp. 8.34 "	Dp. 4.24 "	19
WELLINGTON	Ar. 8.25 "	Ar. 4.15 "	6
	Dp. 8.10 "	Dp. 4.00 "	

STATIONS.	No. 4 Passenger Fri., Sat. and Sun.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	Miles from Victoria.
	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.		
VICTORIA	Dp. 3.45 P M	Dp. 8.00 A M	
RUSSELLS	" 3.58 "	" 8.14 "	7
GOLDSTREAM	" 4.16 "	" 8.29 "	11
SUMMIT SIDING	" 4.36 "	" 8.44 "	18
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	" 4.55 "	" 8.57 "	22
COBBLE HILL	" 5.07 "	" 9.07 "	25
McPHERSON'S	" 5.17 "	" 9.17 "	28
KOKSILAH	" 5.30 "	" 9.30 "	32
DUNCANS	" 5.44 "	" 9.44 "	39
CHEMAINUS	" 6.14 "	" 10.15 "	45
OYSTER BAY SIDING	" 6.32 "	" 10.33 "	49
NANAIMO	" 6.49 "	" 10.48 "	53
WELLINGTON	Dp. 7.00 "	Dp. 11.00 "	59
	Ar. 7.15 "	Ar. 11.15 "	73
		Dp. 11.20 "	78
		Ar. 12.45 P M	
		Dp. 2.00 "	
		Ar. 6.30 "	

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Puget Sound and Alaska Steamship Co.

TIME CARD.

VICTORIA ROUTE.

STEAMSHIP CITY OF KINGSTON

8:00 a.m	*Lv	Tacoma	Ar	5:15 a.m.
10:15 a.m	Lv	Seattle	Lv	3:00 a.m.
1:30 p.m	Lv	Pt Townsend	Lv	11:45 p.m.
4:30 p.m	Ar	Victoria	Lv	8:30 p.m.

PORT TOWNSEND (MAIL) ROUTE.

11:00 p.m	*Lv	Seattle	Ar	3:00 p.m.
12:30 a.m	Lv	Pt Madison	Lv	2:10 p.m.
.....	Lv	Kingston	Lv	.....
3:00 a.m	Lv	Pt Gamble	Lv	11:00 a.m.
4:00 a.m	Lv	Pt Ludlow	Lv	10:00 a.m.
6:00 a.m	Ar	Pt Townsend	Lv	8:00 a.m.

SNOHOMISH RIVER ROUTE.

7:00 a.m	*Lv	Seattle	Ar	2:00 p.m.
8:45 a.m	Lv	Edmonds	Lv	12:20 p.m.
10:30 a.m	Lv	Mukilteo	Lv	10:45 a.m.
11:00 a.m	Lv	Everett	Lv	9:45 a.m.
12:00 m	Lv	Marysville	Lv	9:30 a.m.
2:00 p.m	Lv	Lowell	Lv	8:00 a.m.
3:00 p.m	Ar	Snohomish	Lv†	7:00 a.m.

*Daily except Sunday. ‡Daily except Saturday
‡Daily except Monday.

Snohomish River steamer leaves Tacoma, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 6:00 p.m.

Steamer City of Kingston makes close connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

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TIME TABLE No. 17,

Taking effect April 1, 1892.

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Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Luin Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C. P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

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YAMHILL, OREGON.

THE SCARLET LETTER.

By NATHANIEL HAWTHORNE.

CHAPTER I.

THE MARKET PLACE.

* * * The grass plot before the jail, in Prison lane, on a certain summer morning not less than two centuries ago, was occupied by a pretty large number of the inhabitants of Boston, all with their eyes intently fastened on the iron clamped oaken door. Among any other population, or at a later period in the history of New England, the grim rigidity that petrified the bearded physiognomies of these good people would have augured some awful business in hand. It could have betokened nothing short of the anticipated execution of some noted culprit, on whom the sentence of a legal tribunal had but confirmed the verdict of public sentiment. But in that early severity of the Puritan character an inference of this kind could not so indubitably be drawn. It might be that a sluggish bond servant, or an undutiful child, whom his parents had given over to the civil authority, was to be corrected at the whipping post.

It might be that an Antinomian, a Quaker or other heterodox religionist was to be scourged out of the town, or an idle and vagrant Indian, whom the white man's fire water had made riotous about the streets, was to be driven with stripes into the shadow of the forest. It might be, too, that a witch, like old Mistress Hibbins, the bitter tempered widow of the magistrate, was to die upon the gallows. In either case, there was very much the same solemnity of demeanor on the part of the spectators; as befitted a people among whom religion and law were almost identical, and in whose character both were so thoroughly interfused that the mildest and severest acts of public discipline were alike made venerable and awful. Meager, indeed, and cold was the sympathy that a transgressor might look for, from such bystanders, at the scaffold. On the other hand, a penalty, which in our days would infer a degree of mocking infamy and ridicule, might then be invested with almost as stern a dignity as the punishment of death itself.

It was a circumstance to be noted, on the summer morning when our story begins its course, that the women, of whom there were several in the crowd, appeared to take a peculiar interest in whatever penal infliction might be expected to ensue. The age had not so much refinement that any sense of impropriety restrained the wearers of petticoat and farthingale from stepping forth into the public ways and wedging their not unsubstantial persons, if occasion were, into the throng nearest to the scaffold of an execution. Morally as well as materially, there was a coarser fiber in those wives and maidens of old English birth and breeding than in their fair descendants, separated from them by a series of six or seven generations; for throughout that chain of ancestry every successive mother has transmitted to her child a fainter bloom, a more delicate and briefer beauty and a slighter physical frame, if not a character of less force and solidity than her own.

The women who are now standing about the prison door stood within less than half a century of the period when the manlike Elizabeth had been the not altogether unsuitable representative of the sex. They were her countrywomen; and the beef and ale of their native land, with a moral diet not a whit more refined, entered largely into their composition. The bright morning sun therefore shone on broad shoulders and well developed busts and on round and ruddy cheeks that had ripened in the far off island, and had hardly yet grown paler or thinner in the atmosphere of New England. There was moreover a boldness and rotundity of speech among these matrons, as most of them seemed to be, that would startle us at the present day, whether in respect to its purport or its volume of tone.

"Goodwives," said a hard featured dame of fifty, "I'll tell ye a piece of my mind. It would be greatly for the public behoof, if we women, being of mature age and church members in good repute, should have the handling of such malefactresses as this Hester Prynne. What think ye, gossips? If the hussy stood up for judgment before us five that are now here in a knot together, would she come off with such a sentence as the worshipful magistrates have awarded? Marry, I trow not!"

"People say," said another, "that the Reverend Mr. Dimmesdale, her godly pastor, takes it very grievously to heart that such a scandal should have come upon his congregation."

"The magistrates are Godfearing gentlemen, but merciful overmuch—that is a truth," added a third autumnal matron. "At the very least, they should have put the brand of a hot iron on Hester Prynne's forehead. Madam Hester would have winced at that, I warrant me. But she—the naughty baggage—little will she care what they put upon the bodice of her gown! Why, look you, she may cover it with a brooch or such like heathenish adornment and so walk the streets as brave as ever!"

"Ah, but," interposed more softly a young wife, holding a child by the hand, "let her cover the mark as she will, the pang of it will be always in her heart."

"What do we talk of marks and brands, whether on the bodice of her gown or the flesh of her forehead?" cried another female, the ugliest as well as the most pitiless of these self constituted judges. "This woman has brought shame upon us all and ought to die. Is there not law for it? Truly, there is, both in the Scripture and the statute book. Then let the magistrates, who have made it of no effect, thank themselves if their own wives and daughters go astray!"

"Mercy on us, goodwife," exclaimed a man in the crowd, "is there no virtue in woman save what springs from a wholesome fear of the gallows? That is the hardest word yet! Hush, now, gossips! for the lock is turning in the prison door, and here comes Mistress Prynne herself."

The door of the jail being flung wide open from within, there appeared, in the first place, like a black shadow emerging into sunshine, the grim and grizzly presence of the town beadle, with a sword by his side and his staff of office in his hand. This personage prefigured and represented in his aspect the whole dismal severity of the Puritanic code of law, which it was his business to administer in its final and closest application to the offender. Stretching forth the official staff in his left hand, he laid his right upon the shoulder of a young woman, whom he thus drew forward until, on the threshold of the prison door, she repelled him by an action marked with natural dignity and force of character and stepped into the open air, as if by her own free will. She bore in her arms a child, a baby of some three months old, who winked and turned aside its little face from the too vivid light of day, because its existence heretofore had brought it acquainted only with the gray twilight of a dungeon or other darksome apartment of the prison.

When the young woman—the mother of this child—stood fully revealed before the crowd, it seemed to be her first impulse to clasp the infant closely to her bosom; not so much by an impulse of motherly affection, as that she might thereby conceal a certain token which was wrought or fastened into her dress. In a moment, however, wisely judging that one token of her shame would but poorly serve to hide another, she took the baby on her arm, and with a burning blush and yet a haughty smile, and a glance that would not be abashed, looked around at her townspeople and neighbors. On the breast of her gown, in fine red cloth, surrounded with an elaborate embroidery and fantastic flourishes of gold thread, appeared the letter A. It was so artistically done, and with so much fertility and gorgeous luxuriance of fancy, that it had all the effect of a last and fitting decoration to the apparel which she wore, and which was of a splendor in accordance with the taste of the age, but greatly beyond what was allowed by the sumptuary regulations of the colony.

The young woman was tall, with a figure of perfect elegance on a large scale. She had dark and abundant hair, so glossy that it threw off the sunshine with a gleam and a face which, besides being beautiful from regularity of feature and richness of complexion, had the impressiveness belonging to a marked brow and deep black eyes. She was ladylike, too, after the manner of the feminine gentility of those days; characterized by a certain state and dignity, rather than by the delicate, evanescent and indescribable grace which is now recognized as its indication. And never had Hester Prynne appeared more ladylike, in the antique interpretation of the term, than as she issued from the prison. Those who had before known her, and had expected to behold her dimmed and obscured by a disastrous cloud, were astonished and even startled to perceive how her beauty shone out and made a halo of the misfortune and ignominy in which she was enveloped.

It may be true that, to a sensitive observer, there was something exquisitely painful in it. Her attire, which, indeed, she had wrought for the occasion, in prison, and had modeled much after her own fancy, seemed to express the attitude of her spirit, the desperate recklessness of her mood, by its wild and picturesque peculiarity. But the point which drew all eyes, and, as it were, transfigured the wearer—so that both men and women who had been familiarly acquainted with Hester Prynne were now impressed as if they beheld her for the first time—was that scarlet letter, so fantastically embroidered and illuminated upon her bosom. It had the effect of a spell, taking her out of the ordinary relations with humanity and inclosing her in a sphere by herself.

"She had good skill at her needle, that's certain," remarked one of her female spectators; "but did ever a woman, before this brazen huzzy, contrive such a way of showing it? Why, gossips, what is it but to laugh in the faces of our godly magistrates, and make a pride out of what they, worthy gentlemen, meant for a punishment?"

"It were well," muttered the most iron visaged of the old dames, "if we stripped Madam Hester's rich gown off her dainty shoulders; and as for the red letter, which she hath stitched so curiously, I'll bestow a rag of mine own rheumatic flannel to make a fitter one!"

"Oh, peace, neighbors, peace!" whispered their youngest companion; "do not let her hear you! Not a stitch in that embroidered letter, but she has felt it in her heart."

The grim beadle now made a gesture with his staff.

"Make way, good people, make way, in the king's name!" cried he. "Open a passage, and, I promise ye, Mistress Prynne shall be set where man, woman and child may have a fair sight of her brave apparel, from this time till an hour past meridian. A blessing on the righteous colony of the Massachusetts, where iniquity is dragged out into the sunshine! Come along Madam Hester, and show your scarlet letter in the market place!"

A lane was forthwith opened through the crowd of spectators. Preceded by the beadle and attended by an irregular procession of stern browed men and unkindly visaged women, Hester Prynne set forth toward the place appointed for her punishment. A crowd of eager and curious schoolboys, understanding little of the matter in hand, except that it gave them a holiday, ran before her progress, turning their heads continually to stare into her face and at the winking baby in her arms, and at the ignominious letter on her breast.

It was no great distance in those days from the prison door to the market place. Measured by the prisoner's experience, however, it might be reckoned a journey of some length, for, haughty as her demeanor was, she perchance underwent an agony from every footstep of those that thronged to see her, as if her heart had been flung into the street for them all to spurn and trample upon. In our nature, however, there is a provision, alike marvelous and merciful, that the sufferer should never know the intensity of what he endures by its present torture, but chiefly by the pang that rankles after it. With almost a serene deportment, therefore, Hester Prynne passed through this portion of her ordeal, and came to a sort of scaffold at the western extremity of the market place. It stood nearly beneath the eaves of Boston's earliest church and appeared to be a fixture there.

In fact this scaffold constituted a portion of a penal machine, which now, for two or three generations past, has been merely historical and traditionary among us, but was held in the old time to be as effectual an agent in the promotion of good citizenship as ever was the guillotine among the terrorists of France. It was, in short, the platform of the pillory, and above it rose the framework of that instrument of discipline, so fashioned as to confine the human head in its tight grasp, and thus hold it up to the public gaze. The very ideal of ignominy was embodied and made manifest in this contrivance of wood and iron. There can be no outrage, methinks, against our common nature—whatever be the delinquencies of the individual—no outrage more flagrant than to forbid the culprit to hide his face for shame, as it was the essence of this punishment to do.

In Hester Prynne's instance, however, as not unfrequently in other cases, her sentence bore that she should stand a certain time upon the platform, but without undergoing that gripe about the neck and confinement of the head, the proneness to which was the most devilish characteristic of this ugly engine. Knowing well her part, she ascended a flight of wooden steps, and was thus displayed to the surrounding multitude, at about the height of a man's shoulders above the street. * * * The unhappy culprit sustained herself as best a woman might, under the heavy weight of a thousand unrelenting eyes, all fastened upon her, and concentrated at her bosom. It was almost intolerable to be borne.

Of an impulsive and passionate nature, she had fortified herself to encounter the stings and venomous stabs of public contumely, wreaking itself in every variety of insult; but there was a quality so much more terrible in the solemn mood of the popular mind that she longed rather to behold all those rigid countenances contorted with scornful merriment and herself the object. Had a roar of laughter burst from the multitude—each man, each woman, each little shrill voiced child contributing their individual parts—Hester Prynne might have repaid them all with a bitter and disdainful smile. But, under the leaden infliction which it was her doom to endure, she felt at moments as if she must needs shriek out with the full power of her lungs and cast herself from the scaffold down upon the ground, or else go mad at once.

Yet there were intervals when the whole scene, in which she was the most conspicuous object, seemed to vanish from her eyes or, at least, glimmered indistinctly before them like a mass of imperfectly shaped and spectral images. Her mind, and especially her memory, was preternaturally active and kept bringing up other scenes than this roughly hewn street of a little town on the edge of the western wilderness; other faces than were lowering upon her from beneath the brims of those steeple crowned hats. Reminiscences the most trifling and immaterial, passages of infancy and school days, sports, childish quarrels and the little domestic traits of her maiden years came swarming back upon her, intermingled with recollections of whatever was gravest in her subsequent life; one picture precisely as vivid as another, as if all were of similar importance or all alike a play. Possibly it was an instinctive device of her spirit to relieve itself by the exhibition of these phantasmagoric forms from the cruel weight and hardness of the reality. * * *

Lastly, in lieu of these shifting scenes, came back the rude market place of the Puritan settlement, with all the townspeople assembled and leveling their stern regards at Hester Prynne—yes, at herself—who stood on the scaffold of the pillory, an infant on her arm and the letter A, in scarlet, fantastically embroidered with gold thread, upon her bosom.

Could it be true? She clutched the child so fiercely to her breast that it sent forth a cry; she turned her eyes downward at the scarlet letter, and even touched it with her finger to assure herself that the infant and the shame were real. Yes!—these were her realities—all else had vanished!

CHAPTER II.

THE RECOGNITION.

From this intense consciousness of being the object of severe and universal observation, the wearer of the scarlet letter was at length relieved by discerning on the outskirts of the crowd a figure which irresistibly took possession of her thoughts. An Indian, in his native garb, was standing there; but the red men were not so infrequent visitors of the English settlements that one of them would have attracted any notice from Hester Prynne at such a time, much less would he have excluded all other objects and ideas from her mind. By the Indian's side and evidently sustaining a companionship with him stood a white man, clad in a strange disarray of civilized and savage costume.

He was small in stature, with a furrowed visage, which as yet could hardly be termed aged. There was a remarkable intelligence in his features, as of a person who had so cultivated his mental part that it could not fail to mold the physical to itself, and become manifest by unmistakable tokens. Although, by a seemingly careless arrangement of his heterogeneous garb, he had endeavored to conceal or abate the peculiarity, it was sufficiently evident to Hester Prynne that one of this man's shoulders rose higher than the other. Again, at the first instant of perceiving that thin visage, and the slight deformity of the figure, she pressed her infant to her bosom with so convulsive a force that the poor babe uttered another cry of pain. But the mother did not seem to hear it.

At his arrival in the market place, and some time before she saw him, the stranger had bent his eyes on Hester Prynne. It was carelessly at first, like a man chiefly accustomed to look inward and to whom external matters are of little value and import unless they bear relation to something within his mind. Very soon, however, his look became keen and penetrating. A writhing horror twisted itself across his features, like a snake gliding swiftly over them and making one little pause, with all its wreathed intervolutions in open sight. His face darkened with some powerful emotion, which nevertheless he so instantaneously controlled by an effort of his will that save at a single moment its expression might have passed for calmness. After a brief space the convulsion grew almost imperceptible and finally subsided into the depths of his nature. When he found the eyes of Hester Prynne fastened on his own and saw that she appeared to recognize him, he slowly and calmly raised his finger, made a gesture with it in the air and laid it on his lips.

Then, touching the shoulder of a townsman who stood next to him, he addressed him in a formal and courteous manner.

"I pray you, good sir," said he, "who is this woman—and wherefore is she here set up to public shame?"

"You must needs be a stranger in this region, friend," answered the townsman, looking curiously at the questioner and his savage companion, "else you would surely have heard of Mistress Hester Prynne and her evil doings. She hath raised a great scandal, I promise you, in godly Master Dimmesdale's church."

"You say truly," replied the other. "I am a stranger and have been a wanderer sorely against my will. I have met with grievous mishaps by sea and land, and have been long held in bonds among the heathen folk to the southward, and am now brought hither by this Indian to be redeemed out of my captivity. Will it please you, therefore, to tell me of Hester Prynne's—have I her name rightly—of this woman's offenses and what has brought her to yonder scaffold?"

"Truly, friend, and methinks it must gladden your heart, after your troubles and sojourn in the wilderness," said the townsman, "to find yourself at length in a land where iniquity is searched out and punished in the sight of rulers and people, as here in our godly New England. Yonder woman, sir, you must know, was the wife of a certain learned man, English by birth, but who had long dwelt in Amsterdam, whence, some good time agone, he was minded to cross over and cast in his lot with us of the Massachusetts. To this purpose he sent his wife before him, remaining himself to look after some necessary affairs. Marry, good sir, in some two years or less, that the woman has been a dweller here in Boston, no tidings have come of this learned gentleman, Master Prynne, and his young wife, look you, being left to her own misguidance"——

"Ah!—aha!—I conceive you," said the stranger, with a bitter smile. "So learned a man as you speak of should have learned this, too, in his books. And who, by your favor, sir, may be the father of yonder babe—it is some three or four months old, I should judge—which Mistress Prynne is holding in her arms?"

"Of a truth, friend, that matter remaineth a riddle; and the Daniel who shall expound it is yet a-wanting," answered the townsman. "Madam Hester absolutely refuseth to speak, and the magistrates have laid their heads together in vain. Peradventure, the guilty one stands looking on at this sad spectacle, unknown of man, and forgetting that God sees him."

"The learned man," observed the stranger, with another smile, "should come himself to look into the mystery."

"It behooves him well, if he be still in life," responded the townsman. "Now, good sir, our Massachusetts magistracy, bethinking themselves that this woman is youthful and fair, and doubtless was strongly tempted to her fall, and that, moreover, as is most likely, her husband may be at the bottom of the sea, they have not been bold to put in force the extremity of our righteous law against her. The penalty thereof is death. But in their great mercy and tenderness of heart they have doomed Mistress Prynne to stand only a space of three hours on the platform of the pillory and then and thereafter, for the remainder of her natural life, to wear a mark of shame upon her bosom."

"A wise sentence," remarked the stranger, gravely bowing his head. "Thus she will be a living sermon against sin until the ignominious letter be engraved upon her tombstone. It irks me, nevertheless, that the partner of her iniquity should not, at least, stand on the scaffold by her side. But he will be known—he will be known—he will be known!"

He bowed courteously to the communicative townsman and, whispering a few words to his Indian attendant, they both made their way through the crowd.

While this passed, Hester Prynne had been standing on her pedestal still with a fixed gaze toward the stranger; so fixed a gaze that at moments of intense absorption all other objects in the visible world seemed to vanish, leaving only him and her. Such an interview perhaps would have been more terrible than even to meet him as she now did, with the hot, midday sun burning down upon her face and lighting up its shame; with the scarlet token of infamy on her breast; with the sin born infant in her arms; with a whole people, drawn forth as to a festival, staring at the features that should have been seen only in the quiet gleam of the fireside, in the happy shadow of a home or beneath a matronly veil at church. Dreadful as it was, she was conscious of a shelter in the presence of these thousand witnesses. It was better to stand thus, with so many betwixt him and her, than to greet him face to face, they two alone. She fled for refuge, as it were, to the public exposure, and dreaded the moment when its protection should be withdrawn from her. Involved in these thoughts, she scarcely heard a voice behind her until it had repeated her name more than once in a loud and solemn tone, audible to the whole multitude.

"Hearken unto me, Hester Prynne!" said the voice.

It has already been noticed that directly over the platform on which Hester Prynne stood was a kind of balcony or open gallery appended to the meeting house. It was the place whence proclamations were wont to be made, amid an assemblage of the magistracy, with all the ceremonial that attended such public observances in those days. Here, to witness the scene which we are describing, sat Governor Bellingham himself, with four sergeants about his chair, bearing halberds, as a guard of honor. He wore a dark feather in his hat, a border of embroidery on his cloak and a black velvet tunic beneath—a gentleman advanced in years with a hard experience written in his wrinkles. He was not ill fitted to be the head and representative of a community which owed its origin and progress and its present state of development, not to the impulses of youth, but to the stern and tempered energies of manhood and the somber sagacity of age, accomplishing so much precisely because it imagined and hoped so little.

The other eminent characters, by whom the chief ruler was surrounded, were distinguished by a dignity of mien, belonging to a period when the forms of authority were felt to possess the sacredness of divine institutions. They were, doubtless, good men, just and sage. But, out of the whole human family, it would not have been easy to select the same number of wise and virtuous persons who should be less capable of sitting in judgment on an erring woman's heart and disentangling its mesh of good and evil than the sages of rigid aspect toward whom Hester Prynne now turned her face. She seemed conscious, indeed, that whatever sympathy she might expect lay in the larger and warmer heart of the multitude; for as she lifted her eyes toward the balcony the unhappy woman grew pale and trembled.

The voice which had called her attention was that of the reverend and famous John Wilson, the eldest clergyman of Boston, a great scholar, like most of his contemporaries in the profession, and withal a man of kind and genial spirit. This last attribute, however, had been less carefully developed than his intellectual gifts, and was, in truth, rather a matter of shame than self congratulation with him. There he stood, with a border of grizzled locks beneath his skull cap; while his gray eyes, accustomed to the shaded light of his study, were winking, like those of Hester's infant, in the unadulterated sunshine. He looked like the darkly engraved portraits which we see prefixed to old volumes of sermons, and had no more right than one of those portraits would have to step forth, as he now did, and meddle with a question of human guilt, passion and anguish.

"Hester Prynne," said the clergyman, "I have striven with my young brother here, under whose preaching of the word you have been privileged to sit"—Here Mr. Wilson laid his hand on the shoulder of a pale young man beside him. "I have sought, I say, to persuade this godly youth that he should deal with you here in the face of heaven and before these wise and upright rulers and in hearing of all the people as touching the vileness and blackness of your sin. Knowing your natural temper better than I, he could better judge what arguments to use, whether of tenderness or terror, such as might prevail over your hardness and obstinacy, insomuch that you should no longer hide the name of him who tempted you to this grievous fall. But he opposes to me (with a young man's oversoftness, albeit wise beyond his years) that it were wronging the very nature of woman to force her to lay open her heart's secrets in such broad daylight and in the presence of so great a multitude. Truly, as I sought to convince him, the shame lay in the commission of the sin, and not in the showing of it forth. What say you to it once again, Brother Dimmesdale? Must it be thou or I that shall deal with this poor sinner's soul?"

There was a murmur among the dignified and reverend occupants of the balcony, and Governor Bellingham gave expression to its purport, speaking in an authoritative voice, although tempered with respect toward the youthful clergyman whom he addressed.

"Good Master Dimmesdale," said he, "the responsibility of this woman's soul lies greatly with you. It behooves you, therefore, to exhort her to repentance and to confession as a proof and consequence thereof."

The directness of this appeal drew the eyes of the whole crowd upon the Reverend Mr. Dimmesdale, a young clergyman who had come from one of the great English universities, bringing all the learning of the age into our wild forest land. His eloquence and religious fervor had already given the earnest of high eminence in his profession. He was a person of very striking aspect, with a white, lofty and impending brow, large, brown, melancholy eyes, and a mouth which, unless when he forcibly compressed it, was apt to be tremulous, expressing both nervous sensibility and a vast power of self restraint.

Notwithstanding his high native gifts and scholarlike attainments there was an air about this young minister—an apprehensive, a startled, a half frightened look—as of a being who felt himself quite astray and at a loss in the pathway of human existence, and could only be at ease in some seclusion of his own. Therefore, so far as his duties would permit, he trod in the shadowy bypaths and thus kept himself simple and childlike, coming forth, when occasion was, with a freshness and fragrance and dewy purity of thought which, as many people said, affected them like the speech of an angel.

Such was the young man whom the Reverend Mr. Wilson and the governor had introduced so openly to the public notice, bidding him speak in the hearing of all men to that mystery of a woman's soul, so sacred even in its pollution. The trying nature of his position drove the blood from his cheek and made his lips tremulous.

"Speak to the woman, my brother," said Mr. Wilson. "It is of moment to her soul, and therefore, as the worshipful governor says, momentous to thine own, in whose charge hers is. Exhort her to confess the truth!"

The Reverend Mr. Dimmesdale bent his head in silent prayer, as it seemed, and then came forward.

"Hester Prynne," said he, leaning over the balcony and looking down steadfastly into her eyes, "thou hearest what this good man says and seest the accountability under which I labor. If thou feelest it to be for thy soul's peace, and that thy earthly punishment will thereby be made more effectual to salvation, I charge thee to speak out the name of thy fellow sinner and fellow sufferer! Be not silent from any mistaken pity and tenderness for him; for, believe me, Hester, though he were to step down from a high place and stand there beside thee on thy pedestal of shame, yet better were it so than to hide a guilty heart through life. What can thy silence do for him, except it tempt him—yea, compel him, as it were—to add hypocrisy to sin? Heaven hath granted thee an open ignominy, that thereby thou mayest work out an open triumph over the evil within thee and the sorrow without. Take heed how thou deniest to him—who perchance hath not the courage to grasp it for himself—the bitter but wholesome cup that is now presented to thy lips!"

The young pastor's voice was tremulously sweet, rich, deep and broken. The feeling that it so evidently manifested, rather than the direct purport of the words, caused it to vibrate within all hearts, and brought the listeners into one accord of sympathy. Even the poor baby at Hester's bosom was affected by the same influence, for it directed its hitherto vacant gaze toward Mr. Dimmesdale and held up its little arms with a half pleased, half plaintive murmur. So powerful seemed the minister's appeal that the people could not believe but that Hester Prynne would speak out the guilty name, or else that the guilty one himself, in whatever high or lowly place he stood, would be drawn forth by an inward and inevitable necessity, and compelled to ascend the scaffold.

Hester shook her head.

"Woman, transgress not beyond the limits of heaven's mercy!" cried the Reverend Mr. Wilson more harshly than before. "That little babe hath been gifted with a voice to second and confirm the counsel which thou hast heard. Speak out the name! That and thy repentance may avail to take the scarlet letter off thy breast."

"Never!" replied Hester Prynne, looking not at Mr. Wilson, but into the deep and troubled eyes of the younger clergyman. "It is too deeply branded. Ye cannot take it off. And would that I might endure his agony as well as mine!"

"Speak, woman!" said another voice coldly and sternly, proceeding from the crowd about the scaffold. "Speak, and give your child a father!"

"I will not speak!" answered Hester, turning pale as death, but responding to this voice, which she too surely recognized. "And my child must seek a heavenly father; she shall never know an earthly one!"

"She will not speak!" murmured Mr. Dimmesdale, who, leaning over the balcony with his hand upon his heart, had awaited the result of his appeal. He now drew back with a long respiration. "Wondrous strength and generosity of a woman's heart! She will not speak!"

Discerning the impracticable state of the poor culprit's mind the elder clergyman, who had carefully prepared himself for the occasion, addressed to the multitude a discourse on sin in all its branches, but with continual reference to the ignominious letter. So forcibly did he dwell upon this symbol for the hour or more during which his periods were rolling over the people's heads that it assumed new terrors in their imagination, and seemed to derive its scarlet hue from the flames of the infernal pit.

Hester Prynne, meanwhile, kept her place upon the pedestal of shame, with glazed eyes and an air of weary indifference. She had borne that morning all that nature could endure, and as her temperament was not of the order that escapes from too intense suffering by a swoon, her spirit could only shelter itself beneath a stony crust of insensibility, while the faculties of animal life remained entire. In this state the voice of the preacher thundered remorselessly, but unavailingly, upon her ears. The infant, during the latter portion of her ordeal, pierced the air with its wailings and screams; she strove to hush it, mechanically, but seemed scarcely to sympathize with its trouble. With the same hard demeanor, she was led back to prison, and vanished from the public gaze within its iron clamped portal. It was whispered by those who peered after her that the scarlet letter threw a lurid gleam along the dark passageway of the interior.

(To be Continued.)

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